The Irish Times.

PRICE 1½d. (SATURDAYS 2d.) DUBLIN, TUESDAY, JULY 30, 1918. VOL. LX. NO.—19,146.

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Births, Marriages, and Deaths (which in all cases must be authenticated), 3 lines, 20 words, 2/6; each additional line of 7 words, 8d.

The Government has decided that Obituary Notices of fallen soldiers sent to the Press by relatives or friends shall, under certain circumstances, give no particulars either of the theatre of war in which a casualty occurred or of the battalion to which the officer, non-commissioned officer, or private belonged.

ROLL OF HONOUR.

ROSSINGTON BARNETT—July 24, 1918, in flying accident, Lieutenant J. Rossington Barnett, R.A.F., eldest son of William and Agnes Rossington Barnett, 30 Leeson Park av., Dublin, aged 19. R.I.P.

IN MEMORIAM.

McSORLEY—In loving memory of our dearly beloved son and brother, Andrew John McSorley, who was killed in action, at the Dardanelles, on the 30th of July, 1915.

What happy hours we once enjoyed,
How sweet his memory still;
But he has left a vacant place
This world can never fill.

Inserted by his parents, brothers, and sisters.—6 McAlpine st., Glasgow.

BIRTHS.

DUNLOP—July 26, 1918, at 3 Upper Prince Edward tce., Blackrock, the wife of Robert Alexander Dunlop, Barrister-at-Law, of a son.

SHELLARD—July 28, 1918, at Denmark House, Leeson st., the wife of T. V. Shellard, of a son.

TRUEMAN—July 27, 1918, at 69 Richmond rd., Drumcondra, the wife of John A. Trueman, a son.

MARRIAGES.

ENGLAND and HACKETT—July 24, 1918, at [illegible] Methodist Church, by Rev. W. B. Lumley (cousin of the bride), Rev. John England, Methodist Minister, Athy, son of the late David England and Mrs. England, Portadown, to Mabel Eveline, fourth daughter of the late William S. Hackett, and Mrs. Hackett, "Ardlui," 73 Lindsay rd., Glasnevin.

FRANCIS and McCAULEY—July 15, 1918, at St. James's, Belfast, by the Rev. W. Armstrong Jones, M.A., David Alexander Francis, Baden Powell st., Belfast, and Sarah McCauley, 106 Dunluce av., Belfast.

MESSERVY and REESE—July 21, 1918, at Douglas, Co. Cork, by Rev. J. Gould, C.C., Major F. C. Messervy, M.C., R.F.A., to Violet Winifred, daughter of John Reese, Ballincurrig House, Cork.

SMYTH and WALTON—July 16, 1918, at Portland rd. United Free Church, Kilmarnock, by Rev. A. K. Walton (cousin of the bride), Henry Carson Smyth, L.R.C.P. and S.I., fourth son of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Smyth, Preston, Abbeyleix, to Janet Park Walton, M.B., Ch.B., Edin., daughter of the late Rev. J. G. Walton, B.D., Aberdeen, and the late Mrs. Walton, Edinburgh.

WALSH and HIGMAN—July 25, 1918, at St. George's Parish Church, Dublin, by the Rev. Fergus Greer, Rector, John Thomas Walsh, Corporal, R.A.M.C., only son of Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Walsh, of Darwen, Lancashire, to Jessie Edith Mary, Nursing Sister, S.A.A.B., youngest daughter of W. H. H. Higman (ex-Lieutenant and Quartermaster 10th Royal Dublin Fusiliers) and Mrs. Higman, 41 Cabra Park, Dublin.

DEATHS.

BAUDAINS—July 28, 1918, at Kingstown, Eleanor Florence, beloved wife of W. T. Baudains, R.F.A., and daughter of J. H. Webster (late Wexford). Funeral, Dean's Grange, to-morrow (Wednesday), 2 o'clock.

BEAUMONT NESBITT—July 27, 1918, at 126 Sloane st., London, S.W., Helen, beloved wife of E. J. Beaumont Nesbitt, of Tubberdaly, Edenderry.

BROWNE—July 26, 1918, Nellie, dearly-loved wife of E. J. Browne, 6 Morley Villas, Merrion, Dublin. Funeral private. No flowers, by request.

COGHLAN—July 28, 1918, at Steevens' Hospital, Thomas Coghlan, 19 Brighton av., Rathgar, dearly-loved husband of Annie L. Coghlan, and youngest son of the late John Coghlan, Ardee. [illegible] Funeral private. No flowers.

DEVINE—July 28, 1918, at his residence, 94 Meadow st., Manchester (late of Dublin), George Devine, to the inexpressible grief of his wife and family. R.I.P.

HAYES—July 29, 1918, at his home, Edmondstown Park, Rathfarnham, following an operation, William Hayes. "He went about doing good." Funeral private. No flowers.

O'SULLIVAN—July 27, 1918, at Rhaniskey, Hazelhatch, Elizabeth (Lily), youngest dearly-beloved daughter of the late Patrick O'Sullivan and Mrs. O'Sullivan, Rhaniskey, Hazelhatch. R.I.P. Funeral from Newcastle Rd. Church, after 9.30 Mass, to-day (Tuesday) for family burial ground, Glasnevin.

SMITH—July 27, 1918, at the Hardwicke Hospital, North Brunswick st., John J. Smith, late of St. [illegible], aged 45. Funeral strictly private.

TOLER AYLWARD—At Shankill Castle, Co. Kilkenny, Major J. C. Toler Aylward, D.L., son of the late Mr. Peter Toler, of [illegible], Co. Roscommon, aged 79. Funeral leaves Shankill for Gowran, 11 a.m., to-morrow (Wednesday).

IN MEMORIAM.

MUGGOE—In affectionate remembrance of my dear husband and comrade, Robert W. (Bob) Muggoe, called to rest July 30th, 1914.

ANNOUNCEMENTS received late for insertion in this column will be found on Page 2.

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ON SEEING THINGS THROUGH.

The will to see things through is worth a great deal: it is generally easier to begin a task than to carry it through to the desired end. Some people fail to complete their undertakings owing to a temporary slackening of physical energy. In such cases it is necessary to give immediate attention to the General Health. As a first step, care should be bestowed upon the digestion—the efficient working of which is of such paramount importance. If the stomach has lost tone, if the liver is sluggish, if the bowels are constipated or irregular, Beecham's Pills should be taken without delay. Success has attended treatment by this medicine, for so many years, and so remarkable have been the results, that Beecham's Pills can be recommended with the utmost confidence to all sufferers from digestive troubles. For energy and endurance—for the will to "win through"—Good Health is a supreme necessity. Good Health again depends so much upon Good Digestion that the wisdom of keeping the latter in order should be apparent to everybody. It is now generally recognised that this can be successfully accomplished by the judicious use of

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THE POPULAR PAPER among the men at the Front is the "WEEKLY IRISH TIMES." [illegible]

MISCELLANEOUS.

WARNING.
ROYAL ENFIELD BICYCLE, Number 215594, has been stolen. Police have been notified. Anyone finding please report to them.

LOANS on Reversions, Life Interest, Jointures, Ground Rents. Advances also granted, repayable over a term of years, and secured by sureties with Life Assurance.—DAVID DRIMMIE & SONS, Secs., English and Scottish Law Life Offices, 27 Nassau street, Dublin, and 5 Lombard street, Belfast. 'Phones—Dublin, 461; Belfast, 4257.

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SPECIAL NOTICE. The Café Cairo is now open until 10.30 p.m. The Cairo Orchestra, under Mr. A. P. Rafter, will play each evening. Supper Tables can be reserved by telephone 1949.—Café Cairo, Grafton street.

A SPECIAL SERVICE WATCH. Luminous Dial and Hands. Moderate Price. CHANCELLOR and SON, 7 Grafton street, Dublin.

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HOT SUPPERS from 9.0 p.m.
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SUMMER HOLIDAY NOTICE.
SMITH and PEARSON, LTD.,
NEWCOMEN IRONWORKS, DUBLIN,
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THERE'S A CHARM
In the Designs and Colours of
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Large Assortment in Stock.

TULLAMORE—The "Irish Times," the "Weekly Irish Times" and the "Irish Field" can be had immediately after the arrival of the trains from Mr. M. F. Gorcy, Harbour street.

SAFETY Razor Blades Re-sharpened, 1/- doz., all makes, post extra.—Thompson, Cutler, Nassau st.

MONEY—The Highest Advances to be obtained in Dublin on Jewellery, Silver Plate, Furniture, and Valuable Chattel Property of every description at the First-Class Money Office, 85 MARLBOROUGH STREET. 85.

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CARSON'S PAINTS—"Muraline," the Washable Water Paint.—22 Bachelor's Walk.

RABBIT SNARES, 3/- dozen; flax twines for rabbit netting.—Lanigan, 25 Eden quay, Dublin.

CARSON'S PAINTS. Special Paints for all Special Purposes.—22 Bachelor's Walk.

INCOME TAX—Claims, Super-Tax, Accounts.—Bourke, late Surveyor of Taxes, 74 Grafton street, Dublin.

GENTLEMAN, retiring from business, desires particulars of Residential Property for Sale, including good house and few hundred acres of land; must be absolutely freehold.—X 268, this office.

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IRISH TIMES, LTD.,
WESTMORELAND ST., DUBLIN. 'Phone 62.

LOST AND FOUND.

FOUND, in Howth, on 28th inst., Gloves.—X 1518, this office.

GOLD Watch—Lost in Portmarnock yesterday, Gentleman's Half Hunter, large monogram. Finder rewarded on returning to Moran's Hotel, Talbot street.

LOST, in Grafton st. or Stephen's Green, Aquamarine and Diamond Earring. Reward at West and Son, Grafton st. B

LOST, Saturday afternoon, between Dundrum and Grafton st., on Dartry tram, Lady's Gold Semi Hunter Watch, monogram "R. H." engraved back; good reward. Apply X 1264, this office.

LOST, 27th July, Gold Pearl Brooch, crescent shape, Pembroke district. Reward, 20 Clyde road.

LOST, in Phoenix Park, Saturday evening, Gold Stamped Wristlet Watch. Reward, 72 Russell avenue, Drumcondra.

LOST, Sunday, between corners Grafton and Harcourt sts., small Pearl and Brilliant Brooch. Reward, 135 Stephen's Green.

LOST, Monday, between Westmoreland st. and Lower Mount st., Purse, containing £5. Finder rewarded at 22 Lower Mount st.

LOST, Diamond Ring (single stone) on Saturday last, between Dalkey and Kingstown, probably on tram or on Inchicore tram. Reward Morton's, Jewellers, 48 Nassau st.

LOST, between Kingstown and Dalkey, or in tram, small round Gold Brooch; reward.—Fern Hill, Dalkey.

SITUATIONS VACANT & AGENCIES

ARMY SERVICE CORPS.
FORAGE DEPARTMENT.

Applications are invited for positions as DRIVERS of War Department Electrical Hydraulic Hay Pressing Machinery at Belfast and Dublin.

Applicants must have had experience of control of direct and alternating current motors and hydraulic pumps.

Apply, giving age, experience, and copies of testimonials, to

INSPECTOR OF MACHINERY,
A.A.O. Ireland,
Royal Hospital, Dublin.

ARMY SERVICE CORPS.
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Applications are invited for positions as FITTERS for carrying out Repairs and Superintending the running of War Department Electrical Hydraulic Hay Pressing Machinery at Belfast and Dublin.

Applicants must have a thorough knowledge of direct and alternating current machines and hydraulics.

Apply, giving age, experience, and copies of testimonials, to

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WHOLESALE CLOTHING FACTORY.
An experienced and capable MANAGER, fully qualified in the duties of Manufacturing required for the above. Apply X 1364, this office. C

BALLYMENA UNION.
The Board of Guardians Require FOUR ASSISTANT NURSES for the Temporary Nursing Staff at WAVENEY HOSPITAL, FEVER HOSPITAL, and UNION INFIRMARY. Salary will be paid at the rate of £35 a year, and Nurses will be provided with Rations and Apartments, and uniform. In addition, an allowance for uniform at the rate of £5 a year.

Application to be made on or before 3rd August, 1918, to

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BLACKBERRY AGENTS,
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Highest prices given to gatherers; also liberal remuneration to Agent.
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For fullest particulars apply
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AGENTS Wanted to Sell Profitable Goods of every kind. Catalogues free.—May, 153 George st., Birmingham. T

MOTOR CAR Repairs, Painting, Upholstering, ENGINE Overhauls by Expert Mechanics. HUTTON and SONS, DUBLIN.

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THE CAIRO ORCHESTRA TO-DAY,
AT 4 P.M.
PROGRAMME.

1.	March		Yankee Grit.
2.	Songs	A	Hills of Donegal.
		B	Roses of Picardy.
3.	Selection		Lily of Killarney.
4.	Egyptian Serenade		Amina.
5.	Selection		Carminetta.
6.	Valse		Medina.
7.	Overture		Poet and Peasant.
8.	Morceau		Pleading.
9.	Selection		Bubbly.
10.	Valse		La Premiere Fois.
11.	One Step		Thumbs Up.

THIS DAY ONLY THE CAIRO AFTERNOON AND EVENING ORCHESTRAS WILL PLAY EN MASSE.

The Programme will occupy about 2½ hours, and it is essential that Visitors be seated by 4 p.m. sharp.

SITUATIONS CONTINUED.

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ASSISTANT Manageress Wanted for hotel in Dublin; must be capable; age about 30, Protestant, Scotch experience preferred.—X 1488, this office. C

APPOINTMENTS for Ladies—There are at present hundreds of Appointments for Lady Clerks, but in the majority of cases a knowledge of Shorthand, Typewriting, Bookkeeping, and Office Routine is necessary. SKERRY'S SCHOOL OF COMMERCIAL TRAINING, 10 HARCOURT STREET, DUBLIN, will fit you for a position in the shortest possible time and at the minimum expense. Over 220 Commercial Appointments have been obtained by Lady Students of the School since January, 1917. Call, write, or 'phone 1938 A for Prospectus.

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BOOKKEEPER required; must have good experience and capable of taking charge of office; please state salary required, also enclose copies of references.—"Z 1188, Bookkeeper," this office. B

BOOKKEEPER and Cashier—Wanted, a young Lady for Drapery House, Midlands, [illegible]; state experience and salary; indoor.—"Z 1166, Bookkeeper," this office. B

CABINETMAKING—Wanted for provincial town, in Ireland, several first class Cabinetmakers; wages 50/- per week with bonuses; guaranteed regular work to suitable men; also several Improver Carpenters or Cabinetmakers; must have had three years' experience at either of the above Trades; splendid opportunity for ambitious young men to learn up to date methods; wages to start 25/- per week, with full payment extra for any work produced over and above the value of this amount. Apply immediately "Z 1340, Makers," this office. C

CASH Desk—Young Girl Wanted, used to cash register.—X 1566, this office. D

DESPATCH Clerk Required for Margarine Depot; state age, experience, wages required, and enclose copies of testimonials.—X 1258, this office. S

DRAPERY—Wanted, smart Junior Saleswoman, with knowledge of Millinery; send copies references, stating salary and full particulars; Protestant.—"Z 1383, Saleswoman," this office.

EASY SHORTHAND—Will you give half-hour a day and 1/6 per week to become a 120-words-per-minute shorthand writer? Dutton's Shorthand consists of 29 Characters, 6 rules. Its theory can be acquired in 24 hours. Send two stamps for first lesson.—Dutton's Business College, Desk [illegible], Skegness. T

ELECTRICAL and Mechanical Apprentice—good opening for well educated Youth; premium and particulars on application.—X 1599, this office. C

ENGINE Driver, Stoker, and 2 Helpers Wanted immediately.—"Z 1360, Driver," this office. D

FIRST class Fur Machinist Wanted immediately. Apply 108 Grafton st. B

FIRST Class Bookkeeper required by Dublin firm; male or female (latter preferred); wages £2 per week or more, according to qualifications.—X 1427, this office. D

FOREWOMAN for Calendar Room Wanted. Reply, with copies of references, stating age and wages expected, White Heather Laundry, South Circular road, Dublin. D

GIRL Wanted, Apprentice to Drapery, Millinery, Protestant, country town, small salary, indoor. Apply "Z 1163, Girl," this office. B

GROCER'S Assistant, Male, Protestant, Wanted, North, Grocery and Provision; experienced; send stamped envelope.—Grocers' Agency, Johnston's court.

GROCER'S Assistant, Male, Protestant, Wanted, North, Grocery and Provision; experienced; send stamped envelope.—Grocers' Agency, Johnston's court.

GROCERY—Respectable Protestant Boy Wanted; (be outdoor); give copy reference.—X 1565, this office.

GROCERY and Provision Business—Wanted immediately, Senior Assistant, Galway; state age, experience, salary.—"Z 1361, Assistant," this office. E

HOTEL—Young Lady required for Stores and assist generally. Send copies Grand Hotel, Greystones. B

HARDWARE, Furniture, Cycles—Wanted, Assistant; state experience, age, and salary (indoor).—"Z 1309, Assistant," this office. D

LADY Typist and Stenographer Wanted for City Office; must have good experience; state full particulars and salary.—X 1460, this office. C

LAND Agency Office, South country town—Wanted, a well educated, respectably connected, intelligent Youth, Protestant, 16 to 17 years; good handwriting and arithmetic essential; typing and shorthand desirable; salary 25/- a week.—"Z 1289, Youth," this office. C

LADY Gardener, Protestant, thoroughly experienced, Wanted, near Cork; full particulars and copies testimonials.—"Z 1356, Gardener," this office. F

MILLINERS—Wanted practical Milliners; smart trimmers.—Mensies and Co., 49 Henry st.

OFFICE Boy Wanted by Dublin Wholesale Firm; state age and where educated.—X 1280, this office.

ORGANIST required by 1st September for Carrickmines Church. Apply T. H. Wright, Secretary to Vestry, Ardnachree, Foxrock. O

PROBATIONERS Wanted, Babies' Home, Belfast, to train as Children's Nurses, six months; fee 20 guineas, payable by instalments; posts secured from Home at salary £30-£40. Apply Matron.

RACK Sawyer Wanted for city; steady, reliable man.—X 1585, this office.

SMILEY Cottage Hospital, Larne, Co. Antrim—Wanted immediately a fully trained Staff Nurse; alternate day and night duty. Apply, with testimonials, to The Matron. B

SAWYER Wanted for country Mill to work rack bench and band saw, keep saws, and take charge in manager's absence. Apply, giving full particulars, age, wages, etc., to "Z 1116, Sawyer," this office.

SUPERIOR Person Wanted, as General Help, private house, seaside, Co. Dublin, family three; good home, reasonable salary.—"Z 1199, Help," this office.

SAWYER—Competent Rack Bench Sawyer Wanted for Portable Mill on residential estate; house and fuel free; state weekly wages, or contract rates for sawing, age, and where previously employed, and send copies references.—O'Regan's Sawmills, Sixmilebridge, near Limerick.

SWEETS and Chocolate—Experienced young Lady Required as Assistant in high class shop in Cork; good wages to capable, smart, and reliable young Lady. Send photo, with copy reference, stating age, wages expected, and religion to "Z 1372, Assistant," this office.

TWO Men Wanted, used to green timber carting. Apply 42 Foley st.

TIMBER Trade—Outside Foreman Wanted, one with experience of carting and felling, purchasing and valuing all classes of native timber; must be good controller of men and able to keep accounts; preference given to men having had previous experience on similar work; send copies references, state age and salary required.—"Z 1287, Foreman," this office. C

TO Dressmakers—Wanted, good Bodice Hands; also Sleeve Hands. Apply Brown Thomas, Grafton st., Dublin.

TYPIST—Wanted, a man who is quick at shorthand and typewriting and accustomed to general business matters, one with knowledge of timber trade preferred, for North of Ireland town; please give full particulars when replying, salary, age, experience, references, etc.—"Z 1300, Typist," this office. O

TAILORING—Wanted at once, a good Porter. Apply 13 Wicklow st. D

UPHOLSTERERS Wanted, for provincial town, several good Men required; wages 30/- per week, with bonuses on work produced above this figure; guaranteed regular work to suitable men; state experience and age.—"Z 1288, Upholsterers," this office. C

WANTED, Man of experience for Painter's Colour Shop. Apply, giving reference and wages expected, X 1260, this office.

WANTED immediately for Estate Office, Co. Tipperary, Clerk with good knowledge of estate work and bookkeeping. Apply, with references and stating salary expected, to "Z 1247, Clerk," this office. D

WANTED, Newcastle Sanatorium, Co. Wicklow, strong healthy Probationers. Apply Lady Superintendent.

SITUATIONS CONTINUED.

WANTED, by a Co-operative Creamery, having auxiliaries and large provision stores, a Lady Bookkeeper, who will also be required to act as Secretary; applicant must have good experience of bookkeeping. Apply, stating age, experience, and salary, and send testimonials, to "Z 1202, Bookkeeper," this office. E

WANTED, smart Salesman, for Boot Dept. Apply with references, Cahill's, Talbot st. C

WANTED, a Protestant Man to act as Timekeeper and keep simple accounts; preference given to ex-Army man.—X 1402, this office. G

WANTED, temporary for two weeks from 5th August, Shorthand Typist and to assist in office, light duties; hours 10 to 5; salary £2 10/- for fortnight. Apply, in first instance, X 1551, this office.

WANTED, Junior Hand, fruit and vegetables. Apply, with reference, [illegible]

WANTED, [illegible] Typist, [illegible] for Wholesale City Firm, commencing August 3rd. Apply, stating age, experience, etc., X 1527, this office.

WANTED, Postal Assistant, qualified telephone and postal duties; outdoor.—R O 891, Irish Times Office, Rathmines.

WANTED, for Co. Tyrone, Catholic young Lady as Mother's Help; able to assist children at home lessons and do sewing; preference to Irish speaker. State experience, copy references, terms to "Z 1355, Mother's Help," this office.

WANTED, Worker, for Children's Dressmaking; also Apprentices.—Forrest and Sons, 101 Grafton st.

WANTED, Lady Clerk; quick at figures; good handwriting; state references and salary.—X 1522, this office. D

WANTED, good Man for Despatch Department, Film Business; experienced if possible.—X 1514, this office.

WANTED, for Bray, trained Lady Gardener, daily. Apply X 1611, this office. E

WANTED immediately, young Lady, Millinery and General Drapery; must be stylish trimmer, smart introductory saleswoman, good window dresser and stockkeeper; indoor.—X 1500, this office.

WANTED, superior Protestant Girl as Useful Help, clergyman's family of three. Full particulars to Mrs. Hare, Clonbara, Waterford.

WANTED, Useful Help, young Woman. Apply, between 3 and 5 p.m. each day, at The Great Britain, The Esplanade, Bray. E

WANTED, Vanman, experienced and well recommended. Apply Jameson, Royal Nurseries, Sandymount.

WANTED, Organist, for Monaghan Parish Church; salary £40 a year; good opening for pupils. Apply, with copies of testimonials, to the Archdeacon of Clogher, The Rectory, Monaghan. D

Y.M.C.A. Work Amongst the Troops—The services of Men of good education and abilities, preferably ineligible for military service, salaried positions, are required at once for above. Applications to H. O'Connor, Y.M.C.A., 43 Upper Sackville st. D

LEGAL.

CLERK, presently engaged, anxious to hear of vacancy.—"Z 1380, Clerk," this office. E

MEDICAL.

ASSISTANT in City Medical Hall, full particulars.—X 1378, this office. B

A QUALIFIED Dental Surgeon has vacancy for a pupil.—X 1501, this office.

DENTIST, unregistered, first class man, seeks post anywhere; full charge surgery and mechanics, or outside, state stipend. Address Box No. 606, Irish Times Branch Office, Belfast. O

EXPERIENCED Assistant Wanted for Medical Hall, for a few weeks, South. Send references, experience, and terms, to "Z 1283, Assistant," this office. C

FOR Sale, 250 Odd 20 Sets Campo Teeth; also 10 sets [illegible].—X 1585, this office.

PHARMACIST—Wanted, a Qualified Assistant or Pharmacist, North, indoor, Protestant. Apply, with copy of reference and salary expected, "Z 1135, Pharmacist," this office.

PHARMACEUTICAL Chemist required as Locum, Southern Town. Full particulars, "Z 1224, Chemist," this office.

QUALIFIED Dentist has vacancy for Pupil, or train Boy as Mechanic; no fee.—X 1593, this office.

WANTED Assistant, end of August, for six weeks; also, Apprentice, indoors.—"Z 1317, Assistant," this office. D

YOUNG Gentleman requires position as Improver to Dentistry.—X 1540, this office.

EMPLOYMENT WANTED.

ASPHALTER, Concreter, and Road Maker wants jobs; labour only, or otherwise; or would take a constant job.—J. Greene, 66 Brookfield place, Blackrock, Co. Dublin. E

A LADY wishes to recommend Nurse Attendant, experienced, shortly disengaged; country preferred.—"Z 1327, Attendant," this office. D

ALLROUND Workman, hearth and range tiling, grate setting, painting, whitening, plastering, concreting, carpentry, expert at slating; good references.—X 148, this office.

BILLIARD Marker, experienced, seeks immediate employment.—X 1512, this office.

CLERK—Discharged Soldier seeks trustworthy position; highest references.—"Z 1209, Clerk," this office. B

COUNTRY Man wants situation, to drive bread van or milk van; cash security given.—"Z 1369, Driver," this office.

EDUCATED Lady disengaged; clerical, munition, other war work.—X 1274, this office. D

GENTLEWOMAN desires temporary employment, accustomed catering and house management; excellent references; town or country.—X 1347, this office. B

HOTEL or Club—Advertiser, having 7 years' first class experience as Manager's Assistant and Manager in Ireland, seeks, with wife, joint appointment; practical knowledge cuisine, cellars, office, and house; disengaged September 1st.—X 885, this office.

JUNIOR Lady, no experience, seeks position. Certificates Junior Bookkeeping, Shorthand; speed 100.—X 1515, this office.

LADY, strong and active, seeks situation as Useful Companion to lady or children; highest references.—C. H., Irish Times Office, Kingstown.

LADY, with over five years' experience, seeks position in clerical capacity in city; highest references.—X 1587, this office. E

LADY—Shorthand 100, Typewriting, free short time daily, two evenings weekly; would undertake Secretarial Work; permanent or temporary.—452, Irish Times Office, Baggot st. Bridge.

MALTSTER, fully qualified all branches, analysis, etc., long experience, desires Charge; highest references.—"Z 1353, Maltster," this office. E

MILLINERY Apprenticeship—Girl, 17 years, desires learn Millinery Business in good house, indoor; state particulars and fee required. Apply "Z 1544, Apprentice," this office.

MOTHER'S Help or Invalid Attendant, R.C., disengaged. Seen Blackwood's, Lower Mount st.

NURSE Attendant, day or night duty, or would take full charge of old lady; highly recommended by doctors.—449, Irish Times Office, Baggot st. Bridge.

STRONG, respectable Boy, 14, wishes to be Apprenticed to Boot and Shoemaking.—X 1519, this office.

WANTED, a post as Nurse Attendant or Useful Help; good needlewoman, active, and obliging; I.C.—"Z 1205, Nurse Attendant," this office. B

WANTED, situation as Useful Help, Protestant, in small family, in or near Dublin preferred; well recommended.—X 1550, this office.

YOUNG Girl as Waitress or Housemaid in Hotel.—"Z 1263, Waitress," this office. B

YOUTH, 17 years, wants position in Accountant's Office; slight experience; highly recommended.—X 1345, this office. D

YOUNG Man wishes to hear of position as Bread Van Driver, Checker, or position of trust; can give £15 or £20 cash security, 16 years in last employment.—X 1306, this office.

YOUNG Man seeks situation as Clerk; quick at figures; understands newspapers; good references. Apply X 1042, this office.

MALES WANTED.

APPLY—2 Butlers, Footmen, Pantry Boys, noblemen's and gentry's establishments.—66 Sackville st.

MALES CONTINUED.

FARM Labourer Wanted (Protestant), able to plough; live in; wages 10/- a week. Apply, by letter, Box 537, Eason's Advertising Agency, Sackville st., Dublin.

GARDENER—Wanted, a reliable, trustworthy Working Gardener, Protestant, who understands fruit, flowers, vegetables, etc., for a gentleman's place in Co. Donegal. Apply, stating terms and number in family, to "Z 1335, Gardener," this office. C

GENERAL Man Wanted; garden, pony, fowl, some housework; fair wages; permanent position for steady, suitable party. Apply, with testimonials, Beechgrove, Glenageary.

GARDENER—Experienced Protestant Inside Foreman Wanted. Apply, with copies, wages expected, etc., to Chas. Farmer, Woodlawn Gardens, Co. Galway. D

JOURNEYMAN Gardener, inside and out, Wanted for nobleman's place; wages (including war bonus) 31/- per week, and usual allowances. Ineligible.—Hogg and Robertson, Ltd., 22 Mary st., Dublin.

WANTED, Apprentice Gardener. Apply Manager, Lissadell, Sligo. D

WANTED, Yardman for Co. Kilkenny; single, or married man and no family, with Wife to help to milk; must be early riser, understand horses, cows, calves, pigs, etc.; man's wages 24/6 per week with house, fuel, potatoes, and milk. Apply, giving full particulars, and copies of references, to "Z 1238, Yardman," this office. B

WANTED, by a gentleman farmer in the West, two Protestant Men, one as General and Plain Gardener, other as Ploughman, etc., on a place where 5 hands are employed; if men with families they would get work if competent; good houses, milk, potato ground, and good weekly wages; none but men willing to turn their hand to anything to be done, and whose characters will bear investigation need apply.—"Z 1250, Men," this office. O

WANTED, for Co. Waterford, General Farm Man, with one or two sons able to milk; state wages required, house and garden, milk, potatoes free.—"Z 1324, Man," this office. C

WANTED, Yardman, Belfast suburbs; good milker (2 cows), assist in garden and generally; Wife 2½ days plain washing and ironing; combined wages 32/6, with good house. Apply, stating family and former employ, James McConnell, Stranmillis House, Belfast.

WANTED, General Man, Wife help housework; both boarded; milk; Protestants, no incumbrance; comfortable place.—M. K., Ballybrland, Maryborough. D

WANTED, Gardener, Forester, and Under Steward for nobleman's estate. Apply, with copies of discharges, stating if disengaged or when, age, religion, if married, family, to Wm. Power and Co., Seedmerchants and Nurserymen, Waterford. C

WANTED, first class Herd and Milker; single man to live in, all found; cash terms in accordance with skill and experience; good judge of all classes of stock, treat all diseases; active man, early riser; Protestant would suit; send copies, wages expected; full particulars of qualifications and experience, gentleman's place.—"Z 1363, Herd," this office.

WANTED, a Married Couple, Man as Plain Gardener and General Help, wife to look after the house while the owner is away; wages £1 a week, with milk, fuel, and potatoes; no children. Protestants; good characters indispensable. Apply Mrs. Moloney, Kiltanon, Tulla, Co. Clare.

WANTED, for Co. Dublin, Protestant married Man; must be good milker and general farm labourer; reply, giving references; thorough good man liberally treated.—X 1520, this office. D

WANTED, Trainer for Irish Red Setter Pup. Apply, stating terms, X 1494, this office. D

WANTED, an experienced Journeyman Gardener for a place near Dublin; good wages given to suitable man.—X 1495, this office. D

WANTED, Useful Handyman, with working family; free house, etc. Apply Fred. Bradley, Kells Grange, Co. Kilkenny.

WANTED, strictly sober, competent Man to prepare blood stock for sale and bring them to Dublin; £1 a week, all found.—FitzPatrick, Mount Shannon, Sligo. D

MALES DISENGAGED.

A RESPECTABLE Boy wants situation, single, R.C., age 28; can milk or help on farm; strictly sober and reliable; highest reference from P.P.; will be disengaged 1st August.—1546, Irish Times Office, Blackrock.

BOY; care pony and trap, help garden, and generally useful.—"Z 1350, Boy," this office. E

FARMER'S Son wishes a situation with gentleman farmer, presently in city.—X 1478, this office.

FARM Labourer disengaged; thoroughly experienced all branches; married, no family.—X 1584, this office.

GARDENER (Working), I.C., experienced in all branches; good testimonials; no incumbrance.—"Z 1215, Gardener," this office. C

GROOM, single, ineligible, or position of trust; highest reference.—X 1581, this office. D

GARDENER, disengaged shortly, milker, driver, understands farm work, good vegetable, flower grower; wife good laundress.—"Z 1329, Gardener," this office.

GARDENER, generally useful, good milker; Protestant; married, no incumbrance.—Gardener, Wianett's, Dalkey.

GENTLEMAN can recommend Gamekeeper as steady, hardworking man, who knows his job.—"Z 1130, Gamekeeper," this office.

GARDENER (Working), understands vines, peaches, tomatoes, flowers, vegetables, indoor or outdoor; strict T.T., age 41; excellent character. Address Gardener, Stradbrook Hall, Blackrock, Co. Dublin.

GROOM, Coachman, or General Man, disengaged; married; knows city thoroughly; country or town; Wife can lodge or help generally; highly recommended.—X 659, this office.

GENERAL Man, understands gardening, drive, milk, generally useful; willing.—X 1516, this office.

GROOM or Coachman, married, seeks employment, thoroughly understands the care and management of hunters and harness horses, and the training and schooling of young horses; very highly recommended.—"Z 1373, Groom," this office.

MARRIED Man, understands farm work; plough, plain gardening, pony, trap; wife poultry; prefer suburbs or Co. Wicklow; first class references. Apply to 31 Lower Gardiner st., Dublin.

SINGLE Man seeks employment, Yardman or General Farm Work. Apply Burke, 74 Church st. B

SCOTCH Shepherd wishes situation, where cow and fowl allowed.—Dickie, The Bush, Antrim.

SINGLE Man (over military age) seeks employment, General Man, care horses; city or suburbs.—X 119, this office.

WORKING Gardener (general) requires situation, small estate; no family.—X 1521, this office. E

YOUNG Man (21), unmarried, wants situation, can milk, good Plain Gardener or General Man (indoor); well recommended.—Haskins Bros., Wicklow. D

YARDMAN, married, good milker, Protestant, wishes situation, or work in garden, wife mind fowl if required.—Lucas, the Lodge, Rilmullen, Portarlington, Queen's Co.

YOUNG Man, disengaged, care pony, trap, garden, or housework; city, suburbs.—181, care Wilde, Bray.

DOMESTICS WANTED.

MRS. Woods requires several Protestant Parlourmaids, Housemaids, House Parlourmaids, Nurses, Cooks, Kitchenmaids, Butlers, Footmen, Pantry Boys, etc.; good wages.—The Protestant Registry, 12 South Anne st., Dublin. C

THE Y.W.C.A. Employment Agency and Hostel, 53 Upper Mount st., will be Closed for the month of August.

WANTED, for nice country place, respectable R.C. Girl, 18-20; agreeable, and strictly honest. Apply "Z 1319, Girl," this office. D

DOMESTICS CONTINUED.

WANTED, a Useful Maid; must be first class needlewoman. Apply Mrs. Locke, Rosenfield, Mullingar.

WANTED, respectable elderly Woman for country place near small village, family two, help given; Protestant preferred.—"Z 1313, Domestic," this office. C

WANTED, a Useful Maid who can dressmake and is willing to do some housework.—"Z 1328, Maid," this office.

WANTED, a strong young Girl for Daily Work; good washer, houseworker. Apply 17 Leinster st., off Nassau st.

WANTED immediately, a respectable Person to care old lady, slightly mental, and wash for patient; country; send copy references; state wages.—"Z 1366, Person," this office.

WANTED immediately, young Useful Maid, R.C., must be good blouse and skirt maker, and willing to help in light housework. Reply Lady Nugent, Multyfarnham, Westmeath. D

COOKS AND DAIRYMAIDS WANTED.

COOK General Wanted for Dublin; good cook and bread maker, wash flannels; family four; wages £20-£22; insurance paid. Send age, copies of discharges to Rinewood, Fairyland, Kingstown.

FOR Dundrum—Young Cook General; house parlourmaid kept.—X 1463, this office. D

SINGLEHANDED Cook required for London; R.C. preferred; age about 30; must understand her work and have good reference from her last place; four in family; 3 maids kept and regular help given; wages £32. Apply, giving full particulars and enclosing discharges, to Mrs. Holms, 19 Prince of Wales terrace, Kensington, London, W. 8. D

WANTED, Cook, very good, single handed, for country mansion South Ireland; two in family; four servants; excellent bread maker; send original discharges (will be returned); state age; must be willing to keep all clean in her own department as well as cook; wages £20 to £24. Apply "Z 1232, Cook," this office. E

WANTED, Cook General and House Parlourmaid; country place; good wages given.—Mrs. M'Keever, Elm Grove, Julianstown, Drogheda.

WANTED, experienced Cook General; no washing or dairy; fare paid.—Mrs. Fox, Battways Creed, Wales. C

WANTED, Cook General. Apply, sending copies, to Newrath Bridge Hotel, Rathnew, Co. Wicklow.

WANTED, Co. Tipperary, country, by 15th of August, young Good Plain Cook R.C., House Parlourmaid and betweenmaid (either R.C. or I.C.); £22, £20, £15, part laundry; all experienced very well recommended.—"Z 1015, Cook," this office. D

GENERAL SERVANTS WANTED.

CAPABLE young General Wanted, neighbourhood Rathgar, small family; good wages.—X 1542, this office.

CAN lady recommend Connacht Gaelic speaking Girl, trained or untrained, as General Servant; wages £12 to £16; three in family.—Milano, Vico road, Dalkey.

ENGLAND—Wanted, end of August, a thoroughly experienced General; no washing, help given; good wages to suitable applicant. Apply by letter to Mrs. Collins, Ballylickey, Bantry, Co. Cork.

GENERAL Wanted; good plain cook, early riser; small family; washing. Apply 26 Belgrave road, Rathmines.

GENERAL Wanted at once for light housework and take out one child; good wages to a suitable person.—X 1553, this office.

GREYSTONES—Wanted immediately, good General; small family; good cooking essential; replies should contain copies of references, wages required, and where interview could be given.—"Z 1300, General," this office. D

GENERAL Wanted for country, clean girl; small dairy, few fowl, light washing; wages £14, rising. Apply Mrs. Wills, Attanagh Rectory, Queen's Co. D

WANTED, Protestant General, or Girl to train, gentleman's place, country, close to Dublin.—X 1543, this office.

WANTED at once, good General, middleaged, do light housework, plain cooking, two family; good wages suitable person. Apply between 12-2, 4 Beach View Villa, Glasnevin. D

WANTED, young General. Call Elsinore, Grove Park, Rathmines.

WANTED, young General Servant; country girl preferred; £14, rising.—St. Judith's, Dalkey. D

WANTED, for Killiney, experienced General; good plain cook; two in family; wages £18-£20.—"Z 1370, General," this office. D

WANTED, young General; 3 in family; recommended.—G., Irish Times Office, Kingstown.

WANTED, good General, 20th August.—Mrs. Law, 2 Eaton Park, Kingstown.

WANTED, General who can cook; another maid kept; comfortable home; send copy reference, age, wages expected.—92 Lisburn road, Belfast.

YOUNG General Wanted, daily, 9 to 5; clean, smart, good washer; well recommended. Apply after 6 p.m., 47 Frankfort avenue, Rathgar.

HOUSE AND PARLOURMAIDS WANTED.

AN experienced Housemaid Wanted immediately for Royal Hotel, Galway; country girl preferred. B

A NUMBER P'maids, H'maids, H. P'maids Wanted to-day. Interviews Bellingham Todd, 5 Grafton st.

EXPERIENCED Head Housemaid Wanted; wages £28 and laundry. Send copies, Mrs. Sweetman, Drumbaragh, Kells, Meath. C

EXPERIENCED Housemaid required immediately; wages £15. Apply, with copies references, Prince of Wales Hotel, Athlone.

FIRST Class House Parlourmaid Wanted; send copies of discharges, state age and wages; R.C.; country.—"Z 1376, Housemaid," this office.

HOTEL—Experienced Housemaid required. Apply, with copies, Grand Hotel, Greystones. B

HOUSEMAID Wanted; must be well recommended. Apply, with testimonials, Manager, Gresham Hotel. C

HOUSE Chambermaid Wanted, for Salt Hill Hotel; also Betweenmaid. Apply 48 Dawson st.

HOUSE Parlourmaid—Wanted, strong, capable, obliging Girl, wages £14 to £16, Co. Meath; send copies; state age, religion.—"Z 1348, Housemaid," this office.

WANTED, Housemaid for quiet country place, King's Co.; one in family; man servant and cook kept; wages £22, all found; must have good references; send copies, state age and religion.—"Z 1102, Maid," this office. C

WANTED immediately, House Parlourmaid; R.C. Send all particulars and enclose copies papers to Mrs. Mahony, Brinkwater, Galway. B

WANTED immediately, strong, respectable Girl as House Parlourmaid; some experience.—Littleton Rectory, Thurles.

WANTED, experienced House Parlourmaid, doctor's house; no lamps, boots, or knives; must be well recommended; copies, wages.—Morton, Birr, King's Co. C

WANTED for Waterford and England, two personally recommended House Parlourmaids and a Betweenmaid, experienced, early; wages £25, £18. Interview, Howard House, Kingstown.

WANTED, good House Parlourmaid, young; interview.—Hughes, Carrickbrennan, Monkstown.

WANTED, first week in September, House Parlourmaid for London and country; good plate cleaner, valet, etc.; good appearance and manner; R.C.; wages £30, with rise; assistance given; four in family; seven servants. Apply Lady C., Rathbeale Hall, Swords, Co. Dublin.

WANTED immediately, London, experienced House P'maid; four maids, housekeeper kept; £28.—Registry, 12 Duke st.

SPECIAL EXTRA

Old Bushmills Whisky
A TRUSTED FRIEND.

DOMESTICS CONTINUED.

WANTED immediately, House Parlourmaid; two in family; £18; long discharges (send copies).—Mrs. Collis, Kilmore, Killiney, Co. Dublin.

WANTED immediately, good H. P'maid or job, one month, country; good wages. Registry, 12 Duke st.

WANTED immediately, young Housemaid; must be good needlewoman and very neat; willing to attend on nursery; one baby only.—Lady Nugent, Multyfarnham, Westmeath. D

NURSES WANTED.

A NUMBER Nurses, Infant's and Children's; Nurserymaids.—Bellingham Todd, 5 Grafton st.

A CHILD'S Maid Wanted, good needlewoman. Interview Bellingham Todd, 5 Grafton st.

CAN any Lady recommend young experienced Nurse, two small children? good wages.—19 Upper Mount st.

EXPERIENCED Nurse, R.C., Wanted; infant from one month, two older children; nurserymaid kept.—P., 99 Upper Leeson st.

HIGHLY recommended trained Nurserymaid Wanted, under experienced nurse; two young children; nice accent and good manners essential; comfortable situation; Dublin suburbs. Write, with all particulars and copies of discharges, to R O 886, Irish Times Office, Rathmines.

WANTED, a strong Girl (C.I.) as Nurse to two children (girl 2, boy 4½, latter attending school); needlewoman preferred, and one who has had experience with small children and able to wash their clothes; good wages and laundry to capable girl.—Mrs. Lonsdale, Hatley Manor, Carrick-on-Shannon. O

WANTED, Dundrum district, Children's Maid, R.C.; must have some experience, well recommended, needlewoman; £18 to start.—X 1422, this office. D

WANTED immediately, Ramelton, Co. Donegal, an experienced Nurse for infant; state particulars, training, and wages.—"Z 1290, Nurse," this office. D

WANTED, for Waterford and England, Children's Maid, useful, flannels and mending; personally recommended; wages £20. Interview, Howard House, Kingstown.

WANTED immediately, young, superior R.C. Nurse, willing and obliging; £18-£20. Apply 70 Highfield road, Rathgar.

WANTED, for Surrey, experienced Children's Nurse, about 14th August. Write Brownrigg, St. Gatien, Rathfarnham; or call Irish Times Registry Office.

WILL some Lady kindly recommend thoroughly experienced Nurse, under 50, for two children, aged 2½ years and 15 months? Assistance given; good needlewoman, R.C.; salary £25; quiet country situation; wanted August 27.—Lady M. C., Rathbeale Hall, Swords, County Dublin. D

KITCHEN, LAUNDRY, ETC., WANTED.

KITCHENMAID Wanted at once; strong and capable. Apply Matron, Rotunda Hospital, Sackville st.

REQUIRED immediately, Kitchenmaid, understand range. Send copies references, age, wages, religion, Mrs. Tynte, Tynte Park, Dunlavin, Co. Wicklow (country).

WANTED, good Kitchenmaid for country place near Dublin; wages £14, all found, and laundry done.—"Z 1259, Maid," this office. B

WANTED, good Laundress; some housework; wages £15; must be well recommended. Apply Mrs. Palmer, Glenlo Abbey, Galway. B

WANTED, Protestant Girl, 16 or 17, to train Kitchenmaid; Westmeath; all Protestant servants.—"Z 1275, Kitchenmaid," this office. B

WANTED, two Girls as Kitchenmaids in Boys' Preparatory School on South Coast of England; one for kitchen and one for pantry work; wages £18.—Mrs. Clark, St. Wilfrid's School, Bexhill, Sussex. C

WANTED, first class Laundress and Scrubber, South side, two or three days weekly.—X 1536, this office.

WANTED at once, good Laundress, single handed, R.C. Send papers, state age, wages, Mrs. Sweetman, Derrybawn, Glendalough.

DOMESTICS DISENGAGED.

SERVANTS REGISTRY
31 WESTMORELAND STREET.
HOURS: 10 a.m. to 4 p.m. for Servants. 11 a.m. to 4 p.m. for Ladies. (Saturdays Closed 1 p.m.)

ALL classes Cooks, H. P'maids, Generals, Maid Attendants, at Miss Mulpeter's, 11 Sth. Anne st.

A COOK General, young, £20; General, £16 to £18. Seen Registry, 53 Dawson st. Replies stamp.

AT Miss Greenfield's, over Singer's, Grafton st.—Cooks, Cook Generals, Parlourmaids, H. P'maids, H'maids.

COUNTRY Girl seeks situation, Betweenmaid, city, suburbs; R.C.; understanding duties; highest references.—"Z 1193, Betweenmaid," this office. B

GOOD Cook, Pantry desires temporary place, month; highly recommended.—Blackwood's, Mount st.

LADY recommends Girl, [illegible] for Daily Work; good laundress.—Dunn, 6 Portobello Harbour.

MISS Todd Thornton recommends respectable Protestant Girl, Daily Work.—35 [illegible].

THE Y.W.C.A. Employment Agency and Hostel, 53 Upper Mount st., will be Closed for the month of August.

YOUNG Girl never out before wishes situation, mind children, or to train as general or Kitchenmaid.—2 Einsville, Harold's Cross, Dublin.

COOKS AND DAIRYMAIDS DISENGAGED.

A SUPERIOR young Woman, trained Confectioner and Cook, Protestant, highly recommended. Interview Miss Bellingham Todd, 5 Grafton st.

A NUMBER excellent Cooks, Cook Generals, £14 to £40.—Registry, 68 Sackville st.

COOK (Ardent) just disengaged, can be highly recommended; Protestant.—X 1504, this office. B

COOK General, Protestant and recommended, city or suburbs.—X 1517, this office.

COOK requires situation in Ireland, where kitchenmaid kept; one year, nine months present place; wages £50; disengaged August 10th.—M. Wilson, Telstone, Wadhurst, Sussex. [illegible]

COOK General, or Cook General, [illegible]; highly recommended.—X 1497, this office.

COOK General wants Place; city, suburbs or country.—M., 20 Warrington place. D

FIRST class Cook, Lady's, Club, institution, city, suburbs; excellent references.—Blackwood's, Mount st.

GOOD Protestant Cook disengaged, [illegible]; excellent references.—"Z 1[illegible]."

GOOD [illegible] General, small family; highly recommended.—[illegible]

GOOD Cook, or Cook General, city; highly recommended.—[illegible]

LADY wishes to recommend careful economical Cook Housekeeper for single gentleman; good bread maker, soups, excellent butter maker; leaving present place owing to death of employer. Address Julia Kavanagh, West Court, Callan, Co. Kilkenny.

MRS. Dallas Pratt desires find temporary situation for her Cook, from about middle of August to middle of September. Apply by letter to 19 Fitzwilliam square, Dublin.

WORKING Housekeeper, Protestant, care of gentleman, or business house, Dublin; highly recommended.—Blackwood's, Lower Mount st.

YOUNG Girl would go as Plain Cook or General in private house; well recommended; wages expected, £18.—"Z 1318, [illegible]," this office.

GENERAL SERVANTS DISENGAGED.

A GOOD General, Protestant, no washing, £18; town.—Y.W.C.A., 53 Upper Mount st.

EXPERIENCED General, [illegible]; excellent baker; highly recommended.—X 1525, this office.

EXPERIENCED General disengaged; good plain cook; [illegible].—X 1563, this office.

GENERAL, well recommended, good plain cook, city, suburbs; city preferred.—X 1277, this office.

GENERAL Servant—Farmer's Daughter seeks situation; small washing; small family.—[illegible], 15 Upper Camden st.

GENERAL—Respectable country Person, with some experience, small family; recommended.—S. B., 2 Camden Buildings, Camden st.

GENERAL Servant, disengaged; highest references; Dublin preferred.—Lizzie O'Brien, Coppenagh, Tullow.

GENERAL, or Plain Cook; middleaged, strong, active, wash, milk; Protestant; city or suburbs.—M., 7 Henrietta st.

GENERAL, well recommended, understands plain cooking; [illegible].

GENERAL, settled, trustworthy, strong, good washer; country or small family; recommended.—102 [illegible].

HOUSE Parlourmaid, middleaged, good discharge last place, £14 to £15.—L. Elliott, Fagan, Cavan.

RELIABLE General disengaged; good cook; recommended; no children.—4 [illegible] Ballinasloe [illegible].

SOLDIER'S Wife wants situation in quiet house; preferred; two years in last place, near Curragh preferred.—"Z 1334, General," this office.

SUPERIOR young General, good cook, disengaged; well recommended.—R O 888, Irish Times Office, Rathmines.

YOUNG Girl, 18, wishes to be trained General; highly recommended.—[illegible], Goree. D

HOUSE AND PARLOURMAIDS DISENGAGED.

A NUMBER Parlourmaids, H. P'maids, H'maids, Protestants, R.C.'s, £16 to £32.—Kennedy's, 68 Sackville st.

COUNTRY young Woman desires situation as House-maid Laundress; highly recommended.—X 1585, this office.

GIRL wishes to hear of situation, to be trained as House Parlourmaid; little experience; country preferred; £12, £13.—Apply to M. K., 5 William st., Gorey.

HOUSE Parlourmaid, of long experience, desires position in country or town, where housemaid is kept; testimonials and references most satisfactory.—X 1404, this office.

MRS. Dallas Pratt recommends Housemaid who has lived with her over four years; disengaged 1st September. Apply by letter, 19 Fitzwilliam square, Dublin.

PARLOURMAID, head or single, first class discharges, Briggs, c/o O'Neill, 11 Workman street, Naas.

YOUNG country Girl seeks situation as Housemaid and Parlourmaid; highest references.—X 1534, this office.

YOUNG Girl wishes situation in small family as Housemaid or House Parlourmaid; highly recommended; suburbs. Apply S. Wyse, Baltrogan road, Rickmines.

NURSES DISENGAGED.

EXPERIENCED Nurse Housemaid, R.C., desires situation; well recommended.—"Z 1345, Maid," this office.

KIND, trustworthy, R.C. Nurse, take baby from birth; highly recommended; salary £32.—"Z 1364, Nurse," this office. D

YOUNG Nurse, Protestant, can take place immediately; suburbs; £14.—Y.W.C.A., 53 Upper Mount st.

KITCHEN, LAUNDRY, ETC., DISENGAGED.

LAUNDRESS wants a place; can be well recommended.—"Z 1316, Laundress," this office. D

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

AT KELLY'S, 48 FLEET STREET.
Engagement Rings—A magnificent selection of Secondhand Single Stone, Two, Three, Five Stone Gipsy Marquise, and Cluster Rings, in set with Diamonds, Emeralds, Rubies, Sapphires and Pearls, etc., of the finest quality, brilliancy, and colour.

ABOUT Rick Covers, Sacks, for Sale or Hire, on best terms.—M. Coleman, 25, 26, 27 Chancery st., Dublin.

CROTTY'S ANNUAL SALE,
62 GRAFTON STREET

SALE, Ladies' Black or White Rubber Waterproof Coats, reduced to 21/9.

SALE, Ladies' Raincoat Cloth Coats, great bargains, 33/9, 48/5, 62/6.

SALE, Ladies' best quality Covert Coats, lined, reduced to 70/-, 77/6, 84/9.

SALE, Children's Oilskin Coats, greatly reduced, 10/6, 11/9, 14/6.

SALE, Boys' Raincoat Cloth Coats, 18/11; large sizes, 21/9.

SALE, Double Coated Waterproof Bed Sheeting, 36" wide, 3/6 and 4/11 yard.

SALE, Gents' Fawn or Drab Rubber Coats, reduced lines, 29/6, 34/-, 39/6.

SALE, ex. heavy, Double Breasted Trench Coats, 63/-, 72/6, 78/6.

SALE, Gents' Raincoat Cloth Coats, lined check throughout; these are to clear; reduced prices, 29/11, 35/9, 48/6, 57/6.

SALE, Travelling Goods—Ladies' Dress Cases, 10/6, 12/6, 15/6; Holdalls, 13/11, 14/9; Gladstone Bags, Leather Suit Cases, Trunk Straps, and Handbags, all reduced to clear.

SALE, Racquets, Presses, Cricket Shirts, Grey and White Flannel Trousers, Cricket Nets.

SALE, Golf Coats, Sports Coats, Golf Jackets, Tweed and Flannel Golf Jackets, 20/9.

SALE, Pyjama Suits, 8/9, 11/6, 13/11; great bargains.

SALE, Special Line Ladies' Waterproof Coats, to clear, 27/6.

SALE, Children's Belted Waterproof Coats, from 8/6; special line.

CROTTY'S,
The Waterproof and Sports Outfitters,
62 GRAFTON STREET, DUBLIN.

DELIVERY VANS.
A FEW 10 CWT. OVERLAND VANS IN STOCK.
SPARE PARTS.
Large assortment of Overland Parts for all Models.
R. CALLOW & SONS,
44 WESTLAND ROW

HORSES.

Wires—"Sewell's, Dublin." Telephone—674.
SEWELL'S, DUBLIN.
AUCTION
AT THE REPOSITORY, ON
THURSDAY NEXT, AUGUST 1st,
Commencing at 2.30 o'clock.
HUNTERS, HARNESS HORSES, WORKING HORSES, PONIES, TRAPS, HARNESS, AND HIGH-CLASS TURNOUTS.

MESSRS. SEWELL, SON, and SIMPSON (Ltd.) Will SELL BY AUCTION (unless previously disposed of), at the REPOSITORY, on THURSDAY NEXT, AUGUST 1st:—

The Property of a Lady.

Brown Cob Gelding, 5 years old, about 13.1 hands high, good harness pony, used to city traffic; has been driven by owner.
Round Inside Trap, rubber tyres, lamps, and cushions, complete, in perfect order.
Single Harness (Brass), almost new.

The Property of a Gentleman.

Bay Pony Gelding, 5 years old, about 13 hands high, with high stepping action.
Inside Car, by Alesbury Bros., built to order; rubber tyres, practically new.
Single Harness (Brass), by Box and Co., in perfect condition.
The above is a very handsome turn-out.

The Property of a Gentleman.

Bay Pony Mare, 4 years old, about 14 hands high, good harness pony, used to city traffic.
Round Inside Trap, rubber tyres, lamps and cushions.
Single Harness (Brass).

By Order of the War Department.
2 HORSES CAST FROM THE ARMY.

Also many other Lots of High-Class Working Horses, Harness Horses and Ponies; Traps, Harness, etc.

SEWELL, SON & SIMPSON
AUCTIONEERS (LTD.)

MACKIE, BURNS & CO.,
Auctioneers, etc.,
30 PRUSSIA STREET, DUBLIN.
'Phone 1146. Telegrams—"Burns, Prussia st."

USUAL WEEKLY SALE THURSDAY NEXT, 1st AUGUST, commencing at 12 o'clock, of Horses, Ponies, Cobs, Traps, and Harness.

4 NEW TRAPS, by best makers, can be seen any day.

MACKIE, BURNS & CO.

HORSES HARVEY'S HORSES
WORM & CONDITION POWDERS.
Maintain Condition and Expel Worms.
Always good, and most essential under present conditions. Give Working Horses a course NOW. They do not interfere with work.
Of all Chemists, price 3/- per Box, or with Physic Ball, 3/9.

ARTICLES CONTINUED.

A FEW Barrels of Engine Oil for Sale.—17 Wentworth place, Dublin. B

BILLIARD Table for Sale, size 6 x 4.—X 1567, this office. D

CHILD'S Mail Cart, with hood, Hitchen's make, good condition, £2.—"Z 1350, Cart," this office. D

COCOA Beans for Sale, about 5 tons; cut bags, 2 tins Glucose Chips.—Fagan, 10 Fownes st., Dublin.

FOR Sale, large Rocking Horse. Seen 102 Lower Mount st. D

FOR Sale, two Iron Cauldrons, about 25 gallons. Inquire, with Vardman, 39 South Earl st.

GOLD Keyless Enamel Lever Centre Seconds Watch, all 18 ct. gold, £25, cost £40, guaranteed for 20 years; also massive Gold Double Albert Chain, £10 10/-, bargain.—Mosiang, 21 Wellington quay.

ICECREAM Powder, ice Sweet Sherbet, Saccharine Tablets, Tea Sweeteners, Starch, Washing Soda, Bread soda, pure Mustard, Cigarettes, Matches, Confectionery to Shopkeepers, etc.—Nolan and Sons, Auctioneers, etc., 19 Capel st., Dublin. F

McKENZIE AND SONS, LTD.

McKENZIE—Scythe Handles, Stones and Boards, Hay Forks, Hay Rakes, Machine Oil, Machine Sheet and Knives.

McKENZIE—Garden Shears, Thistle Spuds, Thistle Pullers, Potato Forks, Daisy Lifters, Garden Tools.

McKENZIE—Garden Tents and Shelters, Garden Tables and Chairs, Rubber Hose and Garden Syringes.

McKENZIE—Ranges, Grates, Mantelpieces, Stanley and other Self-setting Ranges.

McKENZIE—Dairy Utensils, [illegible]; Dust Bins, Lime Spraying Machines, Stable Buckets.

McKENZIE—[illegible] Machines, Table Mangles, Wringers, Washing Machines, Tubs, Work Boards.

McKENZIE—Bedsteads, Children's Cots, Wire Mattresses and Bedding, Perambulators, Go-Carts.

McKENZIE—Linoleum, Door Mats, Lino and Bath Mats, Foot Warmers.

McKENZIE—Goodlass Wall Paints, Hall's Distemper, Varnishes, Stains, Enamels, Good Paints.

McKENZIE—Knives and Forks, Dinner, and Dessert, Tea and Dessert Spoons, Carving Knives, Forks, Scissors, Pocket Knives.

McKENZIE—Rabbit Traps, Trappers' Spades, Snare Cord and Snare Wire.

THOS. McKENZIE AND SONS, LTD.,
GREAT BRUNSWICK ST., DUBLIN. T

RICK-COVERS, COIR YARN,
WATERPROOF COVERS.
PETRIE BROTHERS, WATERPROOFERS,
35, 36, and 37 Usher's quay, Dublin. T

RAILWAY Lost Property—500 Umbrellas, silk mixed tops, 6s., post paid, 6/9.—Haughey, 36 Clare st.

RUGS, £28, immediate sale. Seen Insurance Office, 10 Nassau st.

TYPEWRITERS cleaned; we Buy, Sell, Exchange, Repair.—Norman Works, Upper Ormond quay. T

TWO Ladders for Sale, 12ft. and 16ft.—29 Haven[illegible].

70 CARVED and Cut Jet Beads, round size, offered for Red Cross jumble sale.—"Z 1377, Articles," this office.

ARTICLES WANTED.

ANTIQUE Silver Cups, Candlesticks, Salvers, Sugar Bowls, etc., also Diamond ornaments, Precious Stones and Old Gold, highest prices given.—West and Son, Grafton House, Grafton st. T

ANTIQUE—Wanted, Chins, Cut Glass, Engravings, Furniture, etc.—Edmond Butler, 14 Bachelor's Walk. T

ARTIFICIAL Teeth—Old Wanted, any condition; also Old Silver, full value paid.—Liberty Bros., 74 Lower Camden st., Dublin. T

ANTIQUES.
Old China, Figures, Toys, Services, Pictures, Miniatures, Bronzes, etc., purchased for cash.
C. PARKER CUSSEN,
Molesworth street, Dublin.

DIAMONDS, Old Gold, Antique Silver, Miniatures, etc., Purchased for cash.—Edmund Johnson, Ltd., 94 Grafton st.

FEATHER Beds Wanted; highest prices paid, will send to examine in city.—Irish Feather Co., Ltd., Tara st., Dublin.

IRISH FIRM. Original Advertisers. T

FEATHERS—Sloan and Sons, Cork, are Buyers of all kinds of Feathers; we quote highest prices on receipt of sample by post. We pay carriage. T

FEATHER Beds, Hair Mattresses Wanted; highest prices; will call in all parts of city.—American Feather Co., Ltd., Dublin. 'Phone 2406.

GOLD Jewellery, Silver Plate, Precious Stones, Watches, Teeth Settings, etc., Purchased; extreme value; immediate cash for country parcels.—Gerty's, 40 Dawson st.

OLD Artificial Teeth Bought—Persons wishing to receive full value should apply to the actual manufacturers, Messrs. Browning, instead of to provincial buyers; if forwarded by post immediate cash or offer.—Chancery Lane, London, W.C. 1. Est. 100 years.

OFFICERS Wish to buy, Pianos, [illegible], in good condition.

SPIRIT Merchants Wanted, any quantity up to 5,000 Gallons, [illegible].—"Z 1400, Spirit," this office. 12 25

SECONDHAND Motor, powerful.—Wanted, must be in Dublin. Reply Box 160, O'Keeffe's Advertising Agency, 32 Wicklow st.

TYPEWRITER Wanted (visible), "Yost," "Remington," or "Underwood"; state particulars.—X 1474, this office.

TAR—Wanted a few Barrels of Archangel Tar; state price.—X 1419, this office.

TYPEWRITER Wanted; "Yost" preferred; give full particulars and price.—X 1502, this office.

TEA Wanted, in Half Chests.—X 1552, this office.

WANTED to Buy, any quantity Patent Leather, suitable for cartons or coach repairs.—X 1512, this office. 10 12

WANTED, Officer's Camp Kit, Service Jacket, Breeches, Boots.—X 1172, this office. B

WANTED, Waste Rubber, Millboard and Cloth Cuttings, Pulp; cash for same. Write Box R. 370, care of Jackson's, 19 Cullum st., London.

WANTED, Three Quarter Size Billiard Table.—X 1508, this office.

WANTED, [illegible] August st.

MACHINERY.

ANYTHING in Engineering Requirements, Land or Marine, Gas or Oil Engines, Boilers, etc., can best be obtained from Tuck and Co., Lower Abbey st., Dublin. T

ALL kinds of Machinery Scrap Metals Purchased.—Woodburn and Co., Mount Lane st., Dublin. Telephone 78. O

AVERY Paraffin Tractors are unequalled for Ploughing, Harrowing, Disking, Harvesting, Threshing, Sawing, and Hauling; lightest in weight, economical in fuel consumption, £385.—Avery Co., 11 Leinster st., Dublin. 12 20

ALBION Binders—Second consignment arriving immediately. Booking orders for delivery.—Dawson's, Maryborough. D

AVELING ten horse Traction Engine, 10 tons, also 2 wagons with wet road rolling parts, complete; £1,000 or offer.—Mistair, Kilmessan.

ALL IN STOCK.
TITAN AND MOGUL FARM TRACTORS, MARSHALL AND RUSTON'S, AND FOSTER THRESHERS, ROBERTS, RANSOMES, SAUNDERSON, AND MILLS PLOUGHS, CULTIVATOR FITTINGS, OILS AND BELTING.
ASHENHURST, WILLIAMS, AND CO., LTD.,
TALBOT PLACE, DUBLIN, and TULLAMORE.

BLACKSTONE and Martins Swath Turners, Side Delivery Rakes. Immediate delivery.—Dawson's, Maryborough.

BARLEY Separator for Sale, used few times, £13.—McConnell, Portumna. C

(CONTINUED ON PAGE 5.)

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE.
TO-NIGHT AT 8. EARLY DOORS AT 7.0.
Matinees Wednesday and Saturday at 2.30.
LONDON'S LATEST and GREATEST SUCCESS,
"CARMINETTA."
EXCEPTIONALLY STRONG CAST. Including
EDWARD LAURI,
Frank A. Wood, Winifred Hare, Nelly Carlyle,
J. T. Macmillan,
M. KLIT-GAARDE,
Nellie Lauraine, Pia Rosslyn, Grace Hardy,
Raymond Douglas,
MARIA MINETTI.
FULL CHORUS. AUGMENTED ORCHESTRA.
Next Week, "ARLETTE."

EMPIRE THEATRE.
6.50 .... TWICE NIGHTLY .... 9.0.
"THE SKIPPER'S SUBMARINE,"
A Play in Two Acts, by C. K. AYRE.
FRED. O'DONOVAN and CO.
BROTHERS MULLANEY,
AND
STAR CO.

QUEEN'S THEATRE.
6.45 .... TWICE NIGHTLY .... 9.
THE AGATHA IRELANDE TRIO,
Including Agatha Irelande (Soprano), Leonard Hirsch (Violinist), Mary Rougham (Pianiste).
IN THEIR SPLENDID MUSICAL ACT.
The Meagan Duo, F. C. Oakley, Dolly Lyndo and Pianist, Harry Lue, Condron and Conroy, Master Michael Monks,
MARION SCOTT.

BOHEMIAN "THE EDGE OF THE LAW" (5 parts), Featuring Ruth Stonehouse.
SPLENDID TOPICAL. Grand Military Tournament, Theatrical Sports, and Clontarf Gala Day.

PRINCESS, RATHMINES.
MARY PICKFORD
In "REBECCA OF SUNNYBROOK FARM."
Pathe Gazette, etc. Musical Director: Prof. Renaud.

PILLAR PICTURE HOUSE. THE BRIDE'S SILENCE, Starring GAIL KANE.

HOWTH CASTLE FETE.
BY KIND PERMISSION OF COMMANDER GAISFORD ST. LAWRENCE, R.N.,
THE BALLROOM
Will be open for General Dancing,
On THURSDAY and FRIDAY NEXT, at 8 p.m.
MR. A. P. RAFTER'S BAND.
T. LEGGETT BYRNE.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

FOUR COURTS HOTEL,
INNS QUAY, DUBLIN.
100 First-Class Bedrooms. One of the most comfortable, homely, and moderate hotels in Ireland. Electric light throughout. Wedding Breakfasts a speciality. Restaurant. Popular Prices.
HENRY G. KILBEY, Managing Director.
Wires—Excel, Dublin.
'Phones—1558 and 2548.

JURY'S HOTEL AND RESTAURANT,
COLLEGE GREEN, DUBLIN.
MOST CENTRAL HOTEL IN THE CITY.
Electric Light. Elevator.
Table d'Hote Lunch, 1 to 3.
GRILL ROOM ATTACHED.
Terms moderate.
J. MAGUIRE, Manager.

GRAND HOTEL, MALAHIDE.
Fifteen Minutes from Dublin.
'Phone—11, Malahide.
Best appointed and catered for Hotel in Ireland.
Terms—July to October, from £3 3s.
Special reduction to persons staying three months or over.
Apply for Booklet to the MANAGER.

ROYAL MARINE HOTEL,
KINGSTOWN (CO. DUBLIN).
Standing in its own Grounds (5 Acres), facing Sea.
Only Hotel in Kingstown with Electric Light Installation and Lift.
First Class. New Sun Lounge. French Cuisine.
Two excellent Golf Links (18 holes).
Wire—"Comfort, Kingstown."
'Phone—180 (2 Lines).
Brochure Free.

ROSS'S VICTORIA HOTEL LTD.
KINGSTOWN.
ONE OF THE MOST MODERN AND COMFORTABLE HOTELS IN IRELAND.
Facing the Sea.
Taxis for Hire.
Telegrams—"Ross's Hotel, Kingstown." 'Phone 190 (2 lines).

KINGSTOWN.
GROSVENOR HOTEL,
CENTRE OF PROMENADE.
Close to all places of interest. Lovely bedrooms and lounge rooms on sea front. Cuisine excellent. Most Comfortable Hotel in Kingstown. MOTOR GARAGE. Terms moderate.
Apply THE MANAGER.
'Phone—284, Kingstown.

GLENDALOUGH. ROYAL HOTEL.
Most Comfortable. Ideal situation.
FREE Lake and River Fishing. Lawn Tennis.
Hotel Motor will meet train on notification.
Telephone—No. 2, Glendalough.

BANGOR, CO. DOWN.
THE GRAND HOTEL.
Centrally situated, facing sea.
Spacious Public Rooms. Excellent Cuisine.
Handsome Ballroom and Billiard Rooms.
GARAGE.

PORTRUSH.
LONDONDERRY HOTEL.
Under New Management. Newly Furnished.
Fully Licensed. Billiards. Comfortable Bedrooms.
Separate Tables. Moderate Tariff.
Motors for Hire.
P. J. McNALLY, Proprietor
(Late Proprietor of Portrush Hotel).

Concrete Roof. 250 Rooms. Concrete Floors.
BONNINGTON HOTEL,
Southampton Row, LONDON, W.C.1.
ROOM, ATTENDANCE, BATH, AND BREAKFAST. 6/6

HOTELS AND BOARDING.
Kingstown—Pavilion House, 5 Gresham terrace—Board Residence. Telephone—Kingstown, 171.
BANGOR (Down)—Hawthornden Private Hotel, sea view; Apartments, with or without Board.—Kidd.
CONNEMARA—Shamrock, Roundstone; beautiful scenery, sea bathing; terms moderate. Apply Mrs.
GREYSTONES—Seapatrick Private Hotel, on six acres, near sea, rail, golf. 'Phone—41.
GREYSTONES—Braemar Private Hotel, overlooking the sea; close to rail.—Mrs. Gorman.
MALAHIDE? FRESH—Apartments or Board; terms moderate; central.—Mrs. Strathdee, 15 Princess terrace.
STONEHEAD?—"Sunshine House," Private Boarding Establishment; every comfort; own grounds; sea country, sheltered, restful, and recuperating. Terms.

"THE DOLPHIN,"
ESSEX STREET.
LUNCHEON
From 12.30 Daily,
2/-
SOUP,
FISH,
ENTREE or JOINT
VEGETABLES
SWEETS.

HAIR MATTRESSES CAREFULLY TEASED AND RE-MADE.
RICHMOND NATIONAL INSTITUTION FOR THE BLIND,
UPPER SACKVILLE STREET, DUBLIN.
Revised Prices on application.

DUNLOP'S LAUNDRY & DYE WORKS,
MOUNT BROWN AND KILMAINHAM,
DUBLIN.
And Branches. Telephone 4334 and 4335.

BELFAST RESIDENTS
Having any difficulty in securing their Copy of this Paper in the forenoon will oblige by communicating with our Branch Office, 1a ROYAL AVENUE, BELFAST.

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

THEATRE ROYAL.
HIPPODROME and WINTER GARDENS.
6.45 .... TWICE NIGHTLY .... 9.0.
RALPH RIGGS and KATHRYN WITCHIE
America's Greatest Dancers, from Empire, London.
MILDRED TELFORD TRIO,
With ARTHUR LUCAS, Mina Davin, Mildred Telford
Clo D'Arte, May Starr, Omegas, B. Rogers, M. Vega
THE GREAT WIELAND.
Next Week— A ROYAL DIVORCE.
Twice Nightly. Matinees Mon. and Sat. at 2.30.

TIVOLI 7 o'c., 9 o'c. Tel. 4125. **TIVOLI**
CLUB JUGGLING GIRLS,
America's Latest Athletic Novelty.
Jas. Astor, Rose Coleman O'Byrne, Fred. Court.
Dick Williams, Elsie Normans, Two Carltons.
HARRY BEDFORD.

KINGSTOWN PAVILION.
ONLY TWO DAYS MORE.
"IN GOD'S GOOD TIME,"
A Fascinating Five Act Blue Bird Drama of the Frozen North, that delighted a packed house last night. A Picture of Unusual Beauty.
Showing each day at 4.20, 6.45, and 9.5.
"STRICTLY BUSINESS" (new 2-pt O. Henry film).
Mr. and Mrs. Drew in "LEST WE FORGET."
New L-KO Farce, Comedy, Pathe Gazette.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

MILITARY NOTICE.

NIGHT OPERATIONS will take place at the Irish Command Anti-Gas School, Marlborough Barracks, on TUESDAY NEXT, the 30th JULY, 1918, between the hours of 10.45 p.m. and 11.45 p.m.

(Signed) G. STRATFORD BURTON, Major,
Garrison Adjutant.
Headquarters, Dublin District,
Lower Castle Yard,
Dublin, July 29th, 1918.

MILITARY NOTICE.

NIGHT OPERATIONS will take place at the Dublin Area Anti-Gas School, Islandbridge, on THURSDAY NEXT, the 1st AUGUST, 1918, commencing at 8 p.m.

(Signed) G. STRATFORD BURTON, Major,
Garrison Adjutant.
Headquarters, Dublin District,
Lower Castle Yard,
Dublin, July 29th, 1918.

DUBLIN COUNTY REVISION, 1918.

The Revision of the Lists of Electors and Claims will be held at the Courthouse, Green street, Dublin, and will open for the several Constituencies on the undermentioned dates at 11 o'clock a.m.

Constituency.	Date of Opening of the Revision.
NORTH DUBLIN.	Tuesday, 6th August, 1918.
SOUTH DUBLIN.	Thursday, 8th August, 1918.
PEMBROKE.	Monday, 12th August, 1918.
RATHMINES.	Wednesday, 14th August, 1918.

Lists of Objections to Claims will be open to public inspection here from the 30th July, 1918, daily from 11 a.m. to 4 p.m.

Dated this 29th July, 1918.
GEORGE FOTTRELL, Registration Officer,
Crown and Peace Office, Green street,
Dublin.

DUBLIN BOY SCOUTS.

TO THE SCOUTMASTERS, ASSISTANT SCOUTMASTERS AND SCOUTS, CUBMASTERS AND WOLF CUBS OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF DUBLIN.

I hope all Scouts and Wolf Cubs will be particular to attend Divine Service next Sunday, August the 4th, the Anniversary of the beginning of the War and day appointed by His Majesty for services to invoke the Divine Blessing on our efforts and those of our Allies for Victory, and in Remembrance of all who have Fallen in doing their Duty, and in Thanksgiving for the many blessings we have received.

Troops attached to any Church should attend in a body. Those in camp should attend a convenient church, or have a Camp Service suitable to the occasion.

S. A. QUAN-SMITH,
District Commissioner Dublin City and County
Boy Scouts and Wolf Cubs.

LEGAL NOTICES.

In the Goods of
ELIZABETH HAWE, late of 275 North Circular road, in the City of Dublin, Spinster, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the Statute, that persons claiming against the estate of the deceased, who died on the 27th day of March, 1918, are required, before the 27th day of August next, to furnish written particulars of claims to the undersigned Solicitors for the Administrator, to whom Letters of Administration was granted on the 15th day of July, 1918.

And that after the 27th day of August next the Administrator will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased, having regard only to the claims which shall have been given as hereby required.

Dated this 27th day of July, 1918.
MONKS and OSBORNE, Solicitors for the Administrator, Athy, and 27 Molesworth street, Dublin.

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	Morning	Evening
To-day	4.51	5.23
To-morrow	5.57	6.25

SUNRISE AND SUNSET.

	Rises	Sets
To-day	5.37	9.26
To-morrow	5.38	9.25

LIGHTING-UP TIME .... 10.26 P.M.

ARRANGEMENTS FOR TO-DAY.

Theatre Royal—Hippodrome, 6.45 and 9 p.m.
Gaiety Theatre—"Carminetta," 8 p.m.
Queen's Theatre—Varieties, 6.45 and 9 p.m.
Empire Theatre—6.50 and 9 p.m.
Tivoli Theatre—7 and 9 p.m.
Bohemian Picture Theatre—3 to 10.30 p.m.
Princess Cinema, Rathmines—3 to 11 p.m.
Pillar Picture House—Continuous.
Kingstown Pavilion—Pictures, 3.30 to 10.15 p.m.
Court of the General Synod—Synod Hall, 11.30 a.m.
Killaloe Synod—Nenagh, 10.45 a.m.
Leighlin Diocesan Synod—Carlow, 12.15 o'clock.

The Irish Times.

TUESDAY, JULY 30, 1918.

The Irish Debate.

Four years of war and recent events in Ireland have educated the House of Commons. There was a time when declamation about the "unfettered tyranny of military government" in this country would have drawn loud cheers from the Radical and Labour benches. Yesterday the familiar adjectives fell from Mr. Dillon's lips amid a silence which seemed to congeal them as a man's breath is congealed on a frosty day. Many members of the House have seen active service. They know the present state of Belgium and Serbia, and they know something about Ireland. The Nationalist leader made all the old complaints about deception and coercion. Ireland had been cheated out of Home Rule. Her peaceful societies—interested whole-heartedly in philology and music—had been proclaimed as dangerous. She had been threatened with conscription. The Government was engaged in a deliberate plot to exalt *Sinn Fein*, to discredit the Nationalist Party, and to prevent Ireland from doing her duty in the war. The House was asked to believe that, for some obscure, but infamous, reason, the same Government which is straining every nerve to beat Germany was seeking to establish German influence in Ireland, and that against this act of horrid treachery the Nationalist Party was playing the patriotic *rôle* of the geese of the Capitol. Mr. Shortt followed Mr. Dillon and demolished his fantasies in one of the most serenely effective speeches that any Chief Secretary has made since Mr. Balfour's time. He disposed first of the charge that the Government had cheated Nationalist Ireland out of Home Rule. On the contrary, it had asked Ireland to frame her own settlement. What had the Nationalist Party done to assist that project? Mr. Dillon had invited the Prime Minister to impose a settlement on Ireland. If he should undertake the task, would the party promise to accept his solution? A chorus of "No" came from the Nationalist benches. Mr. Shortt's use of the Socratic method had scuttled Mr. Dillon's chief grievance in a dozen sentences.

On the charge of coercion Mr. Shortt put Mr. Dillon down with the plainest of plain tales. The Government began its attempt to settle the Irish question with an astonishing act of clemency: it released the rebels who had conspired with Germany in the Easter rebellion. The result was a renewal of seditious intrigue on an even more formidable scale than before. The country became an armed camp. Drilling and marching were performed in public. Men were instructed in the arts of cutting telegraph wires and destroying railway bridges. Defiance of the law and intimidation became universal. Speeches hailing Germany as the saviour of Ireland were made on a hundred platforms. Then—not a moment too soon—the Government decided to stop this state of things. The military garrison was strengthened and the police were allowed to resume their suspended functions. Suspects were interned, and criminals were sent to jail and kept there. Certain associations have been forbidden to use their machinery for purposes of sedition. The Crimes Act is being enforced in cases where ordinary juries refuse persistently to do their duty. Mr. Shortt tells us that, as a result of this tardy vindication of the law, the state of Ireland is "vastly improved." The change has been wrought without a single act of serious injustice to any Irishman. The Government's measures have not impaired in the smallest degree the liberties of one law-abiding citizen. In any case, what have Mr. Dillon and his colleagues done to make this so-called "coercion" unnecessary? Instead of helping the country to repudiate *Sinn Fein* they tried, in Mr. Shortt's words, to "go one better than *Sinn Fein*." Mr. Dillon denounces conscription, but what help did he give to the Government when it sought to avert conscription by a campaign of voluntary recruiting? Although he professes to desire victory for the Allies, he conspired with *Sinn Fein* to resist conscription, and yet refused to say one word in favour of the voluntary effort. Mr. Shortt's speech exposed, once for all, the insincerity and impudence of the Nationalist indictment.

The supremely impudent passage of Mr. Dillon's speech was that in which he suggested that the task of an Irish settlement should be referred to the President of the United States. On the international aspect of this suggestion we need add nothing to the statements of Sir Mark Sykes and Mr. Asquith that the English people could not accept the mediation of another Power in an intimate matter of domestic policy. Mr. Dillon has been guilty, however, of an act of extreme impudence to President Wilson. In the first place, the proposal is made to Mr. Wilson by the head of a party which has refused deliberately to help America to win the war. What right has Mr. Dillon to demand even the slightest favour from the head of a State which Nationalist Ireland has deserted in the greatest crisis of its history? In the next place, Mr. Dillon, in his anxiety to embarrass the British Government, has not hesitated to put Mr. Wilson in a position of far greater embarrassment. He invites England's Ally to take a step which would be, in effect, a condemnation of British policy in Ireland. He asks Mr. Wilson to undertake a task which, as is well known, the Premiers of the British Dominions, recognising its hopelessness, have refused to accept. He seeks to put Mr. Wilson to certain humiliation, for it is unquestionable that any scheme which the President could propose at this time would be rejected by a majority of Irish Nationalists. The comments of the American Press on Mr. Dillon's suggestion will furnish yet another proof of the fatuity of the leadership that has brought constitutional Nationalism to the verge of ruin. The truth is—and we are confident that Mr. Wilson is fully aware of it—that Nationalist folly and *Sinn Fein* sedition have killed all prospect of an Irish settlement. Mr. Shortt, an impenitent Home Ruler, recognises that at present no Home Rule programme could pass a general election. England and her Allies are heartily sick of Ireland's disloyalty and selfishness, and ask now that she shall be governed firmly and justly while they are achieving the salvation of the world. Her redemption lies in her own hands, for no man or nation can save another's soul.

Retreat and Resistance.

The German retreat from the Marne salient continues slowly. Despite the confusion in the enemy's rear it is being conducted, as we anticipated yesterday, in good order; and, while the Allies' haul of material is believed to be considerable, their captures of men are not large. The character of the ground—a very heavily wooded plateau—is extremely favourable to rearguard defence by machine-gun nests, and so far the enemy have been able to cover their retirement with much economy of force. There are indications, however, that, notwithstanding the great difficulties attending the Allies' advance, the Germans are beginning to find themselves uncomfortably hustled. Their embarrassed report of yesterday—the first that has mentioned a retirement which began last Friday—explains that, "according to plan," of course, they have shifted their defence to the region of Fère-en-Tardenois and Ville-en-Tardenois, and speaks of their "new line" in this region. It is extremely improbable that the enemy contemplate any prolonged resistance on this most inconvenient line, the retirement to which clears only one-half of the depth of the salient and leaves the Allies still pressing heavily against its flanks. It is very probable, however, that they do propose to fight a delaying action on this line, both in order to be able to break the news of the retreat at home by easy stages, and to give time for the orderly clearance of the remaining area of the salient. Meanwhile the Allies are pressing upon the heels of the retreat with inconsiderate speed, and at the same time are increasing their pressure against the flanks of the salient, especially from the side of Soissons, where fresh British forces—hitherto engaged only on the side of Rheims—entered into action yesterday with success at Buzancy, a few miles south of Soissons. The Germans, therefore, were compelled yesterday to deliver a number of heavy counter-attacks, especially in the centre. All these were successfully repulsed, and the Allies' advance went forward again. Their advance was especially notable on their left centre, at the hinge of the temporary defensive line across the Tardenois which the enemy are attempting to hold, and the line from Soissons to the Ourcq which protects their western flank. Here the French captured the important Butte Chalmont, an extensive height nearly six hundred feet high, which was the pivot of the German resistance north of the Ourcq. This advance threatens to turn the enemy's line in the centre across the Tardenois, and is likely to make their tenure of that line more brief than they had intended. It seems to be established that the Germans propose ultimately to retire behind the line of the Vesle between Soissons and Rheims. It will make a vast difference, however, whether they are able to fall back upon it in good order and in their own time, or are hustled unceremoniously backwards under the Allies' pressure. Yesterday's fighting gives promise of the latter event. The enemy's retreat is as yet by no means secure.

The End of the Strike.

The strike of munition workers in Great Britain is virtually at an end. The chief centres affected were Coventry and Birmingham, and from both these places satisfactory reports were received yesterday. At Birmingham, where the proportion of strikers was much smaller than at Coventry, the men, in Mr. Churchill's phrase, "substantially" resumed work. At Coventry there was a considerable resumption of work in the morning, and at a mass meeting a resolution was passed in favour of a general resumption last night. In the other engineering centres, where the men for the most part have remained at work and awaited events, the decisions taken at Birmingham and Coventry are bound to react favourably. The only doubtful factor remaining yesterday was the engineers at the Woolwich Arsenal, but there is little doubt that the condition of a general resumption of work which must precede the constitution of the promised committee of inquiry will be fulfilled to-day. The strike has been broken in the first place by the strong expression of the general sense of the community that at this moment of the war the precipitate resort to it was intolerable and indefensible; and, in the next place, by the Government's firmness in dealing with the men. The Government was on strong ground in asserting by its threatened withdrawal of exemption certificates the principle of "work or fight." It has at once re-established its authority and has met legitimate grievances by promising an immediate committee of inquiry, but only with the general resumption of work as an indispensable condition.

THE LORD LIEUTENANT.

The Lord Lieutenant arrived at Kingstown yesterday morning from London.

BAR TO THE D.S.O.

Temp. Lieut.-Colonel F. E. Metcalfe, C.M.G., D.S.O., Lincoln Regiment, has been awarded a bar to his D.S.O., "for conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty in defence of a position. By his skilful leadership and ability his battalion succeeded in beating off six determined attacks by the enemy. He personally directed his battalion during the operation, when his courage and cheerfulness were the greatest inspiration to the entire garrison." Lieutenant-Colonel Metcalfe is the only son of Mr. Francis Metcalfe, of Metcalfe Park, Enfield. He has been serving since July, 1915.

CHRISTENING OF LORD JELLICOE'S HEIR.

Lord and Lady Jellicoe's son and heir was baptised yesterday at Lawrence Church, Isle of Wight, in the presence of a large congregation. The ceremony was performed by the Archbishop of York, the child receiving the names of George Patrick John Rushworth. The sponsors were the King, Princess Patricia of Connaught, Miss Lilian Lean, Admiral Sir Lionel Halsey, Mr. Eustace Burrowes, Major Hubert Cayzer, and Rev. F. G. G. Jellicoe. Admiral Sir Cecil Colville represented the King.

After the ceremony Admiral Sir George Callaghan presented the son and heir with a gold cup, subscribed by the Flag officers of the Royal Navy. The numerous christening gifts included a gold cup from the King and a silver basket from Princess Patricia.

ROYAL DUBLIN SOCIETY'S SHOW.

The following have agreed to act as judges at the Royal Dublin Society's Show and Sale of purebred cows, heifers, and calves, which is to be held on the 17th September:—Shorthorns, John Gill, Thorn Farm, Stainton, Penrith; Aberdeen Angus, Hum Bland, Blandsfort, Abbeyleix; Herefords, Henry W. Taylor, Showle Court, Ledbury.

INTER-ALLIED EXHIBITION OF WORK BY WOUNDED SOLDIERS.

A preliminary meeting was convened yesterday to arrange for the holding in Dublin during the week 12th to 17th of August, of an Inter-Allied Exhibition of work by wounded soldiers.

The chair was taken by Sir Maurice Dockrell, D.L., who said that the Lord Lieutenant had consented to become patron of the Exhibition, and had expressed his intention of visiting it upon the opening day, 12th August, and that the Earl of Meath, K.P., H.M.L., had consented to act as president. The Mansion House had been kindly lent by the Lord Mayor, and there would be very interesting cinema displays of military events in connection with American and other Allied troops. The primary object of the Exhibition was to illustrate to the public the advance which science had made in repairing the ravages of war, and in enabling the wounded and incapacitated soldier to supplement his pension.

In addition to the exhibits of work done in the Allied countries by wounded soldiers, there will be local exhibits by the Orthopaedic Hospital, the Duke of Connaught's Hospital, etc., and other attractions. A general Executive Committee was appointed.

Amongst those present or who sent apologies were—

Lady Arnott, D.B.E., Edward H. Andrews, J.P., Mrs. Barker, the Hon. Mrs. Barry, Mrs. Brereton Barry, Andrew Beattie, D.L., High Sheriff of the City of Dublin; Mons. Blanche, the Right Hon. the Lord Chancellor and Lady Campbell, Mrs. Cox, J. A. McConchy, Herbert Dudgeon, Lord Decies, Charles Gamble, Captain de Burgh Daly, Mrs. Edie, Colonel J. Fowle, General and Mrs. Fry, W. H. Geoghegan, M.B.E., the Hon. Arthur Ernest Guinness, Mrs. Greer, Mrs. Hignett, O.B.E., C. Wisdom Hely, J.P., Sir John Lumsden, K.B.E., D.L., the Marchioness of Waterford, the Provost of Trinity College, Mrs. Owen Lewis, General Russell, D.D.M.S., J. H. Russell, the Commissioner of Police (Colonel Edgeworth-Johnstone, C.B.), Lady Shaw, the Deputy Italian Consul (on behalf of Conte Salazar), Commander and Mrs. Gaisford St. Lawrence, Mrs. Starkie, Mrs. Shortt, and Colonel Sir John Leslie and Captain Stephen Gwynn (members of the Irish Recruiting Council).

Mr. Charles Gamble was appointed to act as Hon. Secretary, and Messrs. Herbert Dudgeon and J. H. Russell will act as joint Hon. Treasurers of the Exhibition.

OBITUARY.

MR. WILLIAM HAYES.

We announce with regret the death of Mr. William Hayes, which occurred last night at his residence, Edmondston Park, Rathfarnham. Mr. Hayes was the head of the well-known firm of chemists—Hayes, Conyngham, and Robinson—whose extensive business in Dublin and the townships is conducted through a number of branches of the parent establishment. He established the business many years ago, and under his management it steadily developed and prospered until he found that it was too much for one man to control, and he then conceived the idea of putting it on the market and floating it as a company. The passing of the business to a company released him in some measure from the close attention which he was accustomed to give to it, and thus afforded him opportunities for taking part in philanthropic work, for which he had a natural tendency. He held prominent office in connection with various branches of religious work, in which he took a deep interest, and to which he was a generous contributor. As a member of the Prison Gate Mission he earnestly endeavoured to assist in bringing about the reform which that Mission aimed at effecting. His zeal in the work of foreign missions was shown in the great interest he took in the Church Missionary Society. In his position as a life governor of the Incurable Hospital, Donnybrook, he was ever anxious to assuage the sufferings of the patients, to whom his sympathy was invariably extended. The care of the orphan seemed to him a sacred duty, and the Protestant Orphan Society owed much to his influence and practical sympathy as one of its secretaries. He was closely identified with the working of the Jews' Society, the South American Mission Society, and any movement having for its object the well-being of the Old Men's Asylum, Northbrook road. He was one of the oldest members of Harold's Cross Church, one of its parochial nominators, and for well-nigh half a century he acted as superintendent of the Sunday School connected with it. He was a member of both the General Synod and the Dublin Diocesan Synod. Mr. Hayes was highly esteemed by his fellow-citizens of every rank and creed, who recognised in him a high-minded gentleman, to whom charitable objects never appealed in vain. For some years past he turned his attention to some extent to farming, and on the two hundred acres of which he had possession he gave much-needed employment to a number of labourers in Rathfarnham district. His brother, the Rev. Canon Hayes, is the rector of Raheny, Co. Dublin.

MR. H. J. C. TOLER AYLWARD.

The death has occurred at Shankill Castle, County Kilkenny, of Mr. Hector J. C. Toler Aylward, in his 80th year. Mr. Aylward, who was a Deputy Lieutenant for the County Kilkenny, was a son of the late Rev. Peter Toler, of Bloomfield, County Roscommon.

Owing to lack of trasport 1,250,000 bales of wool, 52,000 tons of frozen meats, and 1,000 tons of butter are at present stored in Australia.

LONDON CORRESPONDENCE.

59 FLEET STREET, LONDON,
MONDAY NIGHT.

Except in one respect Mr. Dillon's speech to-day resembled most of his other speeches. It was very long, occupying close on an hour and a half; it dealt very largely with ancient history; and it varied in delivery from a high pitched, almost falsetto, wail to a hoarse whisper very difficult to catch. It was punctuated with obsequious applause by the Nationalists in attendance—not a large proportion of the party—but by the rest of the House it was received in almost dead silence. Even his provocative attacks upon Sir Edward Carson and Mr. Bonar Law aroused no interruptions, and his unexpected suggestion—made, as he explained, entirely on his own responsibility—to submit the Irish question to the arbitrament of President Wilson hardly stirred the House from its settled apathy.

The Chief Secretary had evidently expected that the indictment would be supported by other Nationalists, for he did not rise immediately after the Speaker had put the motion, and it was only cries of "Shortt, Shortt," that brought him to his feet. But he left the House in no doubt as to his attitude. Never since the days of Mr. Long have the Nationalists heard such straight-from-the-shoulder talk from the representative of the Irish Executive. They, and not he and Lord French, were the persons chiefly responsible for the present condition of their country. Undeterred by the noisy interruptions of Mr. Devlin and others, he pointed out that, though Ireland was treated after the rebellion in the most conciliatory manner, she had fallen by the spring of this year into a condition in which, according to Mr. Dillon himself, she was ready for Bolshevism and "seas of blood."

The Government had only taken such steps as a Home Rule Administration would have had to take if it had existed. But the Nationalists had done nothing to help them. They had not even helped to formulate the amendments they thought necessary to the Home Rule Act (for which, Mr. Shortt said, he had voted, and would vote again), and, instead of denouncing *Sinn Fein* for its opposition to recruiting, they were trying to go one better. But there was still time for them to change. The measures taken by the Government—much milder than they had been represented to be—had already produced vast improvement, and there were still hopes that Ireland, prosperous and peaceful, might yet be made politically contented, and that Home Rule would once more become a possible policy to put before British constituencies. It was certainly refreshing to hear again such plain speaking from the spokesman of the Irish Executive.

Mr. Scanlan and Mr. Devlin divided the honours between them with regard to personalities. They went for the Government and they went for the Chief Secretary. Mr. Devlin almost shrieked with passion when he spoke of the insult to which Ireland and her representatives had been subjected. His sentiments were much approved by one member of the Strangers' Gallery, who signified his appreciation of the hon. member's attack upon the Government by loudly clapping his hands. This constituted a breach of Parliamentary decorum, which was at once taken notice of by the watchful attendant.

Sir George Reid duly moved his amendment to Mr. Dillon's motion. The point of his speech was that there was nothing of the oppressed about Ireland, and that the real trouble was in Ireland herself. Sir Mark Sykes made a powerful speech, in which he pointed out that Ireland was in danger of being estranged from the great English democracy. Mr. Asquith followed. His whole speech was a passionate appeal to all parties to try to make another effort to settle the Irish question.

Mr. Bonar Law, in winding up the debate, spoke of its obvious unreality. Did anyone suggest that it was possible at this moment to attempt to put into operation any form of self-government in Ireland when, on the admission of Mr. Dillon himself, the people against this country and on the side of the Germans were in a majority to-day? Could any sane man hand over to them the government of Ireland? Upon a division Mr. Dillon's resolution was negatived by 245 to 106.

Mr. Shortt's declaration that it would be impossible, in view of the present state of English opinion, to propose Home Rule for Ireland at any election caused naturally rather a sensation among members. The declaration was the more important from a Minister who is a firm believer in that policy under suitable circumstances. But its truth is questioned in no quarter. Some of the Nationalists even were gloomily admitting its truth. "That is the reason," said one of them in conversation on the subject, "why our leader's speech was heard in dead silence by everybody except ourselves, and why his proposal that President Wilson should be called upon evoked not a single 'Hear, hear,' from a British member." Mr. Asquith's proposal that yet another effort should, in spite of adverse appearances, be made to settle the Irish question is thought to be amicable, but is not looked on very hopefully just now. It is recalled that his proposal to refer the question to the Imperial Conference does not seem to have come to anything.

DUBLIN CORPORATION COAL COMMITTEE.

RATIONING SYSTEM SUGGESTED.

At a meeting of the Dublin Corporation Coal Supply Committee held at the City Hall yesterday, the Lord Mayor presiding, the following resolution was unanimously adopted:—"In view of the impossibility of securing, under present circumstances, adequate supplies for the needs of Dublin—viz., to keep industries in operation and to provide anything like a sufficient supply for the workers and the poor, or a fair supply for ordinary householders—this Committee calls upon Mr. Burgess, the Irish Coal Controller, to take at once full control of all coal supplies for Dublin, and take full responsibility for their distribution by adopting a card rationing system. The Committee demands that Ireland shall be treated on the same basis as Great Britain with regard to supplies, and that Dublin shall at least receive the same proportion of Irish supplies as Belfast in comparison with previous years."

THE COAL SHORTAGE.

Sir Albert Stanley, in the House of Commons yesterday, stated, in reply to Mr. Houston, that the shortage of coal for export and home consumption was due in part to the decrease in the output of coal, arising from the recruitment of a quota of 75,000 Grade 1 miners, and in part to the increased demands by our Allies. The daily hours of work of miners underground were regulated by the Coal Mines Regulation Act, 1908, and there were not at present adequate grounds for believing that an increase in hours of work would lead to an increase in the output. The customary number of days worked per week at collieries in certain districts was less than six, but the number of districts to which this applied was less than it was before the war. At the present time a certain number of miners, now in the Home Army, of low medical category, were being released to return to work in the mines, but the number available for release was necessarily limited by the requirements of the military situation. The executive of the British Miners' Federation had pledged themselves to the Prime Minister to use all their influence to get the miners to improve the output and to work regularly.

Mr. Houston asked was coal not as important as other munitions of war, and would it not be in the national interest that the Miners Eight Hours Act should be suspended during the period of the war.

Sir Albert Stanley said there was no evidence for the moment that would indicate that any substantial relief would be secured if that particular Act were suspended.

Replying to a further question by Mr. Houston, Sir Albert Stanley said that he was aware that there might be some inconvenience attached to the restrictions of the Fuel Rationing Order, but it was hoped that actual hardship would be avoided. The Order was framed with that intention.

Sir Robert and Lady Ropner, to mark the celebration of their diamond wedding, have presented £10,000 to the Governors of the Stockton and Thornaby-on-Tees Hospital.

VOLUNTARY RECRUITING.

IRELAND'S ARMY OF "UNPRODUCTIVES."

170,000 MEN WHO CAN BE SPARED.

Mr. Serjeant Sullivan, K.C., arrived in Limerick yesterday, and addressed a public meeting held at the Chamber of Commerce on the question of Irish Recruiting. Mr. J. P. Goodbody presided, and there was a large attendance.

Mr. Serjeant Sullivan said that he had not come to Limerick to make a speech, but to explain to those most interested the proposals which, he hoped, would be laid before the country by the Irish Recruiting Council within the next 24 or 48 hours. The Council had been subjected to a good deal of criticism for not having done so before, but the task was no easy one, and not at all so simple as some people imagined. Under the old recruiting schemes the War Office was supreme, but in the present scheme the old War Office system was eliminated. The Council was constituted of four gentlemen, to whom one had been added for Ulster, and they were all anxious to accomplish a task which they believed would be of enormous service to the country. At all events it was an Irish scheme run by Irish gentlemen, and their great desire was to find what methods would be best applicable to each district in itself. The Council would carefully consider suggestions from local gentlemen, and have a committee formed of those interested in the work. The scheme was a novel one, embracing Army recruiting for three different forces—the Army, the Navy, and the Flying Corps, and the alternative to their scheme—and the only one—conscription, would be what they must all regret as a disaster to the country.

MEN AVAILABLE IN IRELAND.

There was more difference of opinion with regard to conscription than he had at first anticipated. Lord French's proclamation called for 50,000 volunteers from all Ireland, and he made no secret of the principle which actuated him. He (Serjeant Sullivan) always felt that conscription would, among other things, produce a great cleavage between the military and the people for whom they were fighting. Lord French shared that opinion, and that it would be better to have one man voluntarily than three men compelled to join. The registration of the country showed 160,000 to 170,000 men who could be spared for service, as they were unproductive. It was a mistake to suppose that the North-East of Ireland was the only portion of the country in favour of conscription. There were other people in Ireland who were anxious for conscription. A large class of persons who, having neither the character nor the ability to win fame, were most anxious to win notoriety. He referred to the division of the country into ten areas. Each area would have to raise its own quota, and if it refused to do so it would have to take compulsory recruiting in its stead.

THE ENFORCING OF CONSCRIPTION.

What had occurred in the adjoining county of Clare showed how easy it would be for the authorities to enforce conscription in Ireland. Within 24 hours the authorities could clear every available man out of Clare, and put him into a barbed wire cage in France. Limerick, Clare, and Kerry would form one area, and their quota would be an absolutely fair one, only about one-third of the unproductive young men doing nothing towards the prosperity of the country. With regard to the voluntary system of recruiting he dwelt at some length on the advantage which the Air Force would afford in training men into skilled mechanics, and which in itself would be a great advantage to Ireland after the war. Four years ago Ireland pledged her manhood in the cause, and he hoped she never would be so dishonourable as to recede from the position that she had taken up. He had given an outline of the proposals, and he could not imagine what alternative there was to it. He had seen no other scheme propounded, and he would ask the young men of the country who wished to achieve a little public notoriety by obstruction, if they thought that General Foch, the great Catholic leader of the Allies, was going to leave a hundred thousand men in Ireland for the purpose of watching them. They had already shown what they could do in Clare, and they could bring them over to France, and put some three thousand invalids to watch over them.

THE POSITION IN IRELAND TO-DAY.

Three years ago Ireland was for the first time a nation on the battlefield, united in sentiment and in a common cause. Never before in the history of Ireland—not even at Clontarf—had Ireland stood together on the battlefield, until the Allies marched against the Prussians. What was the position to-day? They were wrangling about politics; they might be blaming the Government, but they should do something other than sit down and sulk. They should now set themselves right.

Sir A. W. Shaw, J.P., in proposing a vote of thanks to Mr. Serjeant Sullivan, said that it had been shown to them that it was quite possible and desirable to carry out the scheme, which was an excellent one, and one worthy of the men who put it together. He trusted that it would be carried out in a proper spirit.

Colonel Williamson, R.M.F., said that he had no doubt that the quota would be forthcoming in Limerick. They would be responsible in Limerick for the quota from Limerick, Clare, and Kerry.

Lieutenant Waring, R.M.F., addressed the Chamber in support of the scheme formulated by the Ministry of Labour to provide employment for officers disabled through wounds and sickness. His suggestions were sympathetically received by the meeting, and he informed the Chairman that a registry of names would be sent in.

The proceedings then terminated.

GALLANT EXPLOITS DESCRIBED.

AWARDS OF MILITARY CROSS.

The following are the details of service for which Military Cross awards were conferred upon the undermentioned officers, with others, for distinguished service and devotion to duty in the field:—

BAR—MILITARY CROSS.

Lt. Arthur Birley Patrick Love Vincent, M.C., Dn. Gds.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty in a successful charge against the enemy infantry and machine guns, resulting in the capture of 100 prisoners and the recapture of a valuable tactical position. He also rendered fine service in obtaining valuable information on numerous mounted patrols during operations.

MILITARY CROSS.

T. 2nd Lt. Arthur Alan Barrett, R. Berks R.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty during long operations as acting Adjutant of the battalion. Throughout he displayed high courage, initiative and a complete grasp of the situations, and was of the greatest value to the C.O. On one occasion he took command of a company in a counter-attack, which reached its objective, and organised a new line under heavy fire, showing a total disregard for danger.

T./Lt. Edward Alphonse Winston Barron, Res. Cav.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty while commanding numerous liaison patrols under heavy fire and bringing back most accurate information. On one occasion, when part of the line had been driven in, he rallied parties of infantry, re-organised them, and led them back to a position where they consolidated and held on, thus delaying the enemy's advance and giving time for fresh troops to come up.

2nd Lt. Norman Cecil Battersby, R.F.A., Spec. Res.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty. When the enemy advanced in a fog in great numbers, he went forward to the firing line and obtained information at great personal risk. It was owing to his courage and accurate reports that the battery was able to continue firing so long and then retire successfully.

T. Capt. Walter Albert Beattie, R. Ir. Fus.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty while attacking a strong enemy position. Though two platoons were forced back, he took the position with the remaining two under very heavy machine-gun fire and held on to it. He showed fine courage and powers of command.

T./Lt. John Henry Brabazon, R.G.A.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty in remaining at his observation post in a precarious position and enabling the battery to inflict severe losses on the advancing infantry.

SPECIAL PROMOTIONS FOR SERVICE.

Amongst the recent special promotions for service in action are the following:—

Cdr. R. S. Sneyd, D.S.O., R.N.—This officer commanded the Thetis, and was the senior officer and leader of the three Zeebrugge blockships. The Thetis forced her way through the net obstruction protecting the inner harbour, by which both her engines were brought up. Her way carried her to the west side of the channel, where she settled on the bottom in a sinking condition, due to the enemy's fire. Commander Sneyd, seeing it was impossible to take the ship further, blew the charges to make salvage of the vessel impracticable. In this position, while still under heavy fire, and himself wounded, he gave valuable directions which ensured the Intrepid and the Iphigenia taking up the positions in which they were ordered to be sunk, and did not abandon his own ship until he was satisfied that he could be of no further assistance in attaining the objective.

Eng. Lt.-Cdr. W. A. Bury, R.N. (Vindictive).—During the preparation of the expedition this officer worked with untiring energy and exceptional ability, not only in his own department, but in every possible way in which he could assist other departments in furthering the general interests of the enterprise. When the Vindictive was alongside the mole, he displayed great bravery in helping to bring in the wounded and in generally assisting the medical staff. (Specially promoted to the rank of Engineer Commander as from April 23.)

The King will hold a Council on Friday next.

The cotton mills in Wigan district resumed work yesterday, the employers having conceded the operatives' demands.

Tetanus has broken out to an alarming extent in the German Army, according to information received by The Hague Correspondent of the *Telegraaf*.

CRIME IN CLARE AND KERRY.

MR. JUSTICE DODD'S TREATMENT OF PRISONERS.

Mr. Justice Dodd resumed the hearing of remitted criminal cases at the Cork Assizes yesterday.

John Mulqueen, Kilrush, pleaded guilty to having, on the 25th January, raided the house of Mr. Thomas Murphy, Co. Clare, in quest of arms. On the night in question five masked men went to Murphy's kitchen, the first two men carrying revolvers, and one of the others had a double-barrelled shot gun. Murphy "ducked" when the guns were presented at his head, got his gun, and, wheeling round, covered the raiders, who retreated to the door. He followed and fired shots at them, but could not say if he struck any of them. One of them turned round when he had gone twenty yards and fired at him, but the shot missed. Murphy closed with one of them, and knocked him down with the butt of his gun. He then took him to the house and tied him to a chair, and compelled him to give the names of his accomplices.

His Lordship said that he did not quite despair of reclaiming Clare, and he had the greatest confidence that his method of treating prisoners would have the desired result. He would sentence the prisoner to twelve months' imprisonment with hard labour, but he would respite execution of the sentence on the following terms—that the accused should appear before the local Resident Magistrate and give sureties to keep the peace, and be further respited till the next Cork Assizes; but if in the meantime there was any disquiet in the neighbourhood in respect of anything that the accused did, the sentence would fall on him at the next Assizes.

Mr. Comyn (instructed by Mr. O'Shea, solicitor) defended.

His Lordship dealt similarly with Bartholomew McNamara and Edward Grace, who pleaded guilty to having, at Broadford, Co. Clare, broken the windows of an unoccupied house.

Mr. O'Connor (instructed by Mr. Lynch, solicitor) defended.

John McNamara pleaded not guilty to having, with others, raided for arms the house of Margaret Lyons, Moyadda, Clare.

Mr. R. M. Hennessy, K.C., and Mr. Roche (instructed by Mr. Cullinane, Crown Solicitor, Clare) prosecuted; and Mr. Comyn (instructed by Mr. O'Shea, solicitor) defended.

The jury found the prisoner not guilty, and he was discharged.

A KERRY CASE.

Michael O'Keeffe, a farm labourer from Kerry, pleaded guilty to having, on 23rd February, wounded a horse the property of Edmond O'Connor. The police evidence was to the effect that Mr. O'Connor bought a farm for £1,000, and went into possession of it. The labourers of the district felt that they had a claim to the farm, and they went there and marked it out in sections for themselves. The following day they turned up, to the number of 30 or 40, and started to "spade" it up. Mr. O'Connor's friends, with about fifteen teams of horses, appeared at the same time and started to plough up the land. When Mr. O'Connor's men were coming from Abbeyfeale with drink in a car, the prisoner, it was alleged, came from behind a house and shot the horse.

His Lordship made the same rule as to passing sentence of twelve months and respiting it provisionally, as in the former cases.

KING'S COUNTY SHOOTING CASE.

At the Belfast Assizes yesterday, before Lord Justice Molony, Thomas Fleming, mill worker, Clara, King's County, was indicted on a charge of wounding Nicholas Bannon, an ex-soldier, with intent to kill, at Clara, on 11th May. The venue for the trial had been changed under the Criminal Law and Procedure (Ireland) Act. The accused, who was defended by Mr. J. C. Gardner, M.P., pleaded not guilty.

The case for the Crown was that, while returning from a picture house attached to a travelling circus Bannon, who had been connected with the Royal Dublin Fusiliers Special Reserve from 1900 till 1917, when he was discharged suffering from shell shock, was assailed by two men. Bannon made a "lick" at one of them, whereupon, it was alleged, Fleming rushed out on to the road. A revolver shot came from the prisoner's direction, and Bannon was injured in the [illegible].

In cross-examination, Bannon stated that he did not see a revolver, but he saw the flash come from the prisoner's hand.

For the defence evidence was given that Bannon rushed at Fleming with a knife.

The jury found the prisoner guilty of malicious wounding under extreme provocation, a verdict with which his lordship said that he thoroughly agreed. The prisoner was bound over to keep the peace for three years, himself in £50, and one surety of £25.

COURTMARTIAL IN CORK.

A MILITARY CYCLIST AND HIS RIFLE.

At a general courtmartial in Cork yesterday, John Nolan, Gooseberry Hill, [illegible], Co. Cork, pleaded not guilty to endangering the safety of a member of His Majesty's Forces in that he, at Knockatouhane, on 29th June, caused Private Murray, Lancashire Yeomanry, to be thrown from a bicycle, and also with attempting to take Private Murray's rifle.

Private Murray stated that he was one of a party of military cyclists proceeding towards [illegible]. While cycling in advance of the main body the accused, who was one of two men that he overtook, knocked him off by putting his hand against the front wheel. He then saw two men at his rifle, but he got a hold of it before they could take it. As a result of injuries he had been in hospital.

Cross-examined—He did not fall because of the fact that his left arm came in contact with Nolan's right arm.

Second Lieutenant Aubrey, who was in charge of the party, said that when questioned by him Nolan [illegible] bicycle. The two men were arrested.

Evidence for the defence was that the soldier struck against Nolan and fell. The accused did not go near the rifle.

The decision will be promulgated.

ILLEGAL DRILLING AT DEAN'S GRANGE.

Francis Coyle, Kill o' the Grange, one of fifteen men against whom warrants were issued at Kingstown Petty Sessions on Thursday on a charge of illegal drilling in the Sinn Fein Hall, Dean's Grange, on June 12th, was brought up before the Northern Police Court, Dublin, yesterday, with [illegible] Hill, Cornel's Court, who answered the summons at Kingstown.

Mr. Drury, in sentencing Hill to three months and Coyle to six months' imprisonment, with hard labour, said that there must be an end of such nonsense. There was plenty of opportunity for drilling in regimental barracks, where men were wanted. He would deal severely with offenders of that class.

The two men charged, John Hill and Francis Coyle, afterwards intimated that they were willing to join the Army or Navy. Mr. Drury remanded them until to-day. They were sent to the naval recruiting office, but were not accepted, and are detained in custody.

SCOUTS ARRESTED AT NEWBRIDGE.

There was some excitement in Newbridge on Sunday, when nine boys were arrested and conveyed to the R.I.C. barracks. It is stated that a large body of boys, of whom eight were in Scout uniform, were engaged in some drilling exercise on the banks of the Liffey, near Crotanstown, when Head Constable Sweeney and some policemen arrived and arrested nine of the party, while another [illegible] about twenty made their escape across the [illegible] the direction of the town. After having been in custody for three hours eight of the boys who were in uniform were released, while the ninth, who it was alleged had been acting as drill instructor, was detained in custody. He is [illegible] years of age, and is engaged in Dublin as a [illegible] assistant.

POLICE RAIDS.

At nine o'clock on Monday morning [illegible] and a force of police, in charge of [illegible] Heggart and Head Constable [illegible] licensed and grocery premises of Mr. [illegible] Slaney place, Enniscorthy, and Mr. [illegible] cycle agent, Slaney street, and made an exhaustive search, which lasted for [illegible] military remained on the [illegible] was being carried out inside. [illegible] ostensibly for arms and ammunition, but [illegible] found. Mr. Raftier is president of the [illegible] Sinn Fein club. Police in the outlying districts have visited a number of houses and taken shot guns.

RECRUITING POSTER DESTROYED.

For tearing down a recruiting poster at Stephen's Green, in view of a policeman, [illegible] Wicks, 46 Phibsborough road, was fined 25s. [illegible] Southern Police Court yesterday.

FOOTBALL TEAMS DISPERSED BY POLICE.

The Press Association says that a baton charge by the police was found necessary on Sunday at the crossroads near Ballymena to disperse the adherents of two Gaelic football teams. The [illegible] had failed to apply for permission to play [illegible] which the police requested them to depart [illegible] fused. After the baton charge the police [illegible] charge of the playing ground. No arrests [illegible] reported.

THE ULSTER VOLUNTEERS.

QUESTIONS IN PARLIAMENT.

Mr. Patrick Meehan asked the Chief Secretary for Ireland, in the House of Commons, what reply was given by the leaders of the Ulster Volunteers to the Government's request for the surrender of the arms and ammunition; if the Ulster Volunteers is still in existence, and is it the intention of the Government to proclaim this body as an illegal and dangerous association.

Mr. Shortt writes in reply—I cannot make any general statement at present with regard to the matter referred to in the question beyond saying that steps are in progress to secure the surrender of arms throughout the whole country.

Mr. Nugent asked the Chief Secretary whether there is in existence a body known as the Provisional Government of Ulster, and, if so, who are the members of it, and whether the Government of Ireland is controlled by this Provisional Council or by Lord French and the [illegible] Cabinet.

Mr. Shortt writes—I am informed that such a body as that referred to is in existence, but I am not aware as to who are the members. There is no foundation for the suggestion that Ireland is controlled by this Provisional Council.

THE SWEETMEATS ORDER.

At their last meeting the directors of the Waterford Chamber of Commerce adopted the following resolution, which has been [illegible] mitted for presentation to the Food Control Committee for Ireland:—

The directors of the Waterford Chamber of Commerce desire to call attention of the Food Control Committee for Ireland to the grave injustice [illegible] to the grocery and confectionery trades by having applied the Sale of Sweetmeats Restriction Order to Ireland, as these trades have always been the largest and practically the only distributors of sweetmeats in Ireland. The Order, having been passed to meet the English confectionery trade, where conditions are totally different, cannot be applied to this country without eliminating those who have always been the distributors, and the directors, therefore, ask the Food Control Committee for Ireland to consider the advisability of [illegible] the Order.

FROM "THE TIMES" OF TO-DAY.

(BY SPECIAL ARRANGEMENT WITH THE PROPRIETORS OF *THE TIMES*.)

STILL RETREATING.

There is no longer any doubt, says *The Times*, that the retreating Germans have no intention of stopping their retreat south of the River Vesle. That question was obviously settled when the French and American troops forced the passage of the River Ourcq at Fère-en-Tardenois. The idea is even beginning to prevail that the Germans may not stay on the Vesle. Why should they? It is not a very defensible line, while on the heights north of the Aisne there is one of the finest positions in France, from which the enemy were never completely dislodged during nearly four years of conflict. It is true that the complete abandonment of the new salient will have a depressing effect in Germany, but the German General Staff have never hesitated to cut their losses, and they are still able to bamboozle their own civil population. Meanwhile, the Germans have at last admitted their retreat in the bulletin we publish to-day. In certain respects, though by no means in all, their statements are for once fairly correct. Their retirement has undoubtedly been skilfully conducted; they have lost comparatively few prisoners (though much heavy war material) during the actual operation of retreat, and their rearguards are fighting with great stubbornness. For instance, the village of Sergy, east of Fère, is said to have changed hands four times during the struggle between the Germans and the United States troops for its possession. The Germans owe their ability to retreat in good order very largely to their incessant use of machine guns in thickly wooded country. On the other hand, the ground at their disposal is steadily growing more restricted, thanks to the constant pressure of the Allied troops, and as the pursuit develops they may find the position of the dense masses they have crowded into the salient extremely difficult.

AUSTRIAN SATIRE.

One of the most entertaining articles on the commencement of the German retreat, says *The Times*, was that of the Vienna *Neue Freie Presse*. Some passages are as near to satire as the Austrian Press ever dares to go. For example: "The First Quartermaster-General announces that the German leaders, now that General Foch's attempt to break through has ended in failure and been brought to naught, have been able to withdraw their troops to the north bank of the Marne for fresh and more important tasks." For fresh and more important tasks! Here is the personal note: "We see before us the figures of Hindenburg and Ludendorff, who, hitherto, even in hard times, have kept every promise, and whose signature has never been given to the German people and its Allies without serious consideration. From time to time, both in East and West, Hindenburg and Ludendorff have had to beat down stubborn fortune with their strong fists. But never have they made such an announcement as to-day, immediately after the terrible battle, in which the German Army, as so often before, has been able to prevent the break through of the enemy. Never have they sent out their proclamation into the world that the troops withdrawn from the occupied river bank were required for fresh and more important tasks. That is no boasting; it is conviction and will. Everything connected with the Marne has been sacred to the French, but Ludendorff's phrase about the German troops, which were withdrawn from the south bank for fresh and more important tasks, will ring in their ears. Miracles are very rare, and the repetition of a miracle on the same place is very improbable, almost impossible. The withdrawal of troops from the south bank of the Marne will have no effect on the temper of the German people. The nation is so hardy, and has such confidence in its strength, that the German attack has taken place in accordance with the expectations of Hindenburg and Ludendorff as a defence against the French attempt to break through; and even the abandonment of the southern bank of the Marne will not be able to touch our faith."

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL CORBAN.

The death, says *The Times*, at Llandrindod, is announced of Lieutenant-Colonel L. Corban, son of the late Mr. W. Corban, of Bettyville, Fermoy, County Cork, and brother of the late General Corban, whose death took place a short time ago. After graduating M.D. at the Royal University of Ireland in 1864, he entered the Army with a commission in the 10th Hussars. For a number of years he served in India, on one occasion receiving public thanks for his services. Afterwards he saw active service in the Egyptian Campaigns of 1882 and 1885, being attached to the Camel Corps, and being present at Mahuta, Kassassin engagements, and Tel-el-Kebir. For his services he received the Egyptian Medals and the Khedive's Star. On retiring he became Deputy Lieutenant for the County of Hereford, where he took an active part in political affairs, and was for several years Ruling Councillor of the Hereford Habitation of the Primrose League. At the outbreak of the Boer War he volunteered for service, and was stationed at Aldershot. In 1877 he married Myra, daughter of the late T. Barrow, of Oldbury Place, Kent, and he leaves two sons and a daughter.

THE STOCK EXCHANGE.

Among the features of interest in the Stock Markets yesterday, says *The Times*, "was an advance in Chartered Shares, in view of the judgment in the Privy Council Land case. The general tone of markets was good. Home and Argentine Railway Securities, Oil and Rubber Shares, and Brewery Securities all meeting with support. There was a recovery in the Marconi group, and Clayton and Shuttleworth had a further sharp rise.

WORLD'S NEWS IN BRIEF.

The *Vossische Zeitung* reports that the reduction of the German weekly meat ration from 250 to 200 grammes will come into force on August 12th.

Pirates near Macao have murdered a Swede named Grouroos, wounded a Portuguese named [illegible], and drowned a Chinese boatswain of a Chinese Maritime Customs launch.

Monday's Berlin papers state that Admiral von Hintze, Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, has gone to the Main Headquarters. The *Rheinische Volkszeitung* believes that, among other matters, the Lithuanian problem will be discussed.

The Air Ministry announce that a large number of women officers are required for the Women's Royal Air Force. The duties of these officers will be to supervise and control the W.R.A.F.S. employed at various camps in the United Kingdom.

A Zurich telegram dated Sunday says—The *Fremdenblatt*? *Neueste Nachrichten* states that in the recent explosion in a munition works there 115 persons were killed and 177 seriously injured. Of the latter 129 have since died, the total number of deaths thus being 292.

The Postmaster-General announces that mails for the Belgian Congo, the Cameroons, Dahomey, the French Congo, French Guinea, Gambia, Gold Coast Colony, Ivory Coast, Liberia, Nigeria, Senegal, Sierra Leone, and Togoland, have been lost at sea through enemy action.

The Luxury Tax Committee will meet to-day for the final adoption of a report, submitted, it is understood, by Mr. Davison Dalziel, M.P. The lists of articles to be subject to the tax have been designed with the view of raising a considerable sum of money, and are not framed solely for the purpose of sumptuary legislation.

A soldier named Charles Edge, who escaped from Germany in November last, after being a prisoner of war there for three years, was ordered by the Newport (Isle of Wight) Justices yesterday to pay £22 arrears of rates, which had accumulated during the last four years on premises where his wife carried on his business during his absence.

WAR ITEMS.

A Berlin official telegram from Main Headquarters, in contradicting the rumours about the unsatisfactory state of health of Field-Marshal von Hindenburg, states that his health is excellent.

The Austrian *communiqué* of yesterday reports heavy fighting in Albania. It says—"In the Semeni salient our positions were five times the objectives of violent attacks, all of which broke down with sanguinary losses."

Last night's *communiqué* from the Salonika front says:—There was the usual artillery and patrol activity on the Struma and Serbian fronts. West of the Vardar we repulsed an enemy detachment. There was great aerial activity on the part of the Allied airmen. In air fighting during the day we brought down an enemy machine.

GERMANS ADMIT REVERSE.

STILL RETREATING.

HEAVY FIGHTING NORTH OF MARNE.

CAPTURE OF SERGY.

The German communiqué issued last evening admits for the first time the severe reverse which they have suffered on the Marne. The communiqué states that the defence line has been shifted, "according to plan."

The latest information is that the enemy are still retreating, but at the same time offering strong resistance.

A sign of their intention to fall back further is that many villages behind the lines are in flames.

The French night report states that heavy fighting took place along the whole front north of the Marne. On the right bank of the Ourcq the gains have been extended to the north of Fère-en-Tardenois, and Sergy has been captured.

On the British front the Australians have carried out a successful attack on a two-mile front on the Bray-Corbie road. Two lines of trenches and a number of prisoners were taken.

BRITISH OFFICIAL.

Monday, 10.17 a.m.

Australian troops carried out a successful local operation last night in the Morlancourt sector.

Two lines of hostile trenches on a front of over two miles astride the Bray-Corbie road were attacked and captured with over 100 prisoners and a number of machine guns.

Heavy casualties were inflicted on the enemy in this operation. Our own losses are reported to be light.

Two successful raids were carried out last night by Canadian troops south and north of Gavrelle. A few prisoners were taken by us upon each occasion. On the remainder of the British front there is nothing to report beyond artillery activity on either side at certain points.

7.27 p.m.

In the successful minor operation carried out by us last night in the Morlancourt sector we captured 143 prisoners and 36 machine guns. All our objectives were taken, and three local counter-attacks have been beaten off with loss to the enemy. There is nothing further to report.

Aviation.—On the 28th inst., in spite of low clouds, our aeroplanes were able to carry out several reconnaissances and take many photographs. Ten tons of bombs were distributed between ammunition dumps, railway stations, and billets in the neighbourhood of Douai, Armentières, Bapaume, and Chaulnes. In the early morning there was a certain amount of fighting in the air. Nine hostile machines were brought down, and two hostile balloons shot down in flames. Four of our machines are missing. During the night Bapaume and active hostile batteries north of the Somme were bombed, all our machines returning.

FRENCH OFFICIAL.

Monday.

To the north of the Marne there is no change to report in the course of the night.

During the fighting yesterday in this part of the front we took about 400 prisoners.

Monday Night.

The day was marked by very violent fighting on the whole front north of the Marne. The enemy, whose resistance was strongly increased, disputed the ground foot by foot, and attempted to drive us back by numerous counter-attacks. Our troops repulsed all assaults, and made a further advance.

In the outskirts of the village of Buzancy Scottish troops captured the park and château, and maintained their positions, in spite of the repeated efforts of the Germans to drive them out. East of Plessis Huleu and of Oulchy le Château we passed beyond the Château Thierry road, took Grand Rozoy and Cugny, and captured the Butte de Chalmont, after a brilliant action. Four hundred and fifty prisoners remained in our hands.

On the right bank of the Ourcq we extended our gains to the north of Fère-en-Tardenois and entered Sergy. Farther south, Ronchères fell into our power.

On our right we have passed the Dormans-Rheims road south of Villers Agron, and gained ground west of Bligny and St. Euphraise.

In Champagne a German attack in the region south of Mont Sans Nom was unsuccessful.

GERMAN OFFICIAL.

Monday.

Army Group of Crown Prince Rupprecht.—Partial attacks launched by the British north of the Lys, north of the Scarpe, and on a broad front on the north bank of the Somme were repulsed.

Army Group of the German Crown Prince.—During the night of July 26th-27th, according to plan, we evacuated our front fighting zone between the Ourcq and the Ardre to a certain extent, and shifted the defence to the region of Fère-en-Tardenois-Ville-en-Tardenois. Our movement remained unknown to the enemy. On the 27th his artillery fire was still directed on our old lines. Rearguards prevented his troops, who, not until the afternoon, felt their way forward hesitatingly, from occupying without fighting the territory given up by us. Yesterday the enemy's infantry, under strong artillery protection, endeavoured to work their way up to our new lines. Weak detachments which had been left in the forefield received the enemy with rifle and machine gun fire at close quarters, and inflicted considerable losses on him. Also the artillery, which had been in position since the previous day, and the battle-planes found good targets in the enemy's advance columns and tanks.

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PREMIER AND MR. DILLON'S MOTION.

Mr. Lloyd George, whose temporary absence last evening from the debate on Mr. Dillon's motion was (says the Press Association) commented upon by Mr. Devlin, was at the time engaged in an important conference at Downing street.

The Parliamentary Labour Party at its meeting yesterday decided to support Mr. Dillon's motion.

In last night's division on Mr. Dillon's Home Rule motion, which was defeated by 245 votes to 106, 52 Nationalists voted in the minority. Mr. Asquith abstained. Several members of the front Opposition bench voted against the Government, including Messrs. J. M. Robertson, Geoffrey Howard, J. W. Gulland, John Burns, Leif Jones, C. P. Trevelyan, Herbert Samuel and Walter Rea. Mr. Arthur Henderson and most of the Labour members present, except those connected with the Ministry, also voted against the Government. Two members were paired, Sir Herbert Nield for the Government, and Mr. J. M. Henderson against.

FROM "THE TIMES" OF TO-DAY.

(BY SPECIAL ARRANGEMENT WITH THE PROPRIETORS OF *THE TIMES*.)

STILL RETREATING.

There is no longer any doubt, says *The Times*, that the retreating Germans have no intention of stopping their retreat south of the River Vesle. That question was obviously settled when the French and American troops forced the passage of the River Ourcq at Fère-en-Tardenois. The idea is even beginning to prevail that the Germans may not stay on the Vesle. Why should they? It is not a very defensible line, while on the heights north of the Aisne there is one of the finest positions in France, from which the enemy were never completely dislodged during nearly four years of conflict. It is true that the complete abandonment of the new salient will have a depressing effect in Germany, but the German General Staff have never hesitated to cut their losses, and they are still able to bamboozle their own civil population. Meanwhile, the Germans have at last admitted their retreat in the bulletin we publish to-day. In certain respects, though by no means in all, their statements are for once fairly correct. Their retirement has undoubtedly been skilfully conducted; they have lost comparatively few prisoners (though much heavy war material) during the actual operation of retreat, and their rearguards are fighting with great stubbornness. For instance, the village of Sergy, east of Fère, is said to have changed hands four times during the struggle between the Germans and the United States troops for its possession. The Germans owe their ability to retreat in good order very largely to their incessant use of machine guns in thickly wooded country. On the other hand, the ground at their disposal is steadily growing more restricted, thanks to the constant pressure of the Allied troops, and as the pursuit develops they may find the position of the dense masses they have crowded into the salient extremely difficult.

AUSTRIAN SATIRE.

One of the most entertaining articles on the commencement of the German retreat, says *The Times*, was that of the Vienna *Neue Freie Presse*. Some passages are as near to satire as the Austrian Press ever dares to go. For example:—"The First Quartermaster-General announces that the German leaders, now that General Foch's attempt to break through has ended in failure and been brought to naught, have been able to withdraw their troops to the north bank of the Marne for fresh and more important tasks." For fresh and more important tasks! Here is the personal note: "We see before us the figures of Hindenburg and Ludendorff, who, hitherto, even in hard times, have kept every promise, and whose signature has never been given to the German people and its Allies without serious consideration. From time to time, both in East and West, Hindenburg and Ludendorff have had to beat down stubborn fortune with their strong fists. But never have they made such an announcement as to-day, immediately after the terrible battle, in which the German Army, as so often before, has been able to prevent the break through of the enemy. Never have they sent out their promise into the world that the troops withdrawn from the occupied river bank were required for fresh and more important tasks. That is not boasting; it is conviction and will. Everything connected with the Marne has been sacred to the French, but Ludendorff's phrase about the German troops, which were withdrawn from the south bank for fresh and more important tasks, will ring in their ears. Miracles are very rare, and the repetition of a miracle in the same place is very improbable, almost impossible. The withdrawal of troops from the south bank of the Marne will have no effect on the temper of the German people. The nation is so hardy, and has such confidence in its strength, that the German attack has taken place in accordance with the expectations of Hindenburg and Ludendorff as a defence against the French attempt to break through; and even the abandonment of the southern bank of the Marne will not be able to touch its faith."

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL CORBAN.

The death, says *The Times*, at Llandrindod, is announced of Lieutenant-Colonel L. Corban, son of the late Mr. W. Corban, of Bettyville, Fermoy, County Cork, and brother of the late General Corban, whose death took place a short time ago. After graduating M.D. at the Royal University of Ireland in 1864, he entered the Army with a commission in the [illegible] Hussars. For a number of years he served in India, on one occasion receiving public thanks for his services. Afterwards he saw active service in the Egyptian Campaigns of [illegible] and 1885, being attached to the Camel Corps, and being present at Mahuta, Kassassin, both engagements, and Tel-el-Kebir. For these services he received the Egyptian Medals and the Khedive's Star. On retiring he became Deputy Lieutenant for the County of Hereford, where he took an active part in political affairs, and was for several years Ruling Councillor of the Hereford Habitation of the Primrose League. At the outbreak of the Boer War he volunteered for service, and was stationed at Aldershot. In 1877 he married Myra, daughter of the late T. Barrow, of Oldbury Place, Kent, and he leaves two sons and a daughter.

THE STOCK EXCHANGE.

Among the features of interest in the Stock Markets yesterday, says *The Times*, was an advance in Chartered Shares, in view of the judgment in the Privy Council Land case. The general tone of markets was good. Home and Argentine Railway Securities, Oil and Rubber Shares, and Brewery Securities all meet with support. There was a recovery in the Marconi group, and Cayton and Shuttleworth had a further sharp rise.

WORLD'S NEWS IN BRIEF.

The *Vossische Zeitung* reports that the reduction of the German weekly meat ration from [illegible] to 250 grammes will come into force on August 12th.

Pirates near Macao have murdered a Swede named Grouroos, wounded a Portuguese named [illegible]ers, and drowned a Chinese boatswain of a Chinese Maritime Customs launch.

Sunday's Berlin papers state that Admiral Hintze, Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, has gone to the Main Headquarters. The *Berliner Volkszeitung* believes that, among other matters, the Lithuanian problem will be discussed.

The Air Ministry announce that a large number of women officers are required for the Women's Royal Air Force. The duties of these officers will be to supervise and control W.R.A.F.S. employed at various camps in the United Kingdom.

A Zurich telegram dated Sunday says—The *Münchener Neueste Nachrichten* states that in a recent explosion in a munition works there [illegible] persons were killed and 177 seriously injured. Of the latter 129 have since died, the total number of deaths thus being 232.

The Postmaster-General announces that mails for the Belgian Congo, the Cameroons, Dahomey, the French Congo, French Guinea, Gambia, Gold Coast Colony, Ivory Coast, Liberia, Nigeria, Senegal, Sierra Leone, and Togoland, have been lost at sea through enemy action.

The Luxury Tax Committee will meet to-day for the final adoption of a report, submitted, it is understood, by Mr. Davison Dalziel, M.P. The lists of articles to be subject to the tax have been designed with the view of raising a considerable sum of money, and are not framed solely for the purpose of sumptuary legislation.

A soldier named Charles Edge, who escaped from Germany in November last, after being a prisoner of war there for three years, was ordered by the Newport (Isle of Wight) Justices yesterday to pay £22 arrears of rates, which had accumulated during the last four years on premises where his wife carried on his business during his absence.

WAR ITEMS.

A Berlin official telegram from Main Headquarters, in contradicting the rumours about the unsatisfactory state of health of Field-Marshal von Hindenburg, states that his health is excellent.

The Austrian *communiqué* of yesterday reports heavy fighting in Albania. It says—"In the Semeni salient our positions were five times the objectives of violent attacks, all of which broke down with sanguinary losses."

Last night's *communiqué* from the Salonika front says.—There was the usual artillery and air activity on the Struma and Serbian fronts. West of the Vardar we repulsed an enemy detachment. There was great aerial activity on the part of the Allied airmen. In aerial fighting during the day we brought down an enemy machine.

GERMANS ADMIT REVERSE.

STILL RETREATING.

HEAVY FIGHTING NORTH OF MARNE.

CAPTURE OF SERGY.

The German communiqué issued last evening admits for the first time the severe reverse which they have suffered on the Marne. The communiqué states that the defence line has been shifted, "according to plan."

The latest information is that the enemy are still retreating, but at the same time offering strong resistance.

A sign of their intention to fall back further is that many villages behind the lines are in flames.

The French night report states that heavy fighting took place along the whole front north of the Marne. On the right bank of the Ourcq the gains have been extended to the north of Fère-en-Tardenois, and Sergy has been captured.

On the British front the Australians have carried out a successful attack on a two-mile front on the Bray-Corbie road. Two lines of trenches and a number of prisoners were taken.

BRITISH OFFICIAL.

Monday, 10.17 a.m.

Australian troops carried out a successful local operation last night in the Morlancourt sector.

Two lines of hostile trenches on a front of over two miles astride the Braye-Corbie road were attacked and captured with over 100 prisoners and a number of machine guns.

Heavy casualties were inflicted on the enemy in this operation. Our own losses are reported to be light.

Two successful raids were carried out last night by Canadian troops south and north of Gavrelle. A few prisoners were taken by us upon each occasion. On the remainder of the British front there is nothing to report beyond artillery activity on either side at certain points.

7.27 p.m.

In the successful minor operation carried out by us last night in the Morlancourt sector we captured 143 prisoners and 36 machine guns. All our objectives were taken, and three local counter-attacks have been beaten off with loss to the enemy. There is nothing further to report.

Aviation.—On the 28th inst., in spite of low clouds, our aeroplanes were able to carry out several reconnaissances and take many photographs. Ten tons of bombs were distributed between ammunition dumps, railway stations, and billets in the neighbourhood of Douai, Armentières, Bapaume, and Chaulnes. In the early morning there was a certain amount of fighting in the air. Nine hostile machines were brought down, and two hostile ballons shot down in flames. Four of our machines are missing. During the night Bapaume and active hostile batteries north of the Somme were bombed, all our machines returning.

FRENCH OFFICIAL.

Monday.

To the north of the Marne there is no change to report in the course of the night.

During the fighting yesterday on this part of the front we took about 400 prisoners.

Monday Night.

The day was marked by very violent fighting on the whole front north of the Marne. The enemy, whose resistance was strongly increased, disputed the ground foot by foot, and attempted to drive us back by numerous counter-attacks. Our troops repulsed all assaults, and made a further advance.

In the outskirts of the village of Buzaucy Scottish troops captured the park and château, and maintained their positions, in spite of the repeated efforts of the Germans to drive them out. East of Plessis Huleu and of Oulchy le Château we passed beyond the Château Thierry road, took Grand Rozoy and Cugny, and captured the Butte de Chalmont, after a brilliant action. Four hundred and fifty prisoners remained in our hands.

On the right bank of the Ourcq we extended our gains to the north of Fere-en-Tardenois, and entered Sergy. Farther south, Ronchieves fell into our power.

On our right we have passed the Dormans-Rheims road south of Villers Agron, and gained ground west of Bligny and St. Euphraise.

In Champagne a German attack in the region south of Mont Sans Nom was unsuccessful.

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GERMANS STILL RETIRING.

HEAVY FIGHTING.

MANY VILLAGES IN FLAMES.

The Press Association, dealing with the military situation last night, says:—

The Germans are continuing their retirement, but are resisting strongly, especially at Chacrise, Ville en Tardenois, and Ste. Gemme. In evident preparation for further retreat, they are destroying villages behind their lines, and this morning Chacriar Courzhousse, which is six miles behind the lines, and Tannieres, eight miles in the rear, were in flames.

To-day the Germans attacked the French positions on Hill 181, south-east of Mont sans Nom. Fighting is proceeding, but no details are known.

The line at half-past ten this morning to the west of Rheims extended to west of Bouilly and Bligny, and to the southern outskirts of Chambrecy and Ville en Tardenois, hence between Berthenby and Villers Agron, south of Ste. Gemme to La Brilleni. Roucheres, Sergy, Neuroy Farm, and Fère en Tardenois town and station. From this point the new line extends from Givray to Wallec, and to the hill fifteen kilometres north of Grand Rozoy.

Near Sergy there has been considerable activity. It was four times taken and lost, and it is now finally in the hands of the French. South of Sergy the Americans held up strong German counter-attacks by the Fourth Division of Guards, and inflicted heavy losses.

At four o'clock this morning the French attacked one kilometre north of Grand Rozoy, and there was also heavy fighting at Buzancy. At this point the French have taken two hundred prisoners and ten officers, whilst at Fère en Tardenois fifty-four prisoners were taken. Several guns have also been captured.

FORDING THE OURCQ.

An Exchange telegram says:—Fère was found to contain many machine guns despite heavy shelling, but the Germans were driven out in hand-to-hand fighting. The enemy destroyed the bridges across the Ourcq, but the stream was shallow, and this enabled the French to ford it at several points. The line was advanced to the left and right of the town, and Rouches was taken notwithstanding machine-gun resistance. Likewise Villers and Argon have been captured. The French are proceeding cautiously, and not wasting men.

GREAT BRITAIN IN THE WAR.

THE MAINSTAY OF THE ALLIES.

Sir Frederick Smith presided last night at a dinner given at Gray's Inn Hall, London, to Ministers responsible for the fighting services.

Earl Curzon said that at the end of the fourth year and the beginning of the fifth year of the war there was no weakening, no abatement, no modification of purpose on the part of the Government of this country. He thought that in the meetings of the Imperial War Cabinet, there might be the key to the solution of the problems that had puzzled and troubled many of them for years. The sister nations must continue to have a voice in the great decisions of the Council Chamber. He would be surprised and disappointed if out of these war deliberations there did not ensue some more permanent organisation for the purposes of peace. That was a moment of great significance in the history of the war. To say that we were at the turning point of the war would be to indulge in premature and foolish jubilation, but there could be no doubt that the events of the last fortnight were probably destined to exercise an influence on the whole course of the campaign, not less remarkable than the original and famous battle of the Marne four years ago. The enemy had promised his countrymen the luxury of a knockout blow. That blow had been delivered, and had failed, and in a few days. The enemy had lost more than he had gained. In the first few hours of the encounter he had lost in prisoners and wounded and killed a greater number than we had any idea of. He had lost the initiative, but, what was more important, a blow had been inflicted upon the *morale* and *prestige* of his troops. It was early to talk of victory, it was early to imagine that the enemy was beaten, but it was true that the situation had changed, that there was a break in the clouds, and that the sun had risen high on the horizon. We had seven millions of men under arms, and three millions serving abroad. The Allied forces had found a genius in Foch.

GREAT BRITAIN AND THE ALLIES.

Referring to the assistance given to the Allies, Lord Curzon said that this country had been the feeder, clothier, banker, shipper, and universal provider of all the Allies. The supreme efforts of France could not have been put forward except for us. We had sold and pledged our British Securities, and had incurred losses in that respect, in many parts of the world. When we contemplated the service that we were giving from the industrial standpoint, it was remarkable that our armies were not so small, but that they were so large. Lord Curzon mentioned that we had supplied two million respirators to the Italian Army. Concluding, he said that we were anxious for peace, provided only that it was a kind of peace that we could honourably keep. But the end of four years found them with unabated resolution, with a vitality, along with our friends and Allies, which had never for a moment been shaken, and with a determination, which we shared with our Allies, to persevere, without abatement, until we had attained our goal.

Sir Robert Borden said he had a message from the Canadian people. It was that they knew quite well the issue before them, and that the task was exceedingly great, and would entail even greater sacrifices than we had anticipated. They would count all that they had endured and suffered in vain unless the war was fought out to a conclusion which would justify the cause for which we came in. No one could have any doubt as to the result of the war.

THE BRITISH ARMY.

General Smuts said that Great Britain of all the Allies had the greatest Army in the field. All classes in this country, from the highest to the lowest, had proved faithful and true in the tremendous struggle through which they were passing. This country had become the mainstay of the whole Allied resistance.

IMPERIAL PREFERENCE AND LEAGUE OF NATIONS.

Mr. Lees Smith, in the House of Commons yesterday, asked the Prime Minister whether the Government had decided upon the adoption of a policy of Imperial preference after the war.

Mr. Bonar Law said the reply was in the affirmative.

Mr. Lees Smith—Does it include the question of tariffs as well?

Mr. Bonar Law—Obviously preference in duties as well.

Mr. Lees Smith—Will the right hon. gentleman take into consideration the fact that a policy of that sort is fatal to a League of Nations?

Mr. Bonar Law—I do not in the least admit that.

Mr. Snowden—Will the House have an opportunity of deciding upon this question?

Mr. Bonar Law—It must be quite obvious that as long as the war lasts there will be no opportunity of carrying out such a policy. All that is happening is this—the Government have put themselves in line with the Governments of the Dominions in accepting the principle. (Cheers.)

Mr. Runciman asked whether the terms of the resolution passed would be published along with the other resolutions which appeared upon the Conference paper.

Mr. Bonar Law—The whole subject, with the exact terms of the resolution, will be published, but the discussion is not yet completed, and, therefore, it is not proposed to publish the full terms, but a general statement will be made. The resolutions of the Imperial Conference were generally published.

Colonel Wedgwood—Do these proposals involve taxation upon food?

Mr. Bonar Law—No. The resolutions, as I have said, take the form of resolutions adopted by the Dominion Governments before—that is to say, preference in existing duties and any subsequent duties that may be imposed.

ALLIED FOOD CONFERENCE.

The Conference in London between the Food Controllers of the United Kingdom, the United States, France, and Italy is continuing its labours, and meets almost daily. It is expected to conclude during the present week. The establishment of an Inter-Allied Food Council, composed of the Controllers is now an accomplished fact.

LOSS OF A CORK STEAMER.

LIMITATION OF LIABILITY.

In the Admiralty Division, London, yesterday, before Mr. Justice Hill, the Norfolk and North American Steamshipping Co., Ltd., as owners of the steamship North-Western Miller, sought to limit their liability under the provisions of the Merchant Shipping Acts in respect of damages arising out of a collision between that vessel and the Cork Steamship Company's steamer Pandion in the English Channel on March 15, 1917. The Pandion foundered, and her second officer was drowned. The North-Western Miller was subsequently found alone to blame for the collision.

His Lordship granted a decree limiting the plaintiffs' liability in respect of loss of ship and goods to £49,859 8s. 10d. (being the aggregate amount of £8 per ton on the North-Western Miller's tonnage), and directed them to give security for a further £3,000 in respect of a pending claim in reference to the loss of the second officer of the Pandion.

MR. SHORTT DEFENDS HIS POLICY.

SMASHING REPLY TO MR. DILLON.

ORGANISED LAWLESSNESS IN IRELAND.

MR. DILLON AND PRESIDENT WILSON.

MR. ASQUITH AND SETTLEMENT.

THE NATIONALIST MOTION REJECTED.

Mr. DILLON, in the House of Commons yesterday, moved:—

"That the policy pursued towards Ireland by His Majesty's Government is inconsistent with the great principles for the vindication of which the Allied Powers are carrying on the war. This policy is greatly alienating and exasperating the Irish people, and if persevered in will further alienate and exasperate them, and will steadily increase the difficulty of reaching a settlement of the Irish question on the basis of friendship between the British and Irish nations. That this House heartily endorses the principles laid down by President Wilson in his great speech at the grave of George Washington, when, speaking of the objects for which America and her Allies are fighting, he said:—'These great objects can be put into a single sentence. What we seek is the reign of law, based on the consent of the governed, and sustained by the organised opinion of mankind. These great ends cannot be achieved by debating and seeking to reconcile and accommodate what statesmen may wish with their projects for the balance of power and of national opportunity. They can be realised only by the determination of what the thinking peoples of the world desire, with their longing hope for justice, for civil freedom and liberty.' And that this House is of opinion that the true solution of the Irish question is to put into operation without delay, in regard to Ireland, the principles laid down by President Wilson in his historic utterance."

He said that it had been asserted that Ireland should be left in the background until the issue of the war was decided. Ireland was certainly a small country, but so also were Belgium and Serbia; and she was entitled to the same consideration. He was justified in saying that, because when peace came, Ireland, held down by military force, would be a cause of weakness and embarrassment at the conference of civilised nations. How could the Government dismiss from their minds the protest that would be hurled at their heads at the conference? In the circumstances, if he wanted further justification for pressing his point now, he had only to quote the Prime Minister and Mr. Asquith, who had spoken in the sense that the country should get this controversy settled in order to win the goodwill and co-operation of the Irish race. Had anything occurred since last year to alter that? The co-operation of the Irish race was as important now as it was a year ago. They could have no League of Nations in Europe unless they were prepared to submit themselves to the judgment of civilised mankind, and were prepared to give up some of their sovereignty. How could they put before the world, as one of the main objects of the war, the freeing of the subject nationalities of Austria, whilst Ireland was laid at their own back door under the unfettered tyranny of a military government? If ever there was a man who spent his whole career in a great cause it was the late member for Waterford (Mr. John Redmond). He knew that he faced great risks and might lose his hold on the people, but he said that, if the Government would only support him and act loyally by him, he would carry out his great policy, and he could have carried it out. It was entirely due, not to German plots, but to the Government's own blunders, that Mr. Redmond was defeated, and failed to carry out his nobly-conceived policy.

THE NATIONALIST PARTY'S DIFFICULTY.

The Government had turned its back on the constitutional Nationalists, and had arrested the *Sinn Feiners* for doing that which they permitted the Ulster Orangemen to do. The Nationalist Party was in difficulty to-day, because it had tried to save the constitutional movement, and to bring Ireland into the war. The Government had done everything in its power to drive her out. (Hear, hear.) Up to the spring of 1915 Ireland was in the war with more enthusiasm than Great Britain. She was recruiting far more freely than Devonshire and Cornwall.

Sir JOHN SPEAR—No, no.

Mr. DILLON maintained that in regard to Ireland, what really turned the tide was the great Ulster meeting in Belfast in September, 1914, when Mr. Bonar Law said, speaking, as he declared, for the whole of the Unionist Party—"We shall support you to the last in any step which Sir Edward Carson and your leaders think it necessary to take to defend your rights." After the language which had been used by Sir Edward Carson and the leader of the House, how could anyone claim that the Home Rule Act was going to be treated in any other way than as a scrap of paper?

SIR EDWARD CARSON'S MINISTERIAL APPOINTMENT.

After referring to the letter to the late Prime Minister, which Mr. John Redmond and he (Mr. Dillon) wrote, in 1915, warning him of the effect of admitting Sir Edward Carson into the Cabinet, he asked what was the difference between a scrap of paper torn up by Germany in Belgium—an infamous act—and the doctrine preached by the leader of the House and by Sir Edward Carson in the middle of a great war? When it was said that the Irish were holding back from the war, his reply was that, so far as that unhappy state of things existed, it was because they believed in their hearts that that appointment on the part of the Government amounted to a declaration that they intended to break faith with Ireland. The Government had now instituted a system of universal coercion in Ireland—wanton, provocative coercion, and in many of its details it was utterly unnecessary. They had in Ireland martial law, a military dictator in Dublin, and they had the Defence of the Realm Act in a more severe form than that administered in Great Britain. Not content with those powers, the Government had revived the odious and detestable Coercion Act of 1887 quite unnecessarily, and, therefore, simply for the purpose of wanton insult and provocation.

CONSCRIPTION.

Against their (the Nationalists) advice, and against the advice of every single man who had had any serious acquaintance with Ireland, the Government decided to introduce, on April 10th, the clause giving power to apply conscription to Ireland. On the morning of that day Sir Horace Plunkett handed the Report of the Convention to the Prime Minister, and in the afternoon the Government introduced that clause, although warned by Sir Horace Plunkett, by the Nationalist Party, and by everyone who had a responsible position in Ireland, that the introduction of that clause would create a situation that would make a settlement quite impossible. To his own knowledge, the Government consulted all the officials in Ireland, and every one of them warned them against that course. What did the Government do? They cleared the whole gang out, and sent over a fresh set of officials, charged with the duty of applying conscription to Ireland. The result had been exactly what was prophesied. It had entailed great military disadvantage, and within one week Lord French and Mr. Shortt came back to the Government and said that it would be better to drop it. (Nationalist cheers.) The Government had enormously exasperated the situation in Ireland; nothing would persuade the Irish people that this was not done with the desperate purpose of torpedoing the policy of Home Rule, and giving the Government an opportunity of escaping from their pledges. That was the universal belief in Ireland, and it was doing poisonous work among the people. (Nationalist cheers.)

THE GERMAN PLOT.

He was not in the confidence of the Government, nor was he in the confidence of *Sinn Fein*, although some members of the House had said he was a *Sinn Feiner*. Everybody knew that there had been a German plot in Ireland ever since the war broke out. There was a very formidable German plot in Ireland before the war broke out. (Cheers and counter cheers.) It was a plot to engineer civil war, and was within an ace of success. He believed, and he knew it was widely believed in America, that the German plot was largely responsible for the outbreak of war. Since the outbreak of war undoubtedly a German plot was continually at work in Ireland. The objects were to deprive Great Britain of Irish troops, to fill Ireland with British troops, and to weaken their moral position. In all those objects they had succeeded, solely and only, through the assistance of the British Government. Had it not been for the operations of the British Government and the War Office, and the member for the University of Dublin, that plot would have ended ignominiously. Had Mr. Redmond been supported they need not have feared the German plot. (Cheers.) Referring to what he called the new German plot, Mr. Dillon contended that the Government had not published one iota of evidence to make any impartial man believe in it. It had been referred to by the Government as sufficient justification for the dropping of attempts to settle the Irish question. People believed that it was simply an English Government plot to get rid of the Irish question.

RECRUITING AND GRANTS OF LAND.

In launching the recruiting campaign a bribe of land had been offered to each man who enlisted. Where was the land? That was ludicrous, for it was very well known that these promises could not be kept; nor would the threats of conscription uttered against those who would not join the Army have any effect. Irishmen were the best soldiers in the world if properly handled, but if improperly handled they showed most stubborn resistance.

ANXIOUS FOR IRELAND TO HELP.

He personally was as anxious as the late Mr. Redmond for Ireland to help in the war. As regards the merits of the war, he stood precisely where he stood in 1914. As it was a war on which the liberties of mankind depended, he bitterly resented any action which prevented his fellow-countrymen from taking part in it. While other nations were endeavouring to organise plans for reconstruction after the war, the position which the Government had forced upon Ireland was absolutely destructive of all hopes of reconstruction in the country, or of dragging her from the morass in which she had been struggling for years. (Nationalist cheers.) After a long experience of 38 years of the House, he would not be sorry for a rest, but the question arose in his mind—what were they going to do with Ireland when they had turned her over to *Sinn Fein*?

THE GOVERNMENT'S PROMISES.

The Government seemed to have forgotten the effect upon Ireland of the language they had used about other nationalities—about Poland, and the smaller peoples in the East, and the necessity there was for their emancipation. What about Ireland, which country was more ancient than any of them, and whose struggle for national freedom had been unquestionably more persistent than any of them? These other nationalities had been promised emancipation. Was Ireland to share in it? He had always been of opinion that it was best for both Ireland and Great Britain that the Irish question should be settled peaceably, as it was a purely domestic difference.

PRESIDENT WILSON'S MEDIATION SUGGESTED.

If it turned out that owing to the policy of the Government the British Ministry abandoned the task as impossible, then the Irish members must make a suggestion. The suggestion he was going to make was on his own responsibility. He was aware that many of his own followers objected. But desperate situations required desperate remedies. The situation in Ireland was desperate, and was steadily getting worse, and if the Government followed the path they were now following they would make a friendly domestic settlement impossible. If the Government saw their way to accept his suggestion he would undertake, even at the cost of his leadership, to use the influence he retained in Ireland to advocate and recommend it with strong hopes of success.

British Ministers appeared to have abandoned the hope of settlement, and he said: Why not call in President Wilson and refer the matter to him? (Cheers.)

That would be a considerable sacrifice on the part of Irish members. Why should England be afraid and refuse this? (Nationalist cheers.) After all that they were talking about a League of Nations—and they had committed themselves to the adoption of a League of Nations—did they not know that a League of Nations could not be founded if the case of Ireland was excluded from its jurisdiction, because it stood at the door as an impassable barrier if they were not willing to submit it for friendly settlement? They had a great opportunity of setting an example to the world which might have mighty and widespreading effects. Personally, he would be willing to submit the case of his country to a jury of Americans appointed by President Wilson; and was that not a very favourable proposal for England? America was now their friend and Ally. She had saved them, and without her help England would have been starved and beaten. (Cheers.) The Americans had proved their loyalty and character. He could not understand why the Government should hesitate to choose. At all events, that was the proposal which he made, always provided that the Prime Minister did not take his courage in his hands and settle it himself, which he (Mr. Dillon) thought would be the better course. (Cheers.) If either of these courses were adopted, it should be accompanied by the abandonment of the coercion system now in force, and the operations of the Irish Government should be strictly confined to the maintenance of law and order. In addition, he took the view that by adopting such a course it would be open to England to ask America to add to the great and incalculable services she had already rendered to civilisation by one more service—that of reconciling Great Britain and Ireland, and the setting of an example to the world which, in his judgment, would go down the ages, and have a mighty influence in the settlement of this vexed question. (Cheers.)

Mr. CONDON seconded the motion.

THE CHIEF SECRETARY.

Mr. SHORTT, who was received with Ministerial cheers, said that he thought that he should have heard something more from the hon. members as to what he took to be an attack upon the Irish Government. Why the name of President Wilson had been dragged in he could not understand. He now appreciated that it was in order that the hon. member might make the proposal he had made. At the same time he supposed he might take it that the hon. members had attacked the Irish Government. It was not quite clear, however, what the basis of the attack was. But he did not think he was putting it unfairly if he said that the hon. member had said that the Government had deceived Ireland by not introducing a measure of Home Rule, and by reintroducing certain coercive measures which were calculated to make matters worse.

He should satisfy the House that there was not a word of truth in either of these charges. (Cheers and Nationalist cries of "Oh.") He would go further, and say that the real people who were to blame in Ireland were the Irish members themselves. (Cheers.)

The suggestion was that the Irish Government had introduced once more universal coercion; that they had revived the Crimes Act merely as a wanton insult; that they had invented the whole story of the German plot, and that they had introduced a recruiting scheme, which apparently was a farce, and which they knew they could not possibly carry out, as a bribe.

Mr. DILLON—I did not say you had invented the German plot. What I said was that you had trotted out, for the purpose of getting rid of Home Rule, a story of the German plot, which had been in full blast for the last two years. (Nationalist cheers.)

Mr. SHORTT—Then I understand the hon. member admits the existence of a German plot. Is that so?

Mr. DILLON—Certainly. Did I not say that the German plot had been in full blast ever since the war broke out, and that the insurrection of 1916 was the direct result of that plot?

Mr. SHORTT (continuing), said that it was perfectly true that there had been German influence in the rising of 1916, and it was equally true that at that time the German plot was not considered sufficient ground for refusing to go on with Home Rule. The methods adopted by the Government at that time were methods of conciliation. The men who had been responsible for the slaughter of innocent English troops who had never done any harm to Ireland, were pardoned and allowed to return to Ireland.

IRELAND A MASS OF SEDITION.

The rebels were pardoned, and allowed to go back to Ireland; conciliation was tried, but with what result? In the spring of this year matters were worse than they had been in 1916. The hon. member for East Mayo, in writing to a correspondent in February, said that it would be a bitter disappointment to him if Ireland were to embark on a policy which could only lead to chaos and disaster, such as reigned in Russia at present. Again in March, the hon. member said that they could not get a Republic in Ireland without wading through a sea of blood. They had it from the hon. member himself now, that the strong party in Ireland to-day, the party which if left alone would steep the country in blood was the party which was determined to have an Irish Republic. Supposing they had Home Rule to-day and the hon. member had been head of an Irish Government, would he have given way to any party which demanded that Ireland should be constituted an independent Republic?

Mr. Dillon—Certainly not.

Mr. Shortt—Then what steps would the hon. member have taken to meet the men who were determined to get a Republic by force? He would have had to take exactly the same steps as the Government did.

Between February and March, Ireland was a mass of sedition, and illegal drilling was increasing. There was practice in the holding up of towns in the South and West especially. In the houses of the men arrested there were found documents showing a complete military system existing in the South and West of Ireland, worked out with very considerable skill and knowledge, ranging from Headquarters Staff down to platoons. There was a complete set of instructions, typewritten and circulated, teaching people how to cut railways, destroy communications and bridges, and prevent the movement of troops. Raids for arms had increased, and explosives were being secretly imported.

Strong measures had to be taken, and it was idle to say that coercion was introduced as an insult to Ireland.

THE SPECIAL PROCLAMATION.

The Government had made very slight use of the Crimes Act. The Government had declared as dangerous certain societies. That did not mean that anything would happen to them. It was a warning. They could go on with their legitimate business, just as before, but if they followed a treasonable and seditious policy the Government could step in and suppress them.

THE NATIONALIST PARTY AND HOME RULE.

With regard to the charge of deceiving Ireland, what had hon. members opposite done to formulate a scheme of Home Rule? It was all very well to cry out in general terms, "We are entitled to self-government," but they could only get Home Rule for Ireland through that House.

Mr. CONDON—It is on the Statute Book.

Mr. SHORTT said that he voted for it, and he would vote for it again. Everybody, however, seemed to be agreed that something had to be done to alter in some way or other that measure. Hon. members could not complain that that Act was not in force, because they had agreed to the Suspensory Act. Their objection could only be that some amendment of the Act had not been brought in. But the Irish people had had a chance of settling that for themselves, and they did not agree. They had had their Convention, but they did not agree, no matter who was to blame.

If the Prime Minister took it up, would the Irish Party undertake to accept what he brought forward? (Cries of "No.") Then what was the use of asking for it when they had made up their minds not to accept it? There was no substance whatever in their complaint.

THE NATIONALISTS AND RECRUITING.

The Lord Lieutenant and himself were accused of having gone over to Ireland in order to enforce conscription. The first thing they did was to take steps to avoid conscription if possible, by setting up a system of voluntary recruiting. What help had the Government had from the Nationalists in this direction? It was not always that recruiting was treated in the way it was now by Irish members. (Hear, hear.) Mr. Dillon, speaking at Dublin in the early stages of the war on the subject of recruiting, declared that those who volunteered did a patriotic act, and he had described opposition to recruiting as a stupid, narrow, unchristian policy, and one which was bound to bring disaster on Ireland. That was the very policy hon. members were adopting to-day. Later, in March, 1915, Mr. Dillon declared that as a matter of fact there was no country in the world more vitally interested in the war than Ireland. Here was now a chance for the Nationalists to help the Government to avoid conscription. (An Hon. Member—"How many recruits have you got in Ulster?") That was no answer to the suggestion that it was the duty of the men of the West and South of Ireland to come forward.

Mr. FLAVIN—Our duty is to our own country and our own people.

Mr. SHORTT said that

The Nationalists had not come forward to help the Government to avoid conscription. Instead of taking "Sinn Fein" by the throat, they tried to go one better than "Sinn Fein."

There was still time, if they would act upon those words of Mr. Dillon, of which he might well be proud. What the Government had done was absolutely right. It was their bounden duty to do it, and had Mr. Dillon himself been responsible for the government of Ireland he would have been the very first to take the same steps.

A MIS-STATEMENT CORRECTED.

It was a mis-statement to say that the Government had attempted to put down the Irish language. The Government never intended to interfere with ordinary indoor meetings, or with games or sports. The only meetings which required permits were those which had a political character. If they would mix up political speaking with their sports, then their sports meetings would require permits. If circumstances should arise again such as existed in May, the Government would be bound to take the same action. He believed that the position in Ireland to-day was vastly improved. Reports that they had had from Ireland tended to prove that illegal drilling had disappeared, and seditious speaking had also largely disappeared. There were still hidden, somewhere very difficult to find, printing presses which produced very highly seditious pamphlets and literature. These the Government were stamping out as fast as they could. As Ireland became more peaceful—and she was to-day in an exceedingly prosperous condition—something would be done, he hoped, by which she might become contented. He was satisfied that that would come only when Ireland was ruling her own affairs. (Cheers.) But if Ireland would do things which made a step in that direction impossible, she would have no one but herself to blame. He was willing and anxious to do anything he could in Ireland, when she had attained peace and prosperity, to bring about, hand in hand with Irishmen themselves, that measure of Home Rule which, twelve months ago, substantially the whole of England desired to give, but which to-day they could not pass in England at a general election. They wanted to restore that state of feeling which made Home Rule not only possible, but desired, by substantially everyone in England, Scotland, and Wales. The Government could bring that about if hon. members who followed Mr. Dillon would help them. He did ask the hon. members, in all sincerity, to do what they could to help the Government by making recruiting a success without conscription. (Cheers.)

Mr. SCANLAN said that he had never heard a weaker speech from a Chief Secretary. It was arrant nonsense.

SIR GEORGE REID'S AMENDMENT.

Sir GEORGE REID moved the following amendment:—

"That this House declares its unfaltering allegiance to the great principle in vindication of which the Allied Armies are fighting, and gratefully acknowledges the heroic services of men of Irish birth or descent in the Allied Armies, but deplores the organised attempts made in many parts of Ireland to prevent Irishmen from joining their English, Scottish, and Welsh fellow-citizens in defence of the liberties enjoyed by all free nations, and in securing the emancipation of oppressed nationalities."

He declared that the Irish nation were not the oppressed people they pretended to be, and that the Empire would never tolerate separation.

Sir MARK SYKES said that the English people would never accept the mediation of the head of another State in this matter. Accusations had been made against the Chief Secretary, but he could conceive of no greater act of political heroism or self-sacrifice than for a member to undertake that office. The resolution moved by Mr. Dillon would not help Ireland. He thought, however, that it was the duty of that dying Parliament to try and put the Irish question on a better basis for its successors. The Germans desired nothing better than dissension in Ireland, and it would have been wiser for the Ulstermen to avoid celebrating the Battle of the Boyne. The action of the Irish bishops in regard to conscription was prompted by a desire to prevent bloodshed. He did not defend their action, because he did not believe that the clergy collectively should interfere with politics, any more than he believed that a Privy Councillor did well to organise rebellion—(Nationalist cheers)—or that it was right in war time to pour oil on the flames of religious and political passion. The Nationalists should find men for the *Entente* cause, and drop the idea of Dominion Home Rule. Ulster Unionists should drop the theory that it is right for them to challenge constituted authority or the legislation passed by Parliament. British parties should unite to apply the Federal solution, giving Ireland priority of treatment. The Government should allow Lord French to disarm the whole of Ireland, and form a committee for the investigation of Irish economic resources. Unless there was a combination of all parties to solve the Irish question a terrible Nemesis awaited us all.

MR. ASQUITH.

Mr. ASQUITH said that the hon. gentleman (Sir Mark Sykes) had made, as he always did, an interesting and suggestive speech. He (Mr. Asquith) thought the hon. gentleman was perfectly right in saying that it had become almost a platitude of political rhetoric that the history of the relations of these two islands, one with the other, was a long, sinister series of "what might have been." He hoped that the debate might leave upon the minds of those who had taken part in it a still deeper impression than ever before of the supreme and the overwhelming importance of coming to a settlement with Ireland. He would say hardly anything about the question raised as to the present Administration in Ireland. He had heard his right hon. friend, the Chief Secretary, make a speech that was curiously reminiscent of speeches which he had heard from successive Chief Secretaries of Ireland. He dwelt upon the paramount duty which was laid upon him and the Irish Executive of stamping out sedition and maintaining law and order. Certainly the Executive could not refrain from that duty. But he was constrained to point out that the difficulties he had to encounter were sensibly aggravated by the adoption in the Man-Power Bill of the present year of contingent compulsion for Ireland. They were finding exactly the same sort of difficulties which might have been

(CONTINUED ON PAGE 4, COLUMN 1.)

SPECIAL EXTRA.

THE IRISH DEBATE.

Commenting on the Irish debate last night, the Political Correspondent of the *Morning Post* writes:—The division, incidentally, has been very awkward for the Radicals, for while some of their front benchers, like Mr. Samuel, Mr. Runciman, Mr. J. A. M. Robertson, Mr. Geoffrey Howard, and Mr. Russell Rea (the two last-named being Whips) voted with Mr. Dillon, others—like Mr. Asquith and Mr. Gulland—abstained. The Radical rank and file was even more split up, for many supported the amendment. The pacifists, and most of the Labour men were, of course, in the minority lobby. Exactly how many Nationalists were present could not be ascertained, but the party did not muster its full strength. The announcement that Mr. H. Samuel intended to vote in support of Mr. Dillon's motion surprised most of the House, for members are not insensible of the rumours that certain Radical leaders are dissatisfied with Mr. Asquith because he is too kind to the Government.

There are no insoluble problems in politics, declares the *Daily Mail*. We cannot get rid of Ireland by ignoring her or coercing her, nor can we dispose of the Irish question by affecting to treat it as a dead issue. Sooner or later it will arise to plague us. It will embarrass us at the Peace Conference. It will be a source of discord—perhaps, now the last one remaining—between the United States and ourselves. It will weaken us both during the war and after it. To get Ireland back to where she was in the autumn of 1914—reconciled to Great Britain and ardent in the war—is one of the duties of British statesmanship that can only be neglected to the discredit of both countries. Much has happened since then to poison their relations. But the situation, even now, is not irretrievable, nor can it be left alone.

The Irish situation has been brought to such a pass by prolonged mismanagement, says the *Daily Chronicle*, that the possibility of finding an immediate way out scarcely exists. What is possible is to trace the line of mistakes which have been committed, and to take note of those which must now be avoided, if still worse developments are not to ensue. The central evil is, as Mr. Asquith put it, that the weight of influence in Nationalist Ireland has been transferred from the constitutional to the revolutionary section. A complete reversal of policy, if accompanied by sufficient evidence of sincerity, might, even now, have far-reaching effects. But as yet it is scarcely in sight.

We hope the appeal that Mr. Asquith made for an honest attempt at settlement, says the *Daily News*, will be listened to. It can only succeed on the basis of consent, and by the application of those ideals of self-government for which we are fighting. Any other attempt to find a way out is assured of failure. No doubt, as Mr. Asquith said, there are difficulties in the way of invoking the aid of President Wilson, but they would disappear if the Government were sympathetic. In any case, the aid of the Imperial Conference ought to be accepted, if, as seems the case, the Government have no solvent for the trouble except a return to the fatal policy of conscription.

RETREAT IN FULL SWING.

The latest newspaper reports (says a Press Association Paris telegram last night) state that the German retreat is in full swing along the whole line. The enemy is withdrawing towards the north as rapidly as possible, and our patrols have reached Ville-en-Tardenois.

The *Temps* says that the retreat is being carried out with method and with limitation of losses. It would be puerile to deny, but it is none the less true, that the Germans have been beaten for the second time on the Marne, and are obliged to retreat, but it would show ignorance of our enemies to imagine they will sit down under their overwhelming defeat. It is certain Hindenburg and Ludendorff will seek their revenge, which they are already preparing. The success of our arms and the continual influx of Americans allow us to face this eventuality with confidence.

A SHORTENED FRONT.

In an attempt to sweeten the German peoples' bitter pill, says a Press Association telegram from Amsterdam, Berlin is circulating remarks on the "shortening of the German front" by an ex-German General Staff officer, who, according to a Berlin telegram, writes:—"The only principle followed in all measures is purely to inflict the heaviest possible losses on the enemy, and to keep our own casualties as low as possible. If this is attained we shall approach ever nearer to the final aim of our operations. A favourable tactical basis must be created, however, for carrying through the fight. This is attained by the present shortening of the front. It will, in the first place, cause our opponent to continue his attacks by the employment of fresh forces, because only thus can he extract a success from ground in this sector, which he has occupied without fighting."

U-BOATS AND AMERICAN TRANSPORTS.

In an interview with a Press Correspondent, says a Press Association Amsterdam telegram, Admiral Holtzendorff, the Correspondent remarked that people were often disappointed that the U-boats caught too few American transport steamers. Admiral von Holtzendorff, in reply, asked how U-boats could be particularly set at American transports. For their debarkation, he said, the Americans have at their disposal the coastal regions from the northern point of Scotland to the French Mediterranean ports, with dozens of debarkation places. Must we put our boats to lurk off these harbours and let them wait on the chance of getting a shot at a strongly guarded convoy of fast American transports. We must always remember that it is the task of our U-boats to reduce the entire cargo space in the enemy's service, for on this depends his existence and ability to carry on the war.

HEAVY FIGHTING FOR SERGY.

Last night's American *communiqué* states:—Beyond the line of the Ourcq heavy counter-attacks made by fresh troops of the enemy have resulted in severe fighting. Sergy, taken by our troops yesterday after having changed hands four times, remained in our possession.

NEW LORD OF APPEAL.

The Parliamentary Correspondent of the *Daily Telegraph* states that it is highly probable that Lord Justice Pickford will succeed the late Lord Parker as Lord of Appeal in Ordinary.

RACING SELECTIONS.

ROSCOMMON MEETING.

(FROM THE SPORTSMAN OF TO-DAY.)
Whelan Plate—Usher's selected.
Lenabane Steeplechase—Fond Lucy.
(FROM THE SPORTING LIFE OF TO-DAY.)
Whelan Plate—Carra Lass.
Lenabane Steeplechase—Perimac.
Stand Plate—Channel Tunnel.
Byrne Steeplechase—Wise Wedding.
Harrison Handicap—Plessica.
Hayden Steeplechase—Mozrel.

NEWMARKET MEETING.

(FROM THE SPORTSMAN OF TO-DAY.)
Tuesday Selling—John Gay or Lyric.
Lidgate Plate—Minileaf.
Pampisford Handicap—Old Gold or Nubian.
Wicken Plate, I.—Tamil.
Wicken Plate, II.—Braemar Lass.
Thurston Sweepstakes—Oiler or Motem.
Caversham Plate—Queen's Square.
(FROM THE SPORTING LIFE OF TO-DAY.)
Tuesday Selling—Lyric.
Lidgate Plate—Troutsdale.
Pampisford Handicap—Morning Star.
Wicken Plate, I.—Zea.
Wicken Plate, II.—Green Fruit.
Thurston Sweepstakes—Hellene.
Caversham Plate—Queen's Square.

THE CARE OF SOLDIERS' GRAVES.

At a meeting of the Imperial War Graves Commission, held on Wednesday last, it was resolved, on the motion of Sir William Garstin, that the proposals made by the Egyptian Government for the appointment of a Committee to undertake the work of laying out the cemeteries in Egypt should be accepted, and that the Committee should be constituted as an Agency of the Commission.

The Commission adopted certain recommendations submitted by a Committee appointed to consider the special questions arising with regard to the graves of Indian soldiers. One of its recommendations was that Sir E. Lutyens and Mr. Herbert Baker should prepare designs for a Mosque and Temple to be erected in France as memorials to all Indians who had fallen in France and Belgium during the war. Instructions were given that designs of the memorial buildings should be prepared for the approval of the Commission.

OFFICIAL SECRETS ACT TRIAL.

ACCUSED FINED FOR MISDEMEANOUR.

The trial concluded yesterday at the Old Bailey, London, of Sir Joseph Jonas, former Lord Mayor and German Consul at Sheffield, and Charles Alfred Vernon, manufacturer's agent, indicted for conspiracy with Paul von Gontard, head of a Berlin armament firm, and Richard Zieschang, in the employ of Vicker's, Limited.

The jury, after an absence of over an hour, found both prisoners not guilty of conspiracy, not guilty of felony, but guilty of misdemeanour.

Jonas was fined £2,000, and Vernon £1,000, defendants to pay jointly the costs of the prosecution. Time to pay was allowed until 10.30 this morning.

DUBLIN LABOUR DISPUTES.

The carters employed by Messrs. Bolands have notified the manager of the mills at Ringsend that they will cease work on Wednesday unless definite information is given in the meantime regarding their claim for increased wages. It is stated that should these men leave work the bakers and van drivers will join them. There is no change in regard to the other city labour disputes.

MUNITIONS STRIKE ENDED.

GENERAL RESUMPTION EXPECTED.

STATEMENT BY MR. CHURCHILL.

The munitions strike in England appears to be virtually at an end. Reports from the various centres indicate that there will be a general resumption of work at once. The constitution of the Committee of Inquiry will be announced shortly.

Replying to a question put by Mr. Will Thorne in regard to the munitions strike in the House of Commons yesterday,

Mr. Churchill said—The information I have up to the present received from the country is as follows. In accordance with the decision taken yesterday, the Birmingham munition workers have substantially resumed work this morning. There was a considerable resumption at Coventry, and a resolution was passed this morning in favour of a general resumption to-night. These are the only two centres in which there has been any considerable interruption of work. So far as the rest of the country is concerned, I have every hope that the action of Birmingham and Coventry will be followed. If, as I hope, the resumption of work is general to-morrow throughout the country, I shall be able on the following day to announce the constitution of the Committee of Inquiry. I may, perhaps, add that it seems to me that in order to secure a swift and thorough inquiry it is necessary to keep the membership of the Committee as small as possible. The Committee will have power to appoint local sub-committees, and to gather information at first hand.

Mr. Will Thorne—Will the Committee start its investigations in Coventry?

Mr. Churchill—No, sir.

Mr. George Terrell—Is the right hon. gentleman setting up a single Committee, with power to appoint sub-committees, or following the precedent of last year and appointing a number of committees for different parts of the country?

Mr. Churchill—My view is that the best course to take will be to give the Committee power to propose to the Minister the formation of sub-committees for such districts as may require them.

Mr. Thorne—In what way does the right hon. gentleman propose to have nominations from employers and other organisations?

Mr. Churchill—I propose to take the nominations of the Employers' Advisory Committee and of the Trade Union Advisory Committee.

Mr. Percy Alden—Can the right hon. gentleman make any reassuring statement about Woolwich?

Mr. Churchill—I have nothing to add to the news published in the newspapers, and I am not without hopes that wiser counsels will prevail.

Mr. Pringle—Will this Committee inquire into the action of the Ministry in this matter?

Mr. Churchill—The reference has already been published.

BIRMINGHAM AND COVENTRY WORKERS RESUME.

Early morning reports from Coventry factories yesterday showed that the bulk of the unskilled workers had resumed employment, and that some strikers had recommenced work. The machinery was going in a few works where last week it was silent. Large numbers of skilled men await the result of the mass meeting. Mr. Havelock Wilson was early astir urging the men to resume work. An ex-soldier made an impassioned speech, appealing to the men to give up the struggle.

Later the Press Association's Coventry representative telegraphed that the strike was over, and that the men would resume at once.

There were very few men absent from Birmingham munition factories last night when the night shift started. Some even started on Sunday night. It is believed they will all remain at work now, and loyally await the findings of the Committee of Inquiry which is to be set up.

MEETING OF ADVISORY COMMITTEE.

The Advisory Committee are being summoned to meet to-morrow at 3.30 p.m., in order that they may nominate their representatives.

The news that the men at Coventry had returned to work yesterday took the wind out of the sails of the engineers at Leeds, who only the previous day had reaffirmed their decision to strike to-day if the embargo had not been removed. As a consequence the men remained at work, and it is certain now that they will continue to do so.

THE HOUSE OF LORDS.

STATUTORY UNDERTAKINGS BILL.

The LORD CHANCELLOR took his seat on the Woolsack in the House of Lords at 4.30 yesterday.

GAS, WATER, AND ELECTRICITY.

Lord SOMERLEYTON moved the second reading of the Statutory Undertakings (Temporary Increase of Charges) Bill, which, he explained, enabled gas, water, and electricity undertakings to increase their charges owing to the enormous increase in the cost of production.

The Marquis of CREWE did not object to the principle of the bill, but he stated that the action of the Commons in raising the dividend the companies might pay from one-half to three-quarters of the pre-war rate of dividend would mean the imposition of a charge of £289,000 on London consumers alone.

Lord BUCKMASTER hoped that the bill would be amended in Committee so as to reduce the percentage of dividend to one-half the pre-war dividend, as recommended by the Select Committee that inquired into the matter. He could not understand why a relief should be given to the shareholders in gas companies that was denied to innumerable individuals who had been ruined by the war.

Lord PARMOOR characterised the bill as a dangerous one, and said that its only justification was to be found in the recommendations of the Select Committee.

The bill was read a second time.

FOOD PURCHASES FOR THE PUBLIC.

The Earl of CRAWFORD, replying to Viscount Chaplin, said that the total value of wheat, including flour, purchased by the Government since the establishment of the Wheat Commission was £270,000,000 f.o.b. Of that amount a considerable quantity was allocated to our Allies. The amount purchased for the British public was about £180,842,000, or £226,000,000, including freight and insurance. Down to 17th September, 1917, it was hoped that the cost of administration was wholly met by the margin between the purchasing and selling prices, but since the introduction of the ninepenny loaf there has been no available margin. The disbursement of the Royal Commission on Sugar Supplies totalled £147,000,000 since the establishment of the Commission. The cost of administration of the Sugar Commission had been met by the available margin. The total amount of payments made by the Ministry of Food in respect of purchases was £195,000,000 odd. Of this £60,000,000 was paid to home producers, and £139,000,000 for imported food. It was hoped that the cost of administration would be met by the margin between the purchasing and the selling price.

THE LOTTERIES BILL.

The Marquis of LANSDOWNE moved the second reading of the Lotteries (War Charities) Bill. He said that he thought the time had come when we might make a departure from the old practice with regard to lotteries without departing from the path of virtue. This measure was a temporary one for the period of the war only; and he thought that by it a very considerable amount of revenue might be tapped. They had to recognise that lotteries were now taking place all over the country, and he would render the law more elastic than it was at present. The bill authorised the use of lotteries only on behalf of charities which had been registered under the War Charities Act, 1916, and such a lottery must have the consent in writing of the police authorities. He said that the Red Cross Society, with which he is officially connected, had a special interest in the bill. The Society had collected about 3,500 pearls, and they had to decide how they could dispose of them to the best advantage. He was advised that the attempt to dispose of them by retail would be hopeless at the present time, while the result of an auction sale would be most disappointing.

The Archbishop of CANTERBURY, in opposing the second reading, said that the bill involved principles of great and far-reaching importance.

The bill was read a second time.

The House rose at 7.25.

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MR. SHORTT DEFENDS HIS POLICY.

(CONTINUED FROM COLUMN 6, PAGE 3.)

anticipated in getting their man-power. What was more serious, an atmosphere had been created, as it was certain it would be, which had shifted the balance of political opinion and political preference, and, for the time being, of political power, from the constitutional to the revolutionary party. (Hear, hear.) That was a very serious state of things, and in his judgment it had enormously increased the difficulties of the Chief Secretary's task, and embarrassed him in its prosecution. His (Mr. Asquith's) special purpose in rising was to deal with the latter part of the Chief Secretary's speech—the part in which he suggested not only the necessity of a settlement, but the possibility of finding a road in the direction of a settlement.

THE SITUATION.

The situation was very familiar to the House, but he thought that he could summarise it in a few perfectly colourless words. When the Home Rule Bill was passed into law, and was about to be placed on the Statute Book, they made an attempt, on the eve of the outbreak of war—it was an honest attempt—to settle the outstanding difficulties connected with the position of Ulster, at what was called the Buckingham Palace Conference. That attempt broke down. The war came, and after the late Mr. John Redmond had, with magnificent patriotism and self-devotion, done his best, sometimes under very discouraging conditions, to obtain from Ireland, or at least from those parts of Ireland over which he had a predominating influence, an adequate quota of recruits—when that process had gone on for some months, a change in the composition of the Government took place in England. They formed what was called a Coalition Government. Mr. Dillon pointed to the date of the formation of that Government as a decisively fatal step in the history of this matter, because of the inclusion in it of Sir Edward Carson and the present Chancellor of the Exchequer. Let him point out that he, as the head of that Government, was responsible for its formation, and did everything in his power to induce Mr. Redmond to join it, because, in his opinion, a Government of which he was not a member—he was speaking of him less as a person than in respect of the great forces which he represented—a Coalition Government, from which he was absent, was of necessity incomplete in composition and imperfect in authority. He knew perfectly well Mr. Redmond's reasons. He understood and respected them, but he regretted at the time, and had always regretted since, that he could not have seen his way to take part in it, because he hoped that if they had all sat there together week after week, and month after month, just as they found, in other matters, that differences and even asperities of opinion disappeared or were smothered and diminished in their strength and in their extent, so also they might, perhaps, have found in regard to this far the greatest and far the most serious of all their domestic difficulties, that, at any rate, some approximation could be made to common agreement. He blamed nobody, but only mentioned the fact. But that was not to be.

THE EASTER RISING.

Then came the Easter rising in 1916, which again was followed by an attempt at an arrangement, conducted mainly by the present Prime Minister. There also, they appeared at one moment to have been within, at least, a measurable distance of agreement. He did not like to bandy charges in these matters. Indeed, he made no charge against any one. It would always be a matter of opinion, which history alone would determine, who were responsible for the breakdown. But, again, that malign influence which had so often presided at critical moments over the fortunes of Irish history made itself felt, and the attempt failed.

THE CONVENTION.

Then came the Convention. Why was that Convention set on foot, and why did Irishmen of practically all shades of opinion give themselves, as they did, for the best part of a whole year, to an honest and loyal, and, as all accounts tell us, a thoroughly good-tempered effort to arrange their differences around the table? It was because, not only the Government which set up the Convention, not only the House of Commons which supported them in doing so—because Irishmen themselves felt, perhaps more strongly than any one, that things had reached a stage at which not only the dignity, but the elementary interests and the safety of the Empire required a settlement to be obtained. There, again, they seemed to be on the eve, at any rate, of approximate agreement. That also failed. Reference had been made to pledges on the part of the Government. Was there any politician of any responsibility or authority in the country who had not pledged himself to do everything he could to bring about a solution of this question? The Government assuredly set up the Convention as a war measure, so important did they regard it in the interest of our due conduct of the war, and still more, of our authority and influence in the council chambers of peace, that this reproach should be removed from our escutcheon, for reproach it was to all parties in the British Empire. (Cheers.) When the Convention failed to come to an agreement, though it went a very considerable distance in many directions on the road—when the Convention failed to come to an agreement, or to that measure of agreement which had been, if not anticipated, at any rate hoped for, they were again told, most properly, from the Treasury Bench that the Government still regarded it as a matter of obligation and even of honour, to prosecute a settlement of this question. That was the chain of circumstances which had led them up to the position they stood in that day. Were they going at that stage, with that history behind them, with those pledges fresh on their lips or in their ears, to drop the whole thing, and give it up in despair? That was the question which the Government and the House of Commons had to answer. He agreed that the very fact that so many efforts in so many different ways had been made to arrive at a settlement without success was in itself a formidable omen hovering over the heads of those who sought to make a fresh step in that direction. He himself had suggested more than once that possibly it was a matter in which, other modes of settlement having failed, they might have taken advantage of the presence of the leading representatives of the great Dominions and taken them into council, and seen, at any rate, if by an interchange of ideas with them some further advance might not be made. He did not know whether anything had been done in that direction. He believed not. And he could well understand that the representatives of the Dominions themselves might possibly have been loth to undertake any share in such a task.

MR. DILLON'S SUGGESTION.

His hon. friend had put forward the suggestion that the matter should be referred to the arbitration of the President of the United States. He was very loth to appear to discourage any plan which offered any hope of a settlement, but he might point out, in the first place, that if, as seemed to be the case, their own Dominion Premiers were loth to touch a matter of this kind, it would be a very sanguine man who would believe that President Wilson would, crowded as his mind and energies and time must be, would undertake a task which had baffled so many pioneers in the past. He shared the reluctance which had been expressed by Sir Mark Sykes to submit a question as to which they might properly take into council those of their own household and their great self-governing Dominions, to submit a question of that kind to the arbitration of a foreign Power, however friendly that Power might be, and however closely allied, as America was with them by every tie of kinship, friendship, and affection.

Mr. DILLON—How are you going to have a League of Nations?

Mr. ASQUITH—There are many difficulties in the way of a League of Nations.

Mr. DILLON—Ireland will be one of the greatest.

Mr. ASQUITH—I entirely agree with my hon. friend. I am only pointing out some of the practical difficulties in the way of the adoption of such a suggestion.

ONE MORE EFFORT.

To what do we then come? In my opinion, we must make one more effort to settle it for ourselves and by ourselves, and though it may seem to savour of a credulous optimism to imagine at this hour of the day, and with the disappointing heart-breaking experiences of the past, of which I have told the story, that better fortune awaits us now. Yet I myself, largely for the reasons which were given so admirably in the concluding part of my hon. friend's speech (Sir Mark Sykes)—reasons which appeal on the one hand to Great Britain, and on the other to Ireland, and which in Ireland appeal on the one hand to the Nationalists, and on the other to the Ulster section of the community—I cannot help thinking and believing that, under the pressure of those feelings, which increase in force and volume every day the war lasts, and which as you approach, as Heaven grant we may soon be approaching, the prospect of actual peace, become overwhelming in their imperiousness—I cannot help thinking that, even now, under the pressure of those opinions and feelings, we might bridge over the chasm, which is not a very wide one (as the Convention proved), which still separates the contending parties in this matter. At any rate, of one thing I am certain. The Government of this country, by whomsoever it is for the time being conducted, and the Parliament of this country, by whomsoever it is for the time being composed, shall not have discharged their first, and their most essential duty to the Kingdom and the Empire and the Allies, and to the great cause which we have at heart in the war, and the ultimate settlement of peace upon a durable and honourable foundation, unless, even now, at this eleventh hour, we bring ourselves together and combine our energies for the task. (Cheers.)

MR. JOSEPH DEVLIN.

Mr. JOSEPH DEVLIN said that he had not only become an ardent supporter of the principle of the League of Nations, but he had been strengthened in those convictions by the powerful speeches of the Prime Minister. To him, it seemed a sign of great weakness to find the right hon. gentleman not only not offering support, but offering hostility when they had an opportunity of putting the principle into operation in Ireland. I protest most emphatically, he said, against the absence of the Prime Minister, who came here to-day and listened to the opening speech—a powerful, unanswerable indictment of the Government of Ireland—and then, having kept us waiting here for four or five hours, refuses to come and answer the indictment and appeal, and treats Ireland with complete contempt. (Cheers.) But, he continued, the Irish question was still here, living and ever present, and he confessed humiliation to find in the first speech he had heard delivered by the new Chief Secretary for Ireland an insult levelled at men who had rendered service to the cause of the Allies of a character which ought to have shamed him into reticence. What right had he, an Englishman, who had never been heard of in the public life of these islands, who was not very well known even in Newcastle-on-Tyne, and had been sent to Ireland to govern like every other Chief Secretary who had governed that country, with the one qualification that he had never seen the country until he went there to govern it—what right had he to level such an insult? The Chief Secretary got up in that House to reply to the representatives of Ireland, and to the statement they made, and he told them it was not the Government, not Sinn Feiners, not the Anarchists, but the representatives of constitutionalism and constitutional principles, who were, according to him, responsible for the present state of affairs. He (the Chief Secretary) had stood there and lectured Irish members of Parliament because they had not done what he conceived to be their duty, and he told them they were responsible for all the evil that had fallen on their country, and invited them, as his final contribution, to recruit under his recruiting plan, and to gather recruits.

IRELAND AND THE WAR.

He (Mr. Devlin) denied altogether the statement that Ireland had not done her duty in the war. Touched with the spirit of freedom and the love of liberty which Ireland spoke with, the voice of the late Mr. Redmond, committed the Irish people to the policy of winning the war. Ireland was then one bright spot. To-day's speech from the right hon. gentleman was a fine compliment to that bright spot. The rest of Ireland had given as large a proportion of its youth as Ulster. When the Government tricked them and betrayed them, and tried to destroy the constitutional movement, they nullified the power the Nationalists had in their hands of winning the people to their side. Irishmen had been trying the constitutional method for forty years, and had succeeded in passing in that House a measure of freedom, the principles of which were not yet put into operation. Militarism dominated public life in England, and it was the belief of the Sinn Feiners that those principles would not be observed so long as militarism had dominant sway. This feeling created a spirit of mistrust. The Chief Secretary complained that he had nothing to reply to. But did the right hon. gentleman not recognise that they had urged him to put into operation the principles which President Wilson had declared the Allies were fighting for? Those principles were not adopted, because the Government were dispensing with the great fundamental principles on which liberty was built, and making Ireland a plaything. They had not the courage or the statesmanship to rise above these things. They talked about respecting the law. Did that mean the law which made it treasonable to meet in public meetings, which compelled them to ask for passports to get back from England to Ireland, and compelled a member of Parliament to ask a policeman for permission to address his constituents? Yet they were asked to uphold the law. There was only one law which he recognised, and that was the law which was made for the people—the law as laid down by President Wilson, with the consent of the governed. The whole machinery of free and constitutional government in every shape and form had been abrogated, and yet the Chief Secretary said that he did not know what they had to complain of. The right hon. gentleman invited them to fight for the principles of liberty—liberty for those small nations thousands of miles away, and yet this was how he treated Ireland. He had no sense of humour. The people of Ireland would do what in their conscience they believed they ought to do. A month before the Chief Secretary launched his policy recruits came in at twelve hundred a month. Now they numbered forty. He did not believe that the Government wanted men at all, but that all they wanted was to camouflage Home Rule. The right honourable gentleman would no more succeed than his predecessor. Everyone was in favour of law, and everyone was in favour of order, but everyone would labour, and even die, for principles which, once established, would secure friendship and amity and goodwill. They were at the end of the session, and the Irish case was in a worse position than it had been before, for the Government, as well as for themselves. It might satisfy the Government to destroy the Irish constitutional party in that House, and the constitutional movement in Ireland, but there would be a great change. They would have trouble enough after the war of their own in Great Britain. Did they want continued discontent and bad blood as well in Ireland? Well, they might have it, but there were men who would come to realise that the greatest blunder ever made was to insult, as they had done that day, the Irish people, to traduce her best men, and to hand over her destinies to the despotism of military government. (Nationalist cheers.)

Mr. FARRELL described the Chief Secretary's speech as an insult and an outrage.

Mr. MEEHAN, Mr. John O'Connor, and Mr. John Fitzgibbon continued the debate.

Mr. ADAMSON supported the motion on behalf of the Labour Party. He characterised the Irish problem as a festering sore at the heart of the nation. If we were to emerge successfully from the war, unity was essential, and the present condition of Ireland showed an appalling bankruptcy of statesmanship. The Labour Party was strongly of opinion that the present muddle could be, and should be, settled by a generous measure of Home Rule. (Labour cheers.) The matter should be settled by the British people themselves if they wished to go clean-handed into a Peace Conference.

Mr. HARBISON, in a maiden speech, supported the motion.

MR. HERBERT SAMUEL.

Mr. HERBERT SAMUEL said that the present unhappy and humiliating situation in Ireland sprang from two grave errors committed by the present Government within the last few months. The first was the unwise, though easily understandable, attempt to impose conscription on the Irish people without their consent. They were passionately opposed to conscription.

Sir JAMES CRAIG—Not in the North.

Mr. HERBERT SAMUEL said that he was not speaking of the North of Ireland. (Cheers.) He was convinced that if Ireland had been granted self-government before the war she would have exhibited a totally different spirit now. (Nationalist cheers.) The second error of statesmanship committed by the Government had been their handling of the Constitutional question since the report of the Irish Convention. Where was the bill promised by the Government, founded on that report? He refused to believe that the reason for the dropping of the bill was the detection of a German plot. He believed that the real reason was that the Committee who were engaged in drafting the bill consisted of so many discordant elements that it was impossible for them to frame a scheme which was generally acceptable, and the plot, so far from being a disaster and a shock to the Committee, came as a Godsend to them. (Nationalist cheers.) Land was being promised to recruits, but no legislation was forthcoming.

Mr. SHORTT said that a bill would be produced this week, but it could not be passed before the adjournment. The scheme had been in contemplation for eighteen months. A good deal could be done without legislation, but legislation was required to complete it.

Mr. HERBERT SAMUEL said that it was no wonder that the Irish people viewed the offer with suspicion. (Nationalist cheers.) He would vote for the resolution, but not for the proposal to refer the Irish question to President Wilson.

MR. BONAR LAW.

Mr. BONAR LAW, who was received with Ministerial cheers, said that in some respects the speech of Mr. Samuel resembled the speeches of the Nationalist members. The hon. members below the gangway were quite impartial in condemning every British Government, but the right hon. gentleman saw in the sins committed only those committed by the Government since he left it. (Ministerial cheers.) He was glad, however, that for once the right hon. gentleman's vote was apparently going to follow his speech. But even that was not quite enough, for the right hon. gentleman had been careful to explain that his vote was to be given, not against the resolution, but against the great bulk of the speeches of the Nationalists. He had listened to no Irish debate that had been more unreal. The hon. member for Mayo had made a moderate speech, but he had not come within a hundred miles of the real difficulties of this problem. He spoke as if this was a case of the British tyrannously refusing the rights of the Irish. No picture of the situation could be less real. The real difficulty of the situation did not rest between the Englishman and the Irishman, but between the Irishman and the Irishman. That was the whole case, and in view of the vital issues with which the world was faced to-day, the kind of speeches to which they had listened about the tyranny of the English was ridiculous. It might be that some method of statesmanship should have been found to have got them out of the difficulties, but as to tyranny, everyone knew that they had but committed the fault towards Ireland of too much laxity. The hon. member for Mayo had referred to the speeches of President Wilson, and to fighting for the liberties of small nationalities. Did he think that that touched the Government? What were small nationalities? Surely, the very same rights of "self-determination" claimed for small nationalities would, in that case, equally apply to the people of Ulster? (Cheers.) What a difference it made to be a member of a Government and a critic of a Government! He quoted a speech of Mr. Herbert Samuel, and asked what it was that the Irish members really proposed.

Mr. SAMUEL said that the answer to that was given in the report of the Convention.

Mr. BONAR LAW said that of all the attempts to make a case, that was the most amazing. He did not wish to do anything to increase the difficulties of the situation. They would all like to see a settlement of the question, but it could only be settled if those who made the demand were prepared to look at the whole facts of the case and deal with them justly. Take the position to-day. If the hon. member for East Mayo had Home Rule to-day and Ulster failed them, the immediate result would be a Home Rule agitation in Ireland itself. In that way no solution lay. Could anyone seriously say that after what had happened the Government could give Home Rule now, when, as had been said, the people of Ireland who were against England and on the side of the Germans were in the majority? Was it conceivable that any sane men would suggest Home Rule now? He regretted the position that had arisen. We were face to face with a great crisis, and because the Irish were not with us, were they to be against us? It had been asked what the Irishmen in the trenches would say. He believed that Irishmen all over the world, who not only wanted liberty, but were willing to fight for it, would put to themselves the question: "Did the men who held back in this great struggle represent their race and the principles for which they were fighting, and were willing to die?" (Cheers.)

The House then divided on Mr. Dillon's resolution, with the result that there voted—

For the resolution	106
Against	245
Majority against	139

The House rose at 11.12.

ROLL OF HONOUR

The casualty lists issued last night show the following losses:—Officers—Dead, 18; wounded or missing, 20—total, 38. Rank and File—Dead, 361; wounded or missing, 1,468—total, 1,829.

KILLED.

ANCRUM, Captain J. A., Highland Light Infantry.
ROBINSON, Capt. and Adj. C. W., Yorkshire Regt.
WEDD, Captain E. P. W., Yeomanry, attd. R.A.M.C.

NOW REPORTED KILLED.

COCHRAN, Lt.-Col. H. P. G., D.S.O., Cheshire Regt. (Major, Middlesex Regt.).
FITZMAURICE, Second Lieutenant A. H., R.F.C.
GRAHAM, Second Lieutenant K. S., Seaforth Highrs.
GRAHAM, Second Lieutenant T. E., M.C., Sco. Rif.
McCUDDEN, Second Lieutenant J. A., M.C., R.F.C.
OLIVER, Sec. Lt. F. L., Som. L.I., attd. R.F.C.
SANDERS, Second Lieutenant S. E., R.W. Kent R.
WRENFORD, Lt.-Col. A. L., E. Lan. R. (Capt., Worc. Regt.).

DIED OF WOUNDS.

ADAM, Second Lieutenant F. D., Rifle Brigade.
GWYNNE-GRIFFITH, Lieutenant G. D. M., R.F.
WELLINGS, Second Lieutenant T. F., R.G.A.

DIED.

GRICE, Lieutenant M. C., Army Cyclists' Corps.
TAYLOR, Second Lieutenant W., Army Service Corps.
WALLIS, Lieut. W. K., Linc. R., attd. E. Lan. R.

WOUNDED.

ALLISON, Lt. H., North'd. Fus., attd. Durham L.I.
BRUCE, Second Lieutenant W. R., Durham L.I.
GORE-LANGTON, Maj. R. G., R.H.A., attd R.F.A.
GOULD, Lieutenant C. M. C., Royal Field Artillery.
GRANTHAM, Sec. Lt. ?. E. O., Lond. R., attd. M.G.C.
GRUNDLINGH, Second Lieutenant P. J., London R.
HADFIELD, Second Lieutenant R., Durham L.I.
HEDGECOE, Second Lieutenant S. F., Middlesex R.
JOHNSON, Lieutenant H. P., R. W. Kent Regt.
MacDONALD, Second Lieutenant C. C., Rifle Brig.
MACHLACHLAN, Maj. W. K., D.S.O., North'd Fus.
MOCATTA, Lieutenant W. E., W. Yorkshire Regt.
MUIR, Capt. and Adj. M. C., M.C., Cameron Highrs.
PHILLIPS, Second Lieutenant A., Highland L.I.
TUGBY, Second Lieutenant L. A., Welsh Regt.
WALKER, Sec. Lt. C., Conn. Ran., attd. R. Irish Fus.
WATSON, Second Lieutenant E. C., K. R. Rifle Corps.
WILLIAMS, Lieutenant Herbert, Machine Gun Corps.

NOW REPORTED WOUNDED AND MISSING

ARTHY, Second Lieutenant E. B. F., Durham L.I.

NOW REPORTED DIED OF WOUNDS AS A PRISONER OF WAR IN GERMAN HANDS.

RICE, Captain J. A. T., M.C., Lancers.

WOUNDED AND PRISONER OF WAR IN TURKISH HANDS.

FERGUSON, Capt. J. F., Durh. L.I., attd. Leic. R.

NOW REPORTED WOUNDED AND PRISONER OF WAR IN GERMAN HANDS.

JACKSON, Capt. and Adj. H. A., K. R. Rifle Corps.

NOW REPORTED PRISONERS OF WAR IN GERMAN HANDS.

MURPHY, Captain W. S., Leicester Regt.
POPE, Lieutenant A. D., Royal Flying Corps.
WOODYER, Capt. C. de W., M.C., Cheshire Regt.

ROYAL AIR FORCE.

KILLED.

FREDERICK, Sec. Lt. L. M.	ORAM, Sec. Lt. W.
MEDDINGS, Sec. Lt. W. W.	PELLOW, Sec. Lt. R. C.
MORTON, Sec. Lt. R. H.	WINKS, Sec. Lt. J. G.

DIED OF WOUNDS.

HOLLAND, Sec. Lt. J. H.

DROWNED.

HUNTER, Sec. Lt. W. A.

WOUNDED.

ARNOLD, Sec. Lt. F. T.	HARDWICK, Lt. G. N.
BOOTH, Sec. Lt. H.	MARSHALL, Sec. Lt. W. S.
De NIVERVILLE, Lt. A.	MOFFAT, Sec. Lt. I. McL.
HAMMOND, Sec. Lt. J. E.	SIMPSON, Lt. A. E.

MISSING.

BATTLE, Lt. A. J.	KANE, Lt. M. H. K., M.C. R. Dub. Fus.
DICKINSON, Lt. H. M.	LOUPINSKY, Lt. J.
DUNN, Sec. Lt. R. H.	McFAUL, Lt. J.
HINCHLIFFE, Sec. Lt. H. E.	RIDLEY, Lt. C. B.

OTHER RANKS.

IRISHMEN AND MEN IN IRISH REGIMENTS ONLY.

All are Privates except where otherwise shown. The town shown against each soldier's name is the home of his next-of-kin, except when followed by the abbreviation "Enlt.," when it is his place of enlistment.

DIED.

LEINSTER REGIMENT.—Rahilly, 2104 M. Bantry.

OFFICER-PRISONERS ARRIVE IN ENGLAND.

The following officers, with others, who were prisoners of war in Germany, have now arrived in England:—

FITZGERALD, Captain J. S., Royal Irish Regt.
RAWLINSON, Captain C. B., Royal Munster Fus.

Lieutenant J. Rossington Barnett.—On the 24th inst. Lieutenant J. Rossington Barnett, Royal Air Force, lost his life in a flying accident. He was the eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. Rossington Barnett, Leeson Park avenue, Dublin, and was 19 years of age.

Second Lieutenant John A. Tillie.—Second Lieutenant John Archibald Tillie, Royal Highlanders, the youngest son of Mr. W. J. Tillie, Elstow, Londonderry, and grandson of the late Mr. William Tillie, H.M.L. for Londonderry City, has been killed in action. He was 19 years of age.

DUBLIN RISING A WAR.

CLAIM OF MESSRS. CURTIS ALLOWED.

£29,703 DAMAGES.

Yesterday in the Commercial Court of the King's Bench Division, London, Mr. Justice Roche gave judgment in the action by Curtis and Sons, engineers, Middle Abbey street, Dublin, against Mr. H. N. Matthews, Lloyd's underwriters, claiming to recover compensation under a war and bombardment policy in respect of damage caused to plaintiffs' premises by fire arising from the military operations during the Dublin rebellion in Easter, 1916.

His lordship held that the plaintiffs were entitled to £29,703, and gave judgment against defendant of his proportion of loss and costs. He granted a stay of execution in view of an appeal.

His lordship found that the Post Office was bombarded by the Crown Forces, and by reason of the bombardment a conflagration broke out there, which spread by means of the highly inflammable barricade constructed by the insurgents, until it had reached and virtually destroyed the buildings and contents of the plaintiffs' premises. Defendant disputed liability on various grounds—first, as to the contention that the policy did not cover risks excluded and excepted, such as losses by fire caused by riots and civil commotions, but only war and bombardment risks. His lordship said the contention was correct, but he could not accept the defendant's contention that what took place in Dublin in Easter Week was a civil commotion and not within the policy. Upon oral evidence given by plaintiffs and the evidence supplied in the Sinn Fein rebellion handbook, he was satisfied that what occurred was more than a riot and more than civil commotion. Quoting from the decision of Chief Justice Wilmot in a case arising from Norwich disturbances in 1767, his lordship said, just as the Chief Justice then observed, that among armies' great guns or bombs the laws are silenced, so in the present case the Four Courts were seized and made a stronghold of the insurgents, and, naturally, an Easter sitting could not be begun on the due date.

RISING CONNECTED WITH THE WAR.

He could not doubt that the Dublin rising was not merely felonious, but was treasonable, and it had a distinct connection with the war in which that country was engaged. The rising was as hopeless as the proclamations of its leaders were vain-glorious; but he was satisfied that Easter Week in Dublin was a week not of mere riot, but of civil strife amounting to warfare, waged between the military and a usurped power.

OATH OF ALLEGIANCE FOR CIVIL SERVANTS.

Colonel McCalmont, in the House of Commons yesterday, asked the Prime Minister whether, in view of the decision to require an oath of allegiance from every person who entered the Civil Service of the Crown, the Government would, without casting any doubts upon the loyalty of civil servants in general, take steps to place them all on an equal footing, by calling on those already in the service to take a similar oath.

Mr. Bonar Law, who replied, said the answer was in the affirmative.

PROVINCIAL PARAGRAPHS.

Strike in Enniscorthy.—A demand for an increase of wages not being acceded to, 60 employes of the Enniscorthy Co-operative Agricultural Society, Ltd., went out on strike yesterday morning.

Portadown Man's Sudden Death.—While attending a Gospel meeting in the Young Men's Institute, Portadown, on Sunday evening, Mr. James Dillon had an apoplectic seizure, and was removed to his residence in Bridge street, where he died soon afterwards. Deceased was the local agent of the Windsor Bakery Co., Belfast.

Memorial Service in Derry.—A memorial service was held in Derry Cathedral on Sunday for the Derrymen who have fallen in the war during the past twelve months. The names of the fallen were displayed in front of the pulpit. A detachment of soldiers attended. The offertory was on behalf of the Ulster Women's Fund for Prisoners of War in Germany.

LAW REPORTS.

Clergy Widows' Fund.—In the Chancery Division yesterday, before the Master of the Rolls, in the matter of the Ardagh Diocesan Widows' Fund, Mr. Newett (instructed by Messrs. W. M. Moore and Sons) applied on behalf of the Right Rev. W. R. Moore, D.D., Bishop of Kilmore, Elphin and Ardagh, and the Right Hon. Sir James Campbell, Bart., Lord Chancellor, the present trustees, for an order that the funds of the Society and its future management should be transferred to and vested in the Representative Church Body, and that a scheme should be settled by the Court. It appeared from an affidavit made by the Bishop that the fund was established in 1770, and that the income of the fund had been applied from time to time in the payment of annuities to the widows of deceased clerical subscribers in equal proportionate parts. There were now only three annuitants on the list and only one annual subscriber. The funds of the Society consist of £3,750 Consols, standing in the names of the trustees. In pursuance of a resolution it was proposed to close the fund and vest the moneys in the Representative Church Body, to whom the future administration of the fund would be transferred. It was stated that a similar course had been followed with beneficial results in the case of other small diocesan charities and funds. The Master of the Rolls went through the draft scheme and made orders confirming same, vesting in the Representative Church Body the right to a transfer of the Consols, and to receive the dividends. All parties were allowed their costs. Mr. Oliver Murphy (instructed by Messrs. Maunsell, Darley, and Orpen) appeared for the Representative Church Body, and Mr. Cooper (instructed by Mr. Bernard) for the Attorney-General.

Trespass on a Meath Farm.—In the Chancery Division, before the Master of the Rolls, in the case of Patrick White, M.P., v. Thomas J. MacCabe, Mr. Hugh Kennedy (instructed by Mr. Gerald Tench) applied on behalf of the defendant for a declaration that the sum of £65, fixed by the Chief Clerk, pursuant to an order of the Court, was excessive, and that £15 was the amount of such damages. The action had been brought against the defendant, his agents, and servants, for an injunction restraining the defendant from trespassing on a farm of the plaintiff at Bodenstown, Co. Meath, and from interfering with the fences. An inquiry was also asked by the writ as to the damages sustained by the plaintiff by reason of the trespass of defendant on 12th and 13th March, 1918. The defendant did not appear in that action, and an interim injunction was obtained. He was subsequently committed to Mountjoy Prison, but on an apology he was discharged. The inquiry as to damages proceeded in Chambers, and the case made by the plaintiff was not merely in respect of 12th and 13th March, but that from 9th to 19th April the defendant had put nineteen bullocks to graze on the lands. The plaintiff claimed £70 damages, and the Chief Clerk had allowed him £65. Counsel argued that the inquiry was limited to the two dates in March, and that subsequent and separate trespasses should not be taken into consideration. Mr. Wylie, K.C., with whom was Mr. Farrell (instructed by Mr. C. Friery), for the plaintiff, said the lands had at one time been held by the defendant. They were purchased by Mr. White at a sale in Mr. Justice Barton's Court. Mr. White had been forcibly excluded from the lands by the defendant from 13th March until the latter was put in prison on 19th April. Counsel gave other details as to the acts of the defendant, and said the estimate of the Chief Clerk was most reasonable. The Master of the Rolls said he saw no reason to disturb the judgment of the Chief Clerk. If the defendant suffered he had got no person to blame but himself. The defendant must pay plaintiff the costs of the memorandum.

Sale of Dublin Property.—In the mortgagees' suit of Switzer and Co., Ltd., v. Eva Lynch, Mr. Justice O'Connor accepted an offer to purchase certain house property at Royal Canal terrace, Dublin, for the sum of £1,600. Messrs. W. Fry and Sons were solicitors having carriage. Messrs. Croker and Moran, for the defendant, and Sir John R. O'Connell, for other mortgagees, supported the offer. Mr. Overend (instructed by Messrs. A. and L. Goodbody) appeared for Mr. Edmund A. Lynch, who claimed to be entitled to a moiety of the property along with the defendant, and opposed the offer.

THE LEGAL DIARY.

LAW NOTICES.—Tuesday, July 30th, 1918.

CHANCERY DIVISION.—Lord Chancellor. In Lunacy. Bef. the Assist. Registrar, 11.30—Sureties, Shannon; ren. ac., Ryan and McCoy; 103rd Section, Quirke. Chambers. Bef. the Chf. Clk., 11.30—Richardson, mins., Fitzgerald, sol.; McGlinchey, a mnr.; Newsom, mins., Newsom v. Newsom; Robinson v. Murphy.

ROLLS.—For Judgment—White v. McCabe. For Hearing. Motions—Boss v. Luggar; McEvoy v. McEvoy; Smith v. Smith; O'Neill v. McGivorty; Wise v. Birch; Draper v. Draper; Trustee Act and Power's Trusts. Action—Bianconi v. Hogan. In Chamber—Jameson v. Dobbs; Pim v. Hale; Hennah v. Hillsworth; McNamara's Trusts.

MR. JUSTICE O'CONNOR.—For to-morrow. For Judgment—Glynn v. Coghlan; Roe v. Dowling. At Chambers—Courts (E.P.) Act, Caldwell v. Levinson; O'Brien v. O'Brien; Horner v. Horner; Foley v. Foley. This day. Bef. the Chf. Clk., at 11—Cre. Acts and Irish Provdt. Assce. Co., sign cert.; Daintry v. Lonnellan, sign cert.; Logan v. Peace; Conway v. Fitzpatrick, 1918/291; McCarthy v. McCarthy, 1918/207; Traynor v. Malcolmson; Power v. Greene; Hanly v. Hanly; Fitzgerald v. O'Brien; Corbett v. Grace; Lenone v. McCashin.

CONSOLIDATED TAXING OFFICE.—Master Kilbride, at 11—Co. Cnl. King's Co. to Conway, T. Conway; Bangor U.D. to Mahaffy, W. I. Mahaffy; Thos. Harris, a bankrupt, Thompson and Co.; Wm. Fras. Foran, a bankrupt, J. R. Cresswell; Lamb v. French, A. O'Hagan and Son; same v. same, Wm. Roche and Sons; Dublin Corpn. exp. Drought, Maunsell and Co.; Cavan Co. Col. to McBreen, F. McBreen. Master Denning, at 11—Fryer v. Fryer, F. O'Sullivan; French, decd., French and French; Smith's Trusts, Johns and Co.; do., Thompson and Co.; do., J. Boyd; do., J. Bristow. Master Macnamara, at 11. Exparte Taxations—Breen, decd., N. F. Maher; Breen v. Breen, do.; Hague v. Hawthorne, W. J. Fegan; Gdns. Inishowen Union to Loughrey, J. Loughrey; Morris v. O'Hara, Thornhill and Son; Mulligan v. Barnett, S. Cunningham; same v. same, Cunningham and Co.; Madden to O'Neill, C. P. O'Neill.

LAND REGISTRY.—Bef. Mr. Justice Ross, at 11.30. Exparte Motions—James McKenna Roe, Co. Monaghan; Thomas Joyce, Co. Galway; Michael Walsh, Co. Limerick; Patrick Long, Co. Dublin.

LAND JUDGES.—Mr. Justice Ross. At the conclusion of Land Registry List. For the Sitting of the Court. Motions—Cooke v. Cooke; same v. same. Receiver Case—Sutton v. O'Brien, J. G. Skinner and Son. Land Purchase Acts. Chamber—A. M. Drew, allocate; R. E. Longfield, do.; Mary Russell, do. Land Cases Chamber—R. I. C. Watson; M. J. Trott; E. A. Harbison; T. M. Hunter; C. J. R. Dowling; Assignees Sir W. Nugent; J. M. P. McFadden; Cibbons v. McDonnell, to be mentd.; inter pleader summons; Cooke v. Cooke; Dublin Reconstruction Act, 63 Middle Abbey street; Dublin Dockyard Co. v. Eastern Maritime. Land Cases. Court—John Parkinson, Henry W. Bailey; O. C. Woodhouse; C. J. Blake. Mr. Dick, Examiner—R. Farrer; J. McC. O'Leary. Bef. Mr. Crause, at 11—Mary Russell, sch. Receiver Office. Mr. Foot, Examiner, at 11. Appln. for Directions—Natl. Bank v. Beirne.

TRIALS BY JURY.—Bef. Mr. Justice Pim. In King's Bench Court No. 1, at 11. At Hearing. Cr. Appeal—Peart, applt., v. Barrett and ors.

BANKRUPTCY.—Bef. Mr. Justice Pim. (At the conclusion of "Peart v. Barrett," Trials by Jury—Rooney, exam. witnesses, Joyce and Duggan. Bef. the Chf. Registrar or Chf. Clk., at 11—Arrangt., pr. dts., J. J. McDonald; do., do., R. A. Howe.

WAR NOTICES AND APPEALS.

THE HOWTH CASTLE FETE,

In aid of the
ROYAL DUBLIN FUSILIERS' PRISONERS OF WAR FUND.
On THURSDAY, FRIDAY, and SATURDAY, AUGUST 1st, 2nd, and 3rd.
COUNTRY PRODUCE STALL.

Anyone wishing to help the Fund for the Prisoners of War is asked to send contributions to above Stall. Vegetables, Fruit, Butter, Eggs, Cheese, etc., will be gratefully received by the Stallholders.

LADY STOKES.
Mrs. J. BAGWELL, } Baily,
Mrs. H. JAMESON, } Co. Dublin.
Mrs. F. PERRY.

On receipt of postcards, labels will be supplied for all parcels.

GIFT SHOP AND LINGERIE DEPOT.

The Gift Shop, in aid of Belgian soldiers and refugees, carried on at 7 Nassau street, Dublin, shows the following balance from September, 1917, to July 15th, 1918.

The accounts have been audited and found correct by Mr. E. White, 16 Molesworth street, Hon. Treasurer of the Belgian Refugee Committee in Ireland:—

	£	s.	d.
Gross profits	1,516	7	11
Expenses, including rent of No. 9 Nassau street, alterations and decorations in No. 9 and in No. 7 Nassau street (the latter kindly lent by Captain G. W. Tickell), electric light, gas, advertisements, salaries, wages, insurance, etc., etc.	746	12	10
Net profits	£769	15	1
Sale of Belgian lace (as per receipts from the Comité de la Dentelle)	£202	2	9

SAILORS' REST, 63 NORTH WALL.

The "British and Foreign Sailors' Society" is the oldest Society for Seamen in existence, and "The Sailors' Rest" is the Dublin Branch. During the last sixteen months we have assisted in Dublin 244 Seamen from torpedoed vessels, and have given them 201 meals, 87 woollens, and 65 garments. One of these seamen, after a dreadful experience, said: "I suppose we'll soon be out to sea again."

A few items of work for the last ten months may be of interest:—The number of visits to ships by the missionary were 891; visits made by the men to the Rest were 6,579; and 1,109 letters were written by them; 4,604 magazines were given to them, and 216 kits were cared for, valued at £450. A Service, tea, and song service is conducted every Sunday.

We desire here to make an earnest appeal for donations to this important work. Last year we were behindhand financially, and we need immediate assistance. Spare literature for the ships is also acceptable. Any help sent will be gratefully acknowledged by

Yours on behalf of the Committee,
EDGAR A. CLARK,
Missionary and Secretary.

THE SOLDIERS' AND SAILORS' FREE BUFFETS.

The returns for last week for the Dublin Buffets were 21,205 men. Since the Buffets were opened 1,453,708 men have been given free refreshments.

The following gifts have been received:—Mrs. Aston, Miss Bridge, Mrs. Cole Greville, "A Friend," Mrs. Bailey, Miss Wallace, Miss O'Neill, Mrs. Smythe, Miss Ross, Mr. Kehoe, Mrs. Murray, Mrs. Barry, Mrs. Cowan, Lady Cullinan, Mrs. Pim, sandwich meat; Major Cusack, buns; Mrs. Calwell, Miss Tuckey, Miss Hodgins, cheese; Miss Mills, Mrs. Wade, eggs; Miss Mapother, Mrs. Harrison, Mrs. Anderson, jam; Miss Woods, honey; Mrs. Herbert, Miss Knaggs, scones; Miss Tittle, Miss Wade, Miss Knaggs, Mrs. Bailey, cucumber and fruit; Miss Chapman, salmon; Mrs. Goff, tins; Mrs. Maunsell, butter; Mrs. Walkington, Mrs. O'Donnell, tea; Miss Robinson, milk.

HUGH D. PACK BERESFORD,
Hon. Secretary.

VEGETABLE PRODUCTS COMMITTEE (IRISH BRANCH),

5 Molesworth Street, Dublin.

The Hon. Secretaries appeal for funds to carry on the work of supplying fresh fruit and vegetables to our sailors of the Grand Fleet and to Irish Naval Bases. Cheques should be made payable to Mr. D. L. Ramsay, Hon. Treasurer, and all particulars as to gifts of produce will be gladly furnished by the Hon. Secretaries.

At the Old Bailey, London, yesterday, Bertha Parbuccie, a young French woman, was found not guilty of the murder of her husband, Xavier Parbuccie, and was discharged.

NEW ISSUE.

ENGLISH OILFIELDS, LIMITED.

This new company has a capital of £300,000, divided into 300,000 shares of £1 each, of which 150,000 will be issued as fully-paid to the vendors in part payment of the purchase consideration, and the balance of 150,000 shares are offered for subscription at par. The company has been formed for the acquisition of oil shale lands in England. The company has already secured for its operations an extensive area of oil shale lands, situate about three to ten miles to the south of King's Lynn, in the county of Norfolk, the area of which is estimated to be not less than twenty square miles in extent. This land is held either on mining leases, for a term of sixty years, or on agreements for lease with the right to take up leases thereon for the term of sixty years, the terms in each case being calculated from December, 1917, or later dates. Geographically, the estates are well situated for dealing with the production of oil, being within a few miles of the port of King's Lynn. There is also railway communication to all parts of the country which can be made available by the construction of sidings. Commercially there is a great demand for motor spirit and fuel oil. The demand for fuel oil for naval purposes is greater than it has ever been, and it is anticipated that the company will be able to supply on as favourable terms as any foreign producer. The geological examination of the company's area has been conducted by Mr. W. Forbes-Leslie, F.G.S. Mr. Renwick Cowan (formerly mining manager to the Pumpherston Oil Company, Limited), has also examined and reported thereon. The chemical examination of the shale and the oil produced has been made by Mr. Edward Burnet, B.A., B.Sc. During the past three years the vendors have carried out a comprehensive programme of development on the property, including the sinking of a considerable number of bore-holes which have proved the presence of valuable oil shale seams over a large area. An experimental plant was erected near King's Lynn for the purpose of testing bulk samples of the shales, and the oil obtained has been found of high quality and easily extracted by low temperature distillation. The developments have been carried out under the supervision of Mr. Forbes-Leslie, and have given satisfactory results. The English and Foreign Oil Finance, Limited, are the vendors to and are promoting the company, and they have fixed the purchase consideration under contract at £157,500, payable as to £7,500 in cash and £150,000 in fully paid shares of £1 each of the company. Under this agreement the company agrees to refund to the English and Foreign Oil Finance, Limited, the sum of £5,000 expended by it in drilling operations. The subscription list will close on or before the 7th August.

DUBLIN CASTLE RED CROSS HOSPITAL.

A meeting of the Finance and General Purposes Committee was held at the Castle yesterday afternoon. Mr. William M. Murphy, J.P., Chairman, presided, and the following were present:—Sir William Fry, D.L., J.P.; Sir William J. Thompson, M.D.; Colonel J. O'Carroll, A.M.S.; Mr. G. Jameson Johnston, F.R.C.S.I.; Lieutenant-Colonel Conway Dwyer, R.A.M.C.; Miss Mulvany, LL.D.; Mrs. Owen Lewis. The Secretary and Matron were also present.

The Secretary reported that since the last meeting 24 patients had been received and 94 discharged, leaving at present in the wards 34 officers and 90 N.C.O.'s and men—total, 124. The total number received since the inception of the hospital is 697 officers and 4,764 N.C.O.'s and men—total, 5,461. The accounts for the past fortnight were laid on the table, examined, and cheques drawn in payment.

The Committee wish to thank the following subscribers for their generous gifts:—Sergt. Quigg, V.C. (per Mrs. Owen Lewis), 7s 6d; Harold L. Mooney, Esq. (per the Matron), £10 10s.

A letter was read from Miss L. Thompson, Hon. Secretary, City of Dublin Branch British Red Cross Society, forwarding a sum of £40, being part of the proceeds of the stall in aid of this hospital and the City of Dublin Branch British Red Cross Society. A hearty vote of thanks was accorded to Miss Thompson and the branch for the generous donation, which is most acceptable.

A letter was read from Lady Arnott, Mount Merrion, Blackrock, sending tickets for admission to the recent military tournament for use amongst the wounded officers. It was reported that 35 of the soldiers were very kindly entertained to tea by the Committee of the military tournament. The best thanks of the Hospital Committee were voted to Lady Arnott for her kind thought in sending tickets for the officers, and the Committee of the military tournament for attention and entertainment shown to the wounded soldiers.

It was reported that through the kindness of Alderman Moran and several other friends most of the patients who were able to leave the hospital were invited to the matinee at the Empire Theatre on Saturday last. Miss Smyly, V.A.D., on duty in the hospital, very kindly sent £7, part of a collection she had made towards the patients' garden party held last month. This generous act on the part of Miss Smyly was very gratefully appreciated by the Committee, and their best thanks were voted to her.

Several ladies met on Monday and Wednesday afternoons to do sewing and mending for the patients. Most of these have been doing this work since the start of the institution. Some of them have lent their sewing machines, and the amount of work that has been executed is very considerable, and the greatest use and saving of expense to the hospital. The Committee desire to place on record their grateful thanks to the ladies for the way in which they place their time and skill at the disposal of the patients in the manner indicated. Several kind friends have during the past fortnight arranged for drives for the wounded men. The fresh air and sunshine has been found most beneficial for the patients, and the Committee on their behalf desire to have the kind supporters of the hospital thanked who have supplied these men with fresh air and recreation.

Mr. Michael Cullinane, Errisbeg, Roundstone, Connemara, wrote forwarding two parcels of sphagnum moss. This, he said, was a gift from the Murvey School children, which he hoped would be of use in the hospital. In writing, Mr. Cullinane said:—"It seems appropriate that my last official act under the National Education Board, after a connection of 49 years, should be this little work of mercy. I had, indeed, no difficulty in getting the children to collect and clean the moss, and to them the chief credit is due."

The Committee most gratefully acknowledge this kind act on the part of Mr. Cullinane and the school children who have been under his care. The moss is most useful in the treatment of the wounded patients and the Committee are very grateful to him and the children who collected the moss, and are pleased to think that the work of this hospital and its claims on the generosity of the public have reached so far a part of Ireland as Connemara. They trust that their friends when reading of this act will be impelled to send equally useful supplies.

The Matron wishes to bring under the attention of those friends who are now making jam how she could use any quantity of preserves in the hospital at present, and she would be very grateful for supplies not only of jam, but also of eggs, butter, vegetables, fruit, as well as matches, tobacco, and cigarettes.

Mrs. Owen Lewis reported that arrangements had been made that the raffle for the solid silver tea service in connection with the hospital stall, held at Carrickmines, should be held in the hospital on the 17th September prox.

Messrs. Stokes Bros. and Pim, chartered accountants, auditors to the hospital, wrote reporting as to the accounts to be kept in compliance with the recent Army Regulations, and these were approved.

List of donors who kindly sent gifts of eggs, butter, rhubarb, vegetables of all kinds, gooseberries, oranges, flowers, slippers, papers, magazines, etc., etc.:—Mrs. O'Donnell, National Bank, Carlow; Judge Moore, Delgany; Messrs. Keatinge and Co., 22 Grafton street (per J. Ruddock, Esq.); H. P. Goodbody, Esq., Obelisk Park, Blackrock (2); Miss Adams, Major Cusack, Malahide (2); Sir William Fry, D.L., J.P., Wilton House, Merrion (4); Lord Belmore, Castlecool, Co. Fermanagh; J. W. E. Jackson, Esq., Rosedroit House, Enniscorthy; Miss Kellett, Cintra, Stillorgan; City of Dublin Branch British Red Cross Society, 29 Lower Fitzwilliam street (4); Miss Gillman, 18 Adelaide road (2); Lady Winifred Corry, Lady Langford, Summerhill; Colonel Hughes, Carrick Brennan, Monkstown; Commissioners of Public Works, St. Stephen's Green Park (2); Mrs. Kenny, Tynagh Eyrecourt, Co. Galway; Mrs. Blacken, Clondalkin; Mrs. Potter, Dartmouth, Dartry road (2); Lady Holmpatrick, Abbotstown, Castleknock (2); Mrs. Russell, 22 Elm Park avenue, Ranelagh; Mrs. Robinson, Wasdale; Mrs. Rait Kerr, Edenderry, King's Co.; National Egg Collection, John Galvey, Esq., Ballina; Mrs. Jacob, St. Michael's, Ailesbury road; Lady Dunsany, Dunsany Castle, Co. Meath; Mrs. Wilkins, Mr. Cullane, Errisbeg, Roundstone, Connemara; Mrs. Laidlaw, Castleknock (2); Mrs. Sullivan, Mrs. Stokes, Blackrock (2); Mrs. White King, Roebuck Hall, Dundrum (3); Mrs. Pollock, Ailesbury road; Mrs. Clarke, Graiguenoe; Mrs. Astley Rotheram, Sallymount, Castlepollard; Major E. F. Milner, the Royal Irish, Power's Hotel, Kildare street; Miss Fowler, Maynooth; H. Gerrard, Esq., Clonee, Meath; Mrs. Wilkins, Mrs. Robinson, Rosefield, Foxrock; Mrs. Chatterton, Belmont, Raheny; Mrs. Walter Walsh, Clondalkin; Editor "Welcome," 40 Fleet street, London; Miss Rothwell, Kells.

THE LATE MR. J. H. BOWDEN, M.P.S.I.

The funeral of Mr. Joseph H. Bowden, M.P.S.I., took place yesterday from his residence, 18 Lower Baggot street, to Dean's Grange (family burial place). The chief mourners were:—Mrs. Bowden (wife), Miss Bowden (sister), Miss Edwards (aunt), William J. Edwards, James F. Butler (uncles), Joseph Peake, William Patterson (cousins). The following were also present:—T. J. Farrell, P. J. Collins, J. Dargan (Brooks and Co.), P. Quinn, S. J. Hosford, L. Hosford, Michael Walsh, Thos. L. O'Shaughnessy, W. J. Edwards, R. S. Webster, J. Dodd, T. Pike, T. Seaman, William J. Walsh, Arthur T. Ferrall, R. B. Whelan, F. A. Heney, J. Mullany, J. M. Grant, Finbar P. Leonard, Thos. Carroll, James O'Brien, Dr. Albert Wynne, S. J. Butler, William Blood Smith, H. J. Sumner, J. Burnell, W. F. Wells, P. J. Keating, H. Myers, P. Quinney, Dr. A. Sody, F. Sody, C. H. Merrilees, Dr. R. J. Rowlette, Andrew Beattie, D.L., High Sheriff; H. M. Hambling, F. M'Donnell, M. Weldon, J. O'Grady, James Tutty, A. Tutty, A. P. Mooney, John A. Lamphier, James Kelly, John O'Neill, J. F. Laurence, J. F. Dixon, L. Flanagan, Keith Fraser, Malcomson, Eugene MacArdle, William Bowes, John Bowes, W. Jones, S. Mandly, etc. The Rev. Harvey Stewart officiated at the grave.

A SUCCESSFUL FETE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

Sir,—Will you allow us to thank the many friends who so kindly and generously helped the fête held on July 6th at Burtra in aid of our funds, and to state, in reply to many inquiries, that we have had the great pleasure and gratification of lodging in the bank a sum of £110 8/- as the result, and that there will be a further amount of some £2 or £3 to add to this? Our thanks are due in the first place to Mr. and Mrs. A. V. McCormick, who so kindly lent their charming grounds and helped in so many other ways, and also to the many other friends who contributed so much to the success of the fête.—Yours, etc.,

ROSA M. BARRETT, Hon. Sec.

The Cottage Home for Little Children,
Kingstown, July 29th, 1918.

WOMAN CLERKS AND TYPISTS, G.P.O. Successes from ROSSE COLLEGE, Stephen's Green. Last Woman Clerks' exam.: 2 places. Last Typists' exam.: one place.—(Advt.)

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE.

"Carminetta," presented by arrangement with Charles B. Cochran, is a really tip-top show, to put it in common parlance. Colour, movement, music, and humour are all there in profusion to illustrate the career of Carminetta, the daughter of the familiar Carmen. It is laughable to meet once again Escamillo, getting on in years and a discreet innkeeper at Gibraltar, and Frasquita, whose charms have matured with time. Carmen's daughter takes after her mother in fierce love and hate, so that there is plenty of animation in the part, as played by Miss Maria Minetti. Not less lively and accomplished is Mr. Edward Lauri, who appears in the character of Panelli, a picturesque South American. Mr. Lauri has a voice which carries effectively, and is an able singer and dancer, while his humour is irresistible, and flows freely. He is never still, and his antics and patois are quite delightful. The music of the "operette," by Emile Lassailly, with extra numbers by Herman Finck and Herman Darewski, is as bright and artistic as one anticipates from the mention of such names, while the songs of Miss Nelly Carlyle as the Lady Susan, and Mr. Klit Gaarde as Ensign O'Hara, raise keen enthusiasm. Miss Winifred Hare as Frasquita, Mr. Frank A. Wood as Escamillo, and Mr. J. T. Macmillan as Scotch factotum, also contribute to the humorous and vocal successes. The piece is splendidly staged, so that the entertaining incidents have a worthy setting. "Carminetta" is one of those productions which should be enjoyed while they may.

THEATRE ROYAL HIPPODROME.

There were some fine examples of the art of dancing at the Theatre Royal Hippodrome last night. May Starr, who opened the programme, is one of the neatest step dancers that have appeared at the Royal. Every movement is perfect. Manuel Vega also tried his feet at the dance, and was a good second. He is a comical fellow, and his other "business" is very amusing, notably his wrestling with the spring-backed figure. Then came Ralph Riggs and Kathryn Witchie, who are said to be America's greatest dancers. They certainly gave an excellent exhibition of graceful dancing, and won hearty applause. The vocal side of the programme was distinguished by the presence of the Mildred Telford Trio (Mr. Arthur Lucas, Miss Telford, and Miss Mina Davin). In an artistic stage setting, Mr. Lucas and Miss Telford entertained the audience to a number of beautifully rendered solos and duets. Mr. Lucas was singing at his best, and Miss Telford, as always, charmed everyone with her sweet and remarkably expressive singing, while Miss Davin, in addition to furnishing the pianoforte accompaniments, lent variety to the "turn" by playing a 'cello solo. It was a big drop from the pure art of the Telford Trio to Billy Rogers and his labour leader speech, and he suffered in consequence. Clo d'Arte, the Belgian prima donna, though evidently suffering from the effects of a cold, sang with much artistic finish, and will, no doubt, be heard to even better advantage later in the week. The "Great" Wieland put on an amusing "turn," and proved himself a capital entertainer. The Omega Trio performed a number of remarkable muscular feats as equilibrists, while the bioscope pictures were more generally interesting than usual.

QUEEN'S THEATRE.

The presence of the Agatha Irelande Trio at the Queen's Theatre is the chief attraction this week. The singing of Madame Irelande, the violin playing of Mr. Leonard Hirsch, and the piano accompaniments of Miss Mary Roughan blend agreeably and produce artistic effects which are not often equalled upon the variety stage. Marion Scott is a clever male impersonator, and seems to have an endless stock of catchy numbers. There is originality in the burlesque act of Dolly Lyndo and a pianist, while Harry Lino knows the sort of fare his audience wants, and he provides it with relish. Master Monks, who is described as the wonderful Boy soprano, sings with rare purity, and will probably do better with experience. Other artists include the Meagan Duo, J. C. Oakley, and Condron and Conroy, all of whom help to provide a first-rate entertainment.

THE EMPIRE.

The principal part of the entertainment at the Empire Theatre this week is an Irish farcical comedy by Mr. Chas. K. Ayre. It is highly amusing. The audience were kept continuously laughing, and at the conclusion gave the author and the players most hearty applause. "The Skipper's Submarine," as the farce is entitled, will attract large audiences. Mr. Fred. O'Donovan plays the principal part as Skipper Peter Rooney, who accidentally sinks an enemy submarine. He is capital. Believing at first he has sunk a British submarine, the skipper's transition from desperation and fear to bombastic pride is laughably portrayed. Miss Nora Clancy, the skipper's daughter, and Miss Esme Ward, his wife, are both good Irish types, so, too, is Mr. Maurice Esmond as a member of the R.I.C. Mr. F. J. MacCormac, Minnie's lover, and, indeed, Messrs. Eric Gorman, Hubert Maguire, and Fred Harford all do well. These Irish actors are, as a whole, as good a cast as one could wish to see. "The Skipper's Submarine" is a thin enough story, but it encloses many characteristic quips and cranks of Irish humour, and everybody has his turn in giving native colour to action or native flavour to speech. The variety part of the programme included J. B. Strain, an Irish comedian, who made a hit, and two Australian dancers and humourists, the Brothers Mullaney, who were smart and agile. "The Dublin Octette," a choir of male voices, sang in admirable harmony, and won the warmest applause, which was very well deserved.

TIVOLI THEATRE.

The usual variety programme was provided at the Tivoli Theatre last night. Prominent in the entertainment were Fitzgerald's Club Juggling Girls, who displayed remarkable quickness of eye and dexterity of hand in a fast-worked turn, entitled "American Sweets at Practice." Cathal MacGarvey has a new comedy sketch, "Badly Sold," in which some very amusing scenes are developed. Mr. MacGarvey is assisted by Sheila O'Sullivan, and their united efforts provide a highly entertaining sketch. Harry Belford shines in low comedy parts, and Rosa Lauder, as a "slavey" at the piano, amused the audience. The other artists included James Astor, baritone vocalist; Rose Coleman O'Byrne, Dublin's young soprano; Dick Williams, coon delineator and dancer; Elsie Normand, male impersonator, and the bioscope pictures.

The Carlton Cinema.—"The Cathcart Case," a five-part mystery drama, with Louise Drew as the leading character, is the chief item in a varied programme at the Carlton Cinema, 52 Upper Sackville street. This film is being shown at 3, 5, 7, and 9.15 p.m. daily. Other attractions include a very fine Fox comedy, entitled "A Milk-Fed Vamp," a new "Paramount Travel" film, and the latest Pathe Gazette. Mr. Goldwater, under whose direction the orchestra gives some choice selections, plays a violin solo, "The Zephyr" (Hubay) at 4.30 and 8.30 p.m. daily.

Grafton Picture House.—Billie Burke in "Arms and the Girl" is being shown at the Grafton Picture House, Grafton street. The story is in five acts, and the celebrated actress personifies independent young America in Belgium at the outbreak of the war, the film being especially appropriate at the moment when the United States troops are playing so large a part on the Western front. There are also a number of other films of exceptional interest, and orchestral music appropriate to the pictures.

Princess Cinema, Rathmines.—Mary Pickford in "Rebecca of Sunnybrook Farm" is the title of a fine drama, in which the great film actress is shown at her best at the Princess Cinema, Rathmines. There are a number of other pictorial items of more than usual interest, including a fresh instalment of the "Neglected Wife" serial, a Keystone comedy, and the latest Pathe Gazette, with appropriate orchestral music under the direction of Professor Renaud.

Bohemian Picture Theatre.—"The Edge of the Law" is the title of a most attractive Butterfly production, with Brooke Stonehouse in the leading part, which heads the bill at the Bohemian Picture Theatre, Phibsborough road. Among other items are the Gaumont Graphic, and a special edition of "Irish Events," showing the military tournament at Lansdowne road and theatrical sports. The music of the Bohemian orchestra is excellent, with 'cello solos by Mr. Clyde Twelvetrees each evening.

Pillar Picture House.—"The Bride's Silence" is the title of a very fine film drama, with Gail Kane in the leading part, showing at the Pillar Picture House, Sackville street. The programme also includes an exclusive Christie Comedy, and other attractions.

Rotunda Pictures.—"Womanhood—The Story of a Nation," a thrilling war drama in six parts, is the chief item at the Rotunda pictures and varieties, the programme also including a new "Ham and Bud" comedy, and a new Pathe Gazette, and a fresh instalment of the "Fatal Ring" serial, while variety turns are provided by Misses Whelan and O'Connor, Dublin's comedy duo.

MENDICITY INSTITUTION.

PROVINCIAL INTEREST NEEDED.

The annual meeting of the Mendicity Institution, Dublin, was held yesterday. The Lord Mayor presided.

The Committee, in their 100th annual report, stated that while the numbers of those helped by the society still necessitated a considerable expenditure, during the past four years there had been a marked decrease in the number of those applying for assistance. That could be accounted for in some measure by the war, and the consequent large demand for labour, and military separation allowances. During the year the institution relieved 21,476 persons—12,012 men, 8,736 women, and 736 children. During the year 132 persons were sent to various destinations in Great Britain and Ireland. No feature was more characteristic of the institution, and it greatly relieved the city of many burdens by the removal of a necessitous class who were unable to help themselves in Dublin, while it often placed them in positions where they could earn a competency. Poor invalids were sent to relatives or friends, instead of being consigned to infirmaries. A considerable sum of money had been saved by the inauguration of gas cooking. It had effected an improvement in the cooking, which had been much appreciated. The Committee expected many demands after the war, when wages were reduced and unemployment set in.

The Lord Mayor, proposing the adoption of the report, which he described as edifying, suggested that the Committee put into the hands of the charitable public a booklet describing the genesis and development of the institution and its work during the past century. That institution did not get the publicity it should. It was not brought before the public as often as it might be, in view of the amount of good work it was doing. The Irish people liked to support old institutions so long as they had an honourable record, as that had, and it was worthy of the support of the public.

Rev. D. Anderson, LL.D., seconding the motion, said that the institution relieved the rates of the city to a certain extent, and it made no distinction of creed. By keeping in those who sought aid for an hour, they prevented those who were working from taking advantage of the free meals.

The report was adopted.

Rev. Thomas Byrne, P.P., proposed that thanks be given to the railway and steamship companies for generously carrying strangers recommended by the institution to their homes at reduced fares.

Rev. J. C. Irwin seconded the motion, and praised the services of the Secretary (Mr. H. F. Campbell), appointed a year ago. He urged that the public, not only of Dublin, but of Ireland, should give financial aid to the institution, which was living largely on the interest of donations and bequests. People who came from the country to Dublin hospitals could frequently only get home by the help of the institution, which thus prevented them becoming paupers. The people of the provinces should take some interest in that national work.

The motion was passed, and thanks were accorded the Lord Mayor for his services.

WOMAN CLERKSHIPS, G.P.O., LONDON. 51 of the 56 Successes advertised from Dublin Classes at the last three exams. were obtained by Students of SKERRY'S COLLEGE, 76 Stephen's Green, Dublin, and by far the Best Irish Result at each Competition. Full work will be resumed in all Classes after Summer Vacation on 6th August.—(Advt.)

Fashionable Intelligence

The Earl of Granard returned to Dublin yesterday from spending the week-end at Castle Forbes.

The Earl and Countess of Dartrey have arrived at Dartrey, Monaghan, from London. They will remain at Dartrey for some time.

The Earl of Enniskillen left Kildare on Saturday for Florence Court, where his son, Lord Cole, and Lady Cole, are at present staying.

Lady Moyra Cavendish, who has been on a visit to the Duchess of St. Albans at Newtown Anner, Clonmel, has returned to England.

Lady Hugh Grosvenor has left London for Chester.

A marriage is arranged, and will take place quietly in London in the middle of September, between Major M. R. H. Crofton, D.S.O., R.F.A., son of Sir Malby Crofton, Bart., and Lady Crofton, Longford House, Co. Sligo, and Katharine Beatrice, only daughter of the late George Sturges Pollard, J.P., Burley-in-Wharfedale, Yorkshire, and of Mrs. Pollard, 207 St. James's square, Bath, and grand-daughter of Colonel Pollard, late 17th Foot.

A marriage has been arranged, and will shortly take place quietly in Dublin, between Captain T. J. D. Atkinson, General Headquarter Staff, Ireland, only son of Thomas J. Atkinson, D.L., and Mrs. Atkinson, of Cavangarden, Ballyshannon, and Cicely, only child of Commander H. B. Hawkshaw, Royal Navy, and Mrs. Hawkshaw, at 1 Merrion square, Dublin.

The marriage between Lieutenant Fitzadam Millar, D.S.C., Royal Navy, youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. Fitzadam Millar, of Windsor, Monkstown, Co. Dublin, and Frances Louise, second daughter of the Rev. N. N. and Mrs. Lewarne, of Yealmpton Vicarage, S. Devon, is arranged to take place at the Parish Church, Yealmpton, on Saturday, August 17th, at 2.15 p.m.

The marriage arranged between Second Lieutenant John Elvery Stokes, Royal Fusiliers, eldest son of the late Albert E. Stokes and Mrs. Stokes, Alexandra House, York road, Kingstown, and Mabel Frances, only child of George W. Smith and Mrs. Smith, 11 Albany terrace, Ranelagh, Dublin, will take place quietly (leave permitting) at the end of August.

A marriage has been arranged, and will shortly take place, between Captain Frederick Gaunt, Leinster Regiment, of Oakmount, Heckmondwick, Yorks, and Pauline Mary (Ruby), second daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Hugh J. Cullen, Liscarton House, Navan.

We are asked to state that the announcement referring to Mr. W. B. Kidd and Miss I. Fanning, which appeared in this column on Friday last, was without foundation, and can only have been intended as a cruel hoax.

Dr. F. X. Callaghan has returned to 13 Merrion square.

Mr. Ralph H. Ford has left 4 Clare street for two weeks.

Howth Castle Bazaar and *Fête*, next Thursday, Friday, and Saturday, in aid of the R.D.F.'s Prisoners of War. £40,000 per annum is needed. Contribute by attending.

First Autumn delivery of Irish Tweeds now showing at Switzer's, Grafton street.

Holiday Hats, Holiday Suits, Sports Coats, Blouses, Frocks, and Waterproofs, at Holmes', George's street.

We cannot too strongly emphasise the importance of purchasing Fur Coats now. Delay will certainly involve paying considerably higher prices later for probably inferior furs.—W. Holmes, Dublin, Ltd., 69, 70, 71 George's st.

Quality first has always been the motto of the Dartry Dye Works, Dartry road, Dublin, and success has been the well-deserved reward of this far-sighted policy.

Arrivals at Kingstown per Royal Mail Steamers.—His Excellency the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, Hon. Dorothy Duncan, Hon. Catherine Duncan, Sir Robt. Wallace, K.C.; Sir W. Bond, Col. J. McCloghry, Col. W. D. Dickson, Rev. Arthur Oulton, Lieutenant G. R. O'Sullivan, R.F.A.; Captain H. J. Creany, Captain S. J. M. Carroll, R.D.F.; Rev. J. M. Vincent, C.F.; Engineer Lieutenant R. H. E. Plummer, R.N.; Rev. P. Horan-O'Callaghan, Hon. Dominick Browne, Lady Charles Huntingdon, Hon. Mrs. Chichester, Hon. Mrs. Porter, Sir Alfred and Lady Callaghan, Lt. W. P. Delamere, R.A.F.; Second Lieutenant D. M. Bogie, Second Lieutenant P. J. Molder, R.I.F.; Captain G. R. G. Smyth, Rev. J. Keating, Dr. Agnes Cooke, Captain R. W. R. Sparkes, Colonel B. P. Croft, Lieutenant M. J. Daly, Lieutenant S. K. Chadwick, Philip Sayes, J.P.; F. Murchester, Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Griffin, P. J. Stamp, D. F. Macardle, G. Archdale, Cadet T. W. Hodson, R.N.; E. J. M. Smith, R.N.V.R.; C. Roche, Mr. and Mrs. A. Stewart, D. S. Stewart, M. S. Bergin, A. B. Aitken, J. J. Cooke, J. W. Cooke, B. H. Croft, Lieutenant R. C. Owen, R.A.F.; Mrs. W. D. Dickson, Mrs. Huband Gregg, Mrs. C. Barne, Miss Sheridan, Miss M. Geoghegan, V.A.D.; Miss F. Irwin, V.A.D.; Miss Cooke, Mrs. R. P. Croft, Master E. Maginn.

Departures from Kingstown per Royal Mail Steamers.—Lieutenant Cane, A.S.C.; Lieutenant-Colonel and Mrs. McQuaid, Colonel Jamison Davis, Captain and Mrs. K. B. Harbord, Sub-Lieutenant N. Mitchell, R.N.V.R.; Sub-Lieutenant C. L. Marshall, R.N.V.R.; Colonel and Mrs. Whaite, Captain J. Kenneth, Sub-Lieutenant C. H. Leland, R.A.F.; Sir John Purcell, Major M. B. Riall, Dr. Wm. P. Kennedy, Second Lieutenant D. G. Alexander, Colonel and Mrs. Vernon, Judge Linehan, K.C.; P. Donnelly, M.P.; Rev. T. McGrath, Captain S. J. M. Carroll, Lieutenant C. G. Finney, Second Lieutenant A. C. Prior, Captain A. S. Lee, Lieutenant R. G. Gray, Captain H. Howard, John Fitzgibbon, M.P.; J. P. Hayden, M.P.; Lieutenant C. F. Graham, Chief Secretary for Ireland, Lord Chancellor of Ireland, S. C. Mitchell, E. Howe, J. S. MacFarlane, C. D. Earthlie, R. W. Lefroy, J. H. Richardson, W. J. Hand, F. W. Evans, James Crooks, A. E. T. Sherwood, Denis Hayes, Dowager Countess of Desart, E. J. Kelly, M.P.; Sister F. O'Driscoll, Miss E. D. Barnes, Nurse Hartford, Miss R. Perkins, Miss K. Geough, Mrs. J. Sweetman, Miss N. Mortimer, Miss A. Kenny, Mrs. M. Madden, Miss A. A. Ievers, Mrs. S. J. M. Carroll, Miss Patten, Miss E. Kellett, Mrs. R. G. Gray, Mrs. C. R. Graham, Miss Graham, Miss E. Grehan, Miss E. Cunningham Hayes, Miss H. Brunitt.

Last days of McBirney and Co.'s Summer Sale.

Ladies' Own Furs Cleaned and Remodelled to Newest Designs, at moderate prices.—Davis and Co., 45 Grafton street.

Superfluous Hair Permanently Removed. Fifteen years complete success. Lotion. Consultation.—Prof. Kennedy, 204 Gt. Brunswick street, Dublin.

AMALGAMATION OF UNIONS.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD SCHEME REJECTED.

Mr. John Scully, J.P., Chairman, yesterday afternoon presided at a meeting at the South Dublin Union Workhouse of representatives of the North and South Dublin Unions appointed to consider the scheme of amalgamation outlined by the Local Government Board.

Mr. F. J. McCarthy, Local Government Board Inspector, was in attendance.

The Chairman said that the first business they had to decide was whether they approved of the scheme set out by the Local Government Board or a larger scheme for the amalgamation of the Unions in their entirety.

Mr. Maguire (North Dublin) expressed the opinion that the Local Government Board scheme was not a satisfactory one. He also said that the support of the poor ought not to be a local charge, but was a matter for which the State as a whole should be responsible.

Mr. Gately (North Union) said that at their last meeting they had committed themselves to amalgamation.

Mr. Crimmins moved that the North Dublin Union be abolished, and that the whole area of that union be amalgamated with the existing South Dublin Union.

The motion was adopted, with an addendum by the Chairman to the effect that they set out fully for the Local Government Board their objections to the Board scheme, and gave their reasons for the adoption of a scheme of amalgamation of the entire districts of the North and South Unions, as at present constituted.

Mr. Hanlon dissented.

Mr. McCarthy answered a number of questions as to the superannuation of officers of the North Dublin Union and other matters, and the proceedings terminated.

THE REV. PERCY COSTER.

The Rev. Percy W. Coster, Rector of Kilbride, Arklow, having been appointed a temporary Chaplain to the Forces, has been presented by his parishioners with a cheque and other handsome gifts. During his absence the parish will be in charge of the Rev. Warington Stock, M.A., R.N.

FROM THE LONDON GAZETTE.

WAR OFFICE, JULY 29, 1918.

INFANTRY.—R. Berks. R.—Capt. E. F. Eagar to be acting Major whilst serving as Major on Headquarters of a Bn., R. Innis. Fus.

The undermentioned Sec. Lt. to be Lt.:—R.I. Regt.—R. J. Wilkins.

ARMY MEDICAL SERVICE.—R.A.M.C.—The undermentioned Capts. to be Majors—W. F. N. Loughnan, M.C.; (temp. Major) Dennis T. MacCarthy, M.B.; (Acting Lt.-Col.) Ernest C. Phelan, D.S.O., M.C., M.B.; (Acting Lt.-Col.) J. J. O'Keeffe, M.C., M.B.; (Acting Lt.-Col.) E. J. Kavanagh, D.S.O., M.C., M.B.

MEMORANDA.—Temp. Lt. T. D. Kingan, R.I. Rifles, to be acting Capt. whilst employed as Instructor, Officer Cadet unit. Temp. Sec. Lt. E. J. Murphy relinquishes his commission on account of ill-health, and is granted the hon. rank of Sec. Lt.

ATTACHED TO HEADQUARTER UNITS.—Staff Capts.—Lt. L. H. Charles, R. Innis. Fus., Spec. Res., to be seconded, and to be temp. Capt. whilst so employed; temp. Lt. (temp. Capt.) R. W. Hanna, Gen. List, and to retain his temp. higher rank whilst so employed.

SERVICE BATTALIONS.—R.I. Rifles—Temp. Lt. L. S. Duncan, M.C., relinquishes the acting rank of Capt. on ceasing to be employed as Adjutant.

The undermentioned cadets to be temp. Sec. Lts.:—Infantry (attached)—R. Innis. Fus.—F. G. Cadiz. R.I. Rifles—H. A. Annesley, W. G. Chater. R.I. Fus.—J. Malcolm Inglis. Connaught Rangers—J. M. Hynes. Leinster R.—A. W. Hogg. R. Munster Fus.—J. Bradley. R.D. Fus.—H. J. Kennedy, H. M. Rooker.

UNIFORMS AND CAMP KIT.
Write for Price List.
JUNIOR ARMY AND NAVY STORES,
D'Olier street, Dublin.

THE GIFT SHOP AND LINGERIE DEPOT, DUBLIN.

Elsewhere in our columns will be found the balance sheet of the Gift Shop and Lingerie Depot, Nassau street, Dublin, in aid of Belgian soldiers and refugees. In thanking the public for their patronage, the organisers look for a continuance of their support. The Gift Shop will be closed on August 1st and will re-open in September with a fine display of old furniture, Waterford glass, china, lace, lamps, and lamp shades at pre-war prices. The enterprise has enabled the Belgian Refugee Committee to keep open a house for Belgian soldiers on leave, and to assist exiles under their care.

NATIONAL EDUCATION OFFICE. Last Female Typist Exam.—Misses Cunningham and Sheehan successful. BEST RESULT. McGUIRE'S COLLEGE, Sackville st., Dublin.—(Advt.)

DUBLIN AND DISTRICT.

Agents' Association.—A meeting of the Manufacturers' Agents' Association of Great Britain and Ireland was held yesterday afternoon at Jury's Hotel. The meeting was convened by the Hon. Sec., Mr. Joseph Douglas, of 60 William street, Dublin. The chair was taken by Mr. R. Crawford Johnson, who invited agents throughout Ireland to co-operate. It was arranged to form a branch in Dublin and hold a further meeting on Friday, August 30th.

Dublin Designer's Windows.—Stained glass windows and painted panels, by Mr. Harry Clarke, are again on view to-day at the studios, 33 North Frederick street, Dublin. The chief window is one of three lights, having for its subject the Nativity, intended for the Church of Ireland church at Castlehaven. Not only the design, but the colouring, composition, and burning of the window are the work of the studio. Another attraction is found in the panels illustrating J. M. Synge's "Queens," and these are the product of a unique method which enables a great profusion and variety of colour to be utilised in a small space. Design and workmanship alike are of a high level.

Naval Recruiting.—Yesterday evening a party of recruits, about seventy in number, left Amiens street Station, Dublin, for training at the depot. They were in charge of Lieutenant A. E. Spry, R.N.V.R., the officer responsible for Irish trawler recruiting. A number of ladies and gentlemen assembled at the station, and gave the recruits a hearty send-off. Mr. Kapp (of Kapp and Peterson) generously presented the recruits with a large quantity of cigarettes, and Sir James Gallagher, in the course of a brief address, suggested that the principles that ought to guide the future of the recruits were honesty, loyalty, and sobriety. The party then entered their carriages, and were warmly cheered as the train ran out of the station.

Revision of Voters' Lists.—The revision of the voters' lists for the City of Dublin was opened last evening in the City Hall by Mr. Henry Campbell, Town Clerk and Registration Officer, who went through the lists for the Mountjoy (A and B), North City, Rotunda, and South City Wards. Mr. C. S. Campbell acted as legal assessor. Mr. W. P. Corrigan acting on behalf of Sinn Fein clubs, raised a point in connection with claims by lodgers to be placed on the Local Government Board register in addition to the Parliamentary register. The revising officer said that Local Government votes could only be granted in the case of lodgers whose rooms had been let to them unfurnished. Mr. Corrigan wished to know what constituted a furnished or unfurnished room. The revising officer said that he could only go by the Act, and unless rooms were let unfurnished, Local Government votes could not be given to lodgers.

THE AMERICAN MARKETS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

NEW YORK, MONDAY.

Stocks opened firm, but some selling later caused heaviness. A spurt in Railroads at midday, however, offset any further weakness, and the market closed firm. Government Bonds easy; Railroad Bonds steady. Money on call firm at 6 per cent. Sterling exchange steady and unchanged. Silver commercial bar unaltered.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

NEW YORK, MONDAY.

WHEAT—Spot nominal. CORN—Spot nominal.

COTTON declined on favourable weather forecast in the Western belt and foreign selling, but advanced on covering and high temperatures in the South-West, and closed steady. Spot quiet, 40 points up. Receipts—Atlantic, 5,000; Gulf, 3,000. Exports—Britain, nil; Continent, nil. August, 24.56; October, 24.88.

COTTON OIL dull and nominal.

PETROLEUM—Refined steady. TALLOW firm. LARD—Cash market firm, 12½ up. FLOUR quiet. SUGAR steady. TIN and IRON nominal. COPPER dull.

CHICAGO, MONDAY.

WHEAT on spot dull. No. 2 red winter, spot nominal; No. 2 hard winter, spot, nominal.

CORN opened dull at ½c. to 1¼c. decline, and went lower owing to showers in Kansas and Missouri, lower South-West markets, favourable crop reports, slow cash trading, larger interior receipts, a bearish visible supply exhibit, selling by commission houses, and liquidation. The market closed weak at 2½c. to 2¾c. down. July, 152¾; August, 152¼; September, 153⅝.

OATS easy, 1¼c. to 1c. down: July, 74¼; August, 69½; September, 68¾.

PROVISIONS opened steady. Lard advanced on higher hog prices, foreign buying, and covering of shorts, while other hog products declined with corn and also on increased stocks, light liquidation, and professional selling. The market closed irregular, with lard 22½ up to unchanged, pork 40 to 1 down, and ribs 15 points lower. Lard—July, 26.72; September, 26.42½. Pork—July, 44.75; September, 45.25. Ribs—July, 24.50; September, 24.75.

BACON steady, 12½ points down to unchanged.

HOGS steady at irregular changes.

	Short Rib Sides.	Drysalted.	Loose.	HOGS Light.	Heavy packing
To-day	24.00	24.75	18.75	[illegible]	17.15
Previous day	24.12½	24.75	18.70	[illegible]	17.40

MILLINERY

A special offer, this week only

In our French Millinery Department at 82 Grafton St., this season's hats have been marked down after stocktaking to 21/- & 25/- each.

In our Debutante Millinery Department a lot of beautiful Pedal Straw Hats, in blue and biscuit tints are all to be cleared during this week at one price 15/- each

Switzer
Grafton Street, DUBLIN

OLD FALSE TEETH WANTED.

Buying by Government permit, we pay maximum prices. We are the leading buyers of Antique and Modern Silver, Old Gold and Jewellery. Parcels sent by registered post. Cash by return. ORCEL and CO., 35 NASSAU STREET, DUBLIN (Next Elvery's, one door from Dawson street).

A new style of package.

The famous round tin is temporarily replaced by a card box specially prepared for

Calvert's (CARBOLIC) Tooth Powder

Owing to National requirements we cannot obtain our usual supplies of tin boxes.

Individual users who wish can easily empty this 'Refill' into the tin they have just finished, although for obvious reasons, old tins are useless to us.

Two sizes, 5d and 10d, containing respectively the same quantity as the 6d. and 1/- tins.

Only the package is altered, not the quality of the contents.

F. C. Calvert & Co., Manchester, Eng.

DIXON & HEMPENSTALL

Our Axis-cut Pebbles Preserve the Sight.
12 SUFFOLK STREET, DUBLIN.

£1 TO £1,000

Advanced on Demand at KELLY'S Great Old Money Office, 48 FLEET STREET (Westmoreland street), Dublin, on Deposits of Jewels, Silver, China, Paintings, Waterford Glass, etc. Full value remitted on receipt of Parcels. Telephone 2497.

PROSPECTUS.

A Prospectus has been filed with the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies offering for Subscription 150,000 Shares of

ENGLISH OILFIELDS, LTD.

(Incorporated under the Companies Acts, 1908 to 1917.)

The Treasury has been consulted under the Notification of the 18th January, 1915, and raises no objection to this issue. It must be distinctly understood that in considering whether they have, or have not, any objections to new issues, the Treasury does not take any responsibility for the financial soundness of any schemes, or for the correctness of any of the statements made, or opinions expressed, with regard to them.

The special permission of the Committee of the Stock Exchange has been granted for dealing in the Shares now offered for subscription after issue of Allotment Letters.

The Subscription List will CLOSE on or before the 7th DAY OF AUGUST, 1918.

The CAPITAL of the Company is £300,000.

DIVIDED INTO 300,000 SHARES OF £1 EACH,

Of which 150,000 will be issued as fully paid to the Vendors in part payment of the purchase consideration.

The 150,000 Shares offered for Subscription are payable as follows—

1s. per Share on Application.
4s. " " Allotment.
5s. " " Two Months after Allotment.
5s. " " Four Months after Allotment.
5s. " " Six Months after Allotment.

DIRECTORS OF THE COMPANY.

Sir WILLIAM LAWRENCE YOUNG, Bart., 35 Lower Seymour street, London, W. 1.
Sir JAMES HEATH, Bart., J.P., Oxendon Hall, Market Harborough, Ironmaster and Colliery Proprietor.
Major-General Sir GEORGE KENNETH SCOTT MONCRIEFF, K.C.B., K.C.M.G., C.I.E., Hon. M.Inst.C.E. (late Director of Fortifications and Works, War Office), Director of Macdonald, Gibbs and Co. (Engineers), Limited, 10 Vicarage Gate, Kensington, W. 8.
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Captain MATTHEW HENRY PHINEAS RIALL SANKEY, C.B., R.E. (ret.), M.Inst.C.E., M.I.Mech.E., Director, Marconi Wireless Telegraph Company, Limited, Marconi House, Strand, London, W.C. 2.
HENRY CYRIL WARNEFORD FOSTER, Hornby Castle, Lancaster, Landowner.

BANKERS.

THE CAPITAL AND COUNTIES BANK, LIMITED, 35 Queen Victoria street, London, E.C. 4, Head Office, 39 Threadneedle street, E.C. 2, and Branches.

SOLICITORS.

For the Company—BLOUNT, LYNCH and PETRE, 48 Albemarle street, London, W. 1.
For the Vendors—GRUNDY, KERSHAW, SAMSON and CO., 6 Austin Friars, London, E.C. 2.

BROKERS.

MYERS and CO., 6 Throgmorton street, London, E.C. 2, and Stock Exchange.

AUDITORS.

J. W. BEST and CO., Chartered Accountants, St. Peter's Close, Sheffield.

PROSPECTUS.

A Prospectus has been filed with the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies offering for Subscription 150,000 Shares of

ENGLISH OILFIELDS, LTD.

(Incorporated under the Companies Acts, 1908 to 1917.)

The Treasury has been consulted under the Notification of the 18th January, 1915, and raises no objection to this issue. It must be distinctly understood that in considering whether they have, or have not, any objections to new issues, the Treasury does not take any responsibility for the financial soundness of any schemes, or for the correctness of any of the statements made, or opinions expressed, with regard to them.

The special permission of the Committee of the Stock Exchange has been granted for dealing in the Shares now offered for subscription after issue of Allotment Letters.

The Subscription List will CLOSE on or before the 7th DAY OF AUGUST, 1918.

The CAPITAL of the Company is £300,000.

DIVIDED INTO 300,000 SHARES OF £1 EACH,

Of which 150,000 will be issued as fully paid to the Vendors in part payment of the purchase consideration.

The 150,000 Shares offered for Subscription are payable as follows—

- 1s. per Share on Application.
- 4s. ,, ,, Allotment.
- 5s. ,, ,, Two Months after Allotment.
- 5s. ,, ,, Four Months after Allotment.
- 5s. ,, ,, Six Months after Allotment.

DIRECTORS OF THE COMPANY.

Sir WILLIAM LAWRENCE YOUNG, Bart., 35 Lower Seymour street, London, W.1.

Sir JAMES HEATH, Bart., J.P., Oxendon Hall, Market Harborough, Ironmaster and Colliery Proprietor.

Major-General Sir GEORGE KENNETH SCOTT MONCRIEFF, K.C.B., K.C.M.G., C.I.E., Hon.M.Inst.C.E. (late Director of Fortifications and Works, War Office, Director of Macdonald, Gibbs and Co. (Engineers), Limited), 10 Vicarage Gate, Kensington, W. 8.

CHARLES LEOPOLD SAMSON (Grundy, Kershaw, Samson and Co.), Solicitor, 6 Austin Friars, London, E.C. 2.

Captain MATTHEW HENRY PHINEAS RIALL SANKEY, C.B., R.E. (ret.), M.Inst.C.E., M.I.Mech.E., Director, Marconi Wireless Telegraph Company, Limited, Marconi House, Strand, London, W.C. 2.

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AUDITORS.

J. W. BEST and CO., Chartered Accountants, St. Peter's Close, Sheffield.

SECRETARY AND REGISTERED OFFICES.

A. N. STOCKDALE, 48 Albemarle street, London, W. 1.

The Prospectus so filed contains the following, amongst other statements:—

This Company has been formed for the purposes mentioned in its Memorandum of Association, and in particular has for its immediate object the acquisition of Oil Shale Lands in England and the development and working of the same as hereinafter mentioned.

The Company has already secured for its operations an extensive area of Oil Shale Lands, situate about three to ten miles to the South of King's Lynn, in the County of Norfolk, the area of which is estimated to be not less than twenty square miles in extent. This land is held either on mining leases, for a term of sixty years, or on agreements for lease with the right to take up leases thereon for the term of sixty years, the terms in each case being calculated from December, 1917, or later dates.

Geographically the Estates are excellently situated for dealing with a large production of Oil, being within a few miles of the Port of King's Lynn, to which Oil can be easily piped. There is also adequate Railway communication to all parts of the country which can be made available by the construction of sidings.

Commercially there is a great and ever increasing demand for Motor Spirit and Fuel Oil, and the situation of the Company's property so closely adjacent to a port on the East Coast of England places it in a most favourable position for supplying Oil for marine purposes. The demand for Fuel Oil for Naval purposes is greater than it has ever been, and it is anticipated that this Company will be able to supply on as favourable terms as any foreign producer.

The importations of Oil products into the United Kingdom are of very large extent, and this Company and its subsidiary Working Companies should be able to supply a considerable proportion of these products, and so retain in this country large sums of money which are now annually sent abroad for the purchase of imported Oil. It is hoped to begin producing Oil in commercial quantities within a few months, and it will be of very great national advantage to be consuming Oil produced in the United Kingdom, in place of importing supplies from overseas, particularly on the very vital matter of the balance of imports and exports, with its effect on the rate of exchange.

The geological examination of the Company's area has been conducted by Mr. W. Forbes-Leslie, F.G.S. Mr. Renwick Cowan (formerly Mining Manager to the Pumpherston Oil Company Limited) has also examined and reported thereon. The chemical examination of the Shale and the Oil produced therefrom has been made by Mr. Edward Burnet, B.A., B.Sc.

During the past three years the Vendors have carried out a comprehensive programme of development on the property, including the sinking of a considerable number of bore-holes which have proved the presence of valuable Oil shale seams over a large area. An experimental plant was erected near King's Lynn for the purpose of testing bulk samples of the shales and oil obtained has been found of high quality and easily extracted by low temperature distillation. These developments have been carried out under the supervision of Mr. Forbes-Leslie, and have given eminently satisfactory results, and the Company, therefore, begins its existence as the possessor of a proved area containing practically an inexhaustible supply of rich oil shales.

With regard to the development work, Mr. Renwick Cowan states, in his report, as follows:

> "A considerable amount of proving operations have been executed on the property by means of bores, shafts, and the tracing of outcrops. These have proved the existence of rich shale seams over a large area—the continuity and regularity of their occurrence—and the entire absence of large faults. . . . . In all 10 Shale seams have been found of thicknesses ranging from 3 feet 9 inches to 7 feet 4 inches, and included in a depth of 234 feet from the surface. The total footage of workable ore shale in above is 50 feet 6 inches. . . . . It is impossible to estimate with any degree of accuracy the quantity of available shale in the properties, but it would be safe to state that there is readily accessible a quantity (already proved) sufficient to provide for a through put of 1,000 tons per day for a period of 30 years. This low estimate does not include the thinner and more inferior seams, but only takes into account the more valuable. There is ample evidence to show that the greater part of the property is underlain by the Shale section, and as additional bores are put down further large quantities of Shale will be developed. From the several analyses and tests made of the more important seams, I am of the opinion that a safe estimate of the average shale contents, after making due allowance for loss in distillation, is as follows:—Per ton of dry shale: Crude Oil 35 gallons, Sulphate of Ammonia, 70lbs. There is a sufficiency of non-condensible gas to provide the heating power for the working of the installation, thus eliminating the usually high expenditure for coal. . . . . A considerable proportion of the sulphur is contained in the 'Capping' rib of the pyrites covering the seams, and this could readily be eliminated in the mining operations. I am of opinion, as the result of my investigations, that your properties contain the elements essential to a successful Oil industry, and that under experienced and capable management will produce exceptionally good results."

Mr Edward Burnet in his report states that by the use of a suitable retort and a simple method of treatment it has been possible to reduce the original sulphur content to as low a general average as 2.69 per cent. (which, according to Mr. Forbes Leslie, is below the present standard of Admiralty requirements for Fuel Oil), and, by refining the Oil so obtained, to further substantially diminish the amount of sulphur.

Sir Boverton Redwood, Bart., D.Sc., has studied the geological data submitted to him by Mr. Forbes-Leslie, has analysed samples of the Shale and has examined the oil obtained therefrom. As the outcome of this investigation he was so favourably impressed with the prospects of the undertaking that he agreed to act as Honorary Technical Adviser to the Company. His official duties in relation to the war prevent his acceptance at the moment, but when he relinquishes these he is willing to act in the above capacity.

The area controlled by the Company is so large that there is room for a number of Subsidiary Working Companies to operate on separate areas of ground under this Company's auspices, and it will be one of the main objects of the Company to form such Working Companies on selected areas. Each Subsidiary Working Company should have sufficient capital to erect a complete plant treating not less than 1,000 tons of shale per day, and there should be no difficulty in raising such Capital when the initial unit to be erected by the Company is in successful operation. Mr. Forbes-Leslie in his report estimates the post-war profit to be derived from Motor Spirit, Fuel Oil and Sulphate of Ammonia at 6s. per ton of shale treated. On the basis of treating 1,000 tons of shale daily, for say 350 days per annum, each of these plants should return an annual profit of about £100,000. The profit of 6s. per ton of Shale treated is the profit estimated by Mr. Forbes-Leslie to be derived from Motor Spirit, Fuel Oil and Sulphate of Ammonia only, without taking into account any profit to be obtained from dealing with bye-products such as Toluene, Benzol, Phenol, Icthyol, Aniline for dye-products, Bitumen, Paraffin Wax, etc.

In the first instance this Company intends to erect a working unit of such capacity as the funds at its disposal will permit, and the unit will be so constructed as to permit of extension to the full capacity of 1,000 tons daily.

The Company is a purely independent British undertaking.

PURCHASE CONSIDERATION.—The English and Foreign Oil Finance, Limited, are the Vendors to and are promoting the Company, and they have fixed the purchase consideration under contract (a) below at £157,500, payable as to £7,500 in cash and £150,000 in fully paid Shares of £1 each of this Company. Under this agreement the Company agrees to refund to the English and Foreign Oil Finance, Limited, the sum of £5,000 expended by it in drilling operations. The English and Foreign Oil Finance, Limited, have further agreed under contract (b) below to subscribe or procure Subscriptions for £100,000 of the Capital of the Company in consideration of the sum of £7,500, also to pay the whole of the preliminary expenses of the Company down to the time the Company shall become entitled to commence business—except stamp duties and brokerage—but including registration duties and fees, advertising, and fees to brokers and solicitors, in consideration of the sum of £7,000. If such preliminary expenses exceed that figure, the English and Foreign Oil Finance, Limited, are liable for the excess; if they are less they retain the difference. The English and Foreign Oil Finance Limited, have entered into sub-underwriting contracts at an underwriting commission of 1s. per Share with an over-riding commission of 2½ per cent.

The statements in the Prospectus with regard to the property are based upon the Reports of Mr. W. Forbes-Leslie, Mr. Renwick Cowan, and Mr. Edward Burnet. Printed copies of these Reports may be obtained from the Company on application.

Copies of the Memorandum and Articles of Association and of the above-mentioned Reports and Contracts may be seen at the Offices of the Solicitors of the Company at any time during business hours on the days the Subscription Lists are open.

A Brokerage of 3d. per share will be paid by the Company on all shares allotted otherwise than in respect of underwriting on application forms bearing Brokers' stamps.

Prospectuses and Application Forms can be obtained from the Company's Bankers, Brokers, and at the Offices of the Company.

Applications for Shares will be entertained only when made on the form accompanying the Prospectus, and such applications must be sent to the Company's Bankers together with a remittance of the amount payable on application.

FINANCIAL NEWS

DUBLIN STOCK EXCHANGE.

Outside of Government Funds and Banking securities, which were actively dealt in, there was a very moderate business current on 'Change yesterday. Prices in nearly all directions were well supported, and the absence of more markings of "business done" is due almost entirely to shortage of supply. The demand for Consols was considerable, with India 3 p.c. also good. War Loans were busy, but irregular. Banks continue to improve. Bank Stock was again very scarce. In Breweries, Guinness were dull, but Dublin Distillers issues hardened further. City Steam was scarce. Marconis met with good support. Rails were mostly neglected. Dunlops failed to quote. Gas improved. Textiles were good.

BANK OF IRELAND.

Discount .... 5 per cent., 5th April, 1917.
Deposit .... 2½ per cent., 5th April, 1917.

BUSINESS DONE:—

Consols ....(56¾) 56⅛ ¼	Marconi..(77/-) 77/6 78/-
4½% War Ln..(99¼) 99¼	Do. Pf..(67/6) 66/6 67/-
5% do. ....(94⅛) 94¼	Do. America 26/9 26/10½ 27/-
Do. (Deed)....(94¼) 94⅛	G.S.W. Pref.....(78) *78
4% do. ......(102¼) 102¼	Do. Deb. ....(83) 82
Exch.—5% Bonds.....100¼	D.S.E. "A" Deb.....65½
2¾% Ld. Act..(55¼) 55¼	Ang.-Arg. Tram. Deb.65½
3% do. ....(60½) 60¼	Alliance Gas 6 1/16
India 3% .....(57½) 58¼	Henry St.....(18/3) 18/6
Bank of Ireland (197 x.d.) *199	Webb (J. H.)..(16/9) 16/-
Hibernian Bk....(5¼) 5¼	Brad. Dyers..(40/-) 40/6
Mun. and Lein...(7½) *7	Coats ....(7) 7⅛
National Bk....(17¼) 17¼	Do. Pref....(11⅛) *11⅛
Provincial New..21½) 21½	Sew. Cot....(63/3) 63/6
Dub. Dist. Ord..(32/-) 32/6	Goulding Deb. (87/6) *86/3
Do. Pref. ....(6⅛) 6¼	Lever "D" Pref. (20/4½) 20/4½
Guinness ......(30¼) 30¼	Vickers ....(47/3) 47/-
Do. Pref. ......(11¼) 11¼	Findlater Deb..(65/-) 64/-
Old Bushmills 12/3	Imp. Tobacco 64/-
Dub. Stm. Pkt. Pf...*72	United Steel 25/3

*Odd lot.

(The last business done is given in parentheses.)

LONDON MONEY MARKET.

Bank Rate (changed April 5th, 1917) ...... 5 p.c.

Despite week-end disbursements, the effect of which had not altogether worn off, money was in good demand in the Loan Market at 3 to 3½ per cent. Weekly advances were arranged at 3½ per cent. There was no material change in the Discount Market, and takers entertained no particular hopes of a marked slackening in conditions after the turning of the month. Bills were in moderate supply, and two to six months' drafts were quoted at 3½ per cent. This was also the rate for short dated Treasury bills.

Bank Rate (Discount) changed April 5, 1917 ...... 5%

60 days (fine)	3½%	Trade	4 %
3 months ,,	3½%	,,	4 4½%
4 months ,,	3½%	,,	4½ 5%
6 months ,,	3½%	,,	5 5½%
Loans to bill brokers day to day			3 3½%
do. do. for a week			3½%
Deposit allowance: Banks at notice			3 %
do. Discount houses at call and notice			3 %

Spot silver remained at 48½d per oz.

The following foreign exchange rates were current:—Paris cables, 27.14½ to 27.16; Amsterdam, 9.15 to 9.18; Italy, 40.20 to 41.10; Madrid, 17.60 to 17.63; Christiania, 15.06 to 15.09; Stockholm, 13.25 to 13.30; Berne, 18.68 to 18.72; Rio, 90 day bills, 12½d.

LONDON STOCKS GOOD.

The Stock Exchange started the week firmly and confidently, but without excitement. All the main factors operative on markets were helpful. The accumulation of business over the week-end was of fair proportions. Gilt-edged issues were good in places. Miscellaneous Gilt-edged issues were firm in the main, but did not develop any particular degree of activity. There was a fairly brisk demand for the Tax Compounded Loan, which was quoted rather over 103. Bank of England Stock, Indian Government issues, and a few Colonial descriptions also found favour.

Changes:—Rises—4½ p.c. War Loan, ⅛ to 100; 3 p.c. Irish Land, ½ to 60½. Falls—Consols, ⅛ to 56⅛; 3½ p.c. War Loan, ⅛ to 88⅞.

ALLIED BONDS UNCHANGED.—In the Foreign market, Allied Bonds were not at all prominent, and on balance showed little quotable change. Japanese issues were firmly maintained, while French Fives held steady around 77½. South Americans were checkered. Peruvians fluctuated, but showed hardly any change on the day. Brazilians were favoured on the continued firmness of the Rio Exchange. There was steady support in the Egyptian group again.

RAILS ALL STRONG.—Among Home Rails, fractional gains predominated on the session, though the close was not at the best. The Furness dividend was announced at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum for the half-year, which was the same as a year ago. Many Trunk and Trade Stocks held net gains of ⅛ to ½.

Canadian Pacifics rose ⅛ to 159, on the increase of 20 per cent. in railroad rates in the Dominion. Grand Trunk Guaranteed Stocks finished unaltered after being higher, but the Guaranteed Fours held a net rise of ½. Mexican Rails were dull, and Junior Stocks left off ⅛ down. Leopoldinas, among Brazilian Rails, advanced ½ to 10.

Changes:—Rises—Brighton A, ½ to 69½; Great Eastern, ⅛ to 36½; Great Northern Def., ⅛ to 38½; Hull and Barnsley, ½ to 50; Metropolitan, ¼ to 23½; Metropolitan District, ⅛ to 21½; Midland Def., ¼ to 60; North-Eastern Consol., ½ to 99; South-Eastern Def., ⅛ to 35; Underground Income Bonds, ½ to 84½; Canadian Pacific, ⅛ to 159; Grand Trunk Guar., ⅛ to 53½; Armavir Touapse Bonds, 1 to 40; Brazil Railway, ½ to 56½; do. Pref., ⅛ to 13½; Buenos Ayres Great Southern, ½ to 72; Central Argentine, ⅛ to 61½; Entre Rios Pref., ⅛ to 73½; United Havana, 1 to 78. Falls—Mexican Rails, ¼ to 18½; do. 6 per cent. Pref., ⅛ to 32.

INDUSTRIALS UNCERTAIN.—Miscellaneous and Industrial Securities were spotty, but strength was fairly pronounced here and there, though Shipping specialities encountered further scattered realising before to-morrow's Shipping debate in the Commons. P. and O. Def. fell another 5 to 392½, but Royal Mails held their ground. Cunards and Furness Withys were both active around previous levels. In the Brewery section, there was continued support for specialities. Allsopp Ord. at 41¼ was 1 to the good. Brazilian Tractions tended forward, with other Brazilian Securities, and at 47 was 1 up. Land Shares were not very active, apart from Pekin Syndicates, which were up to ⅛. Hudson's Bays hardened to 8⅛, and Borneos to 15. The Marconi group showed more steadiness. The Ord. was not changed, but the Pref. mended 1/16. Cements were moderately supported. There was no important change among Textiles. Egyptians ruled generally cheerful. Among Armaments, B.S.A. was 1/16 up. Weardale Pref. fell 1. There were other mixed changes ranging from 3d. to 6d.

Changes:—Rises—Marconi Pref., 1/16 to 3⅛; Assd. Cement, ⅛ to 4¼; B.S.A., 1/16 to 3½; Dunlop Rubbers, ⅛ to 4; Fraser and Chalmers, 3d. to 31/9; Pahang, 6d. to 13/-; Allsopp Pref. Ord., 1 to 41½; British North Borneo Co., 3d. to 15/-; Hudson's Bay, 1/16 to 8⅛; Pekin Syndicate, 1/16 to ⅞; Brazil Tractions, 1 to 47; San Paulo Tram Debs., 1 to 99. Falls—P. and O. Def., 5 to 392½; Vickers, 6d. to 46/6; Weardale c.p.o., 1/- to 25/-.

OIL SHARES MAINTAINED.—Among Oil Shares there was a fair volume of support. Trinidad Leaseholds were again bought by those who hold optimistic dividend views, and at 42/6 were 1/- up.

Changes:—Anglo-Egypt B, 47/- —3d.; Burmah, 8⅞, +⅛; Kern River, 13/-, +6d.; Lobitos, 42/6, —3d.; Mexican Eagle, 64/9, +6½d.; do. Pref., 66/3, +3d.; N. Caucasian, 20/7½, +1/1½; Rum. Consol., 9/3, —3d.; Shell, 144/4½, +2/3; Spies, 9/4½, —1½d.; Trinidad, 12/4½, +6d.

RUBBER MARKET IMPROVES.—The commodity was quoted ⅛d. lower at 2/1½ per lb. In the Share market, prices continued to improve all round upon persistent demands. Batu Tiga were unobtainable at 76/3. Bikam hardened to 4/3 bid, and Glen Bervie were done up to 55/-. Jeram showed numerous transactions around 49/-; at the finish there were buyers at 50/-, but shares were not forthcoming at the price. Lankat Rubber were wanted at 46/3, and Langkat Sumatra at 45/-. Malayalam finished strong. Mirmala showed a rise at 18/9 bid; Pelepah Valley rose to 3/7¼ bid, and Port Dickson rose to 4/- buyers. Sungei Buaya were higher at 53/9, and Tanjong Malim were changing hands at 27/-. There were active dealings in United Sua Betong. In the Borneo group, Lok Kawi were better, with buyers at 19/-, and Manchester N.B. hardened to 28/9 bid.

MINING MARKET GOOD.—There was a fair amount of business among Mines, and a good tone predominated. South Africans were specially good in the afternoon. Kaffirs developed spotty strength, and there was a sharp rise in Chartereds, which stimulated some other Rhodesians. Diamonds were also firmer in places, and a rise of £5 per ton in tin metal encouraged a further display of cheerfulness among Tin Shares. Russians were better in places, but were still characterised by a certain amount of hesitancy. Base metal shares generally were on the firm side. Tintos gained ground.

CLOSING PRICES.

MINING SHARES.

Brit. C. Africa..11 +1/-	Mt. Morgan.....34/3+3d
Brakpan ....4⅜ - ⅛	Nundydroog ....23/3+3d
Rk. H. Props..57/6+1	Namaqua ....1¼+¼
Chartered ....17/6+2/-	Ooregum ....18/6+6d
Cape Copper Pref...1¾+⅛	Russo-Asiatic .....3⅛+⅛
De Beers ....14¼+¼	Randfontein .....15/-+9d
Do. Pref. ....13¼+¼	Randfontein C. ...11/3+3d
Gvt. Min. Area.4 5/16+⅛	Rand Mines.....2⅞+1/16
Geevor ....24/-—6d	Shamva ....2+⅛
Irtysh ....1¼+1/16	Tanalyk ....1⅞+⅛
Kyshtim ....1¾+⅛	Tronoh ....2¼+⅛
Malayan ....5¼+¼	Waihi ....39/-+6d
Mawchi ....17/6+3d	Do. Gd. Junc. ....15/-+3d
Modder ....24¼+¼	Zambesi ....27/-+3d
Min. C. Canada.11/6—6d	Zinc Corp. ....29/6+3d

RUBBER SHARES.

Allagar ....2/9+1d	Linggi ....26/2¼+5¼d
Anglo-Ceylon ..62/6+1/3	Lok Kawi ....20/-+2/-
Anglo-Dutch ....32/9+6d	Lon. Asiatic.........8/9+3d
Anglo-Java .....6/3½+1d	Lumut ....40/7½—7½d
Bah Lias ....35/6+6d	Malayalam ....36/4½+1½d
Bekoh ....4/6—1½d	Nordanal ..21/10½+10½d
Bkt. Panjong 8/10¼+5¼d	Pegoh ....56/6+10½d
Bukit Mert. ...4/8¼+2¼d	Perak R. Pl. ...7/4½+1½d
Bukit Rajah .....7 3/16+1/16	R. Est. Joh. ..36/7½—2/1½
B. Sembawang.....3/1+3d	Rubber Trust .....27/-+9d
Ceylon (Para) .....8/6+9d	Sablas ....19/9—6d
Cheviot ....5/6½+4½d	Sialang ....68/9+9d
Con. Malay......12/-+1½d	Sing. Para ....4/1½+1½d
Highlands ..52/10½+7½d	Tali Ayer ....31/9+9d
Java Amal. ......36/3+9d	Telogoredjo 39/10½+7½d
Johore Rubber....31/-+1/6	Un. S. Betong 66/3+4/1½
Labu ....8/4½+3d	Val d'Or ....3/9½+2d
Laras ....3/1½+3d	Vallambrosa ....22/-+3d
Ledbury ....47/6+1/-	Yam Seng ....7/6+1½d

TEA SHARES.—Con. T. and L. Ord., 18¾; Dooars (£1), 62/-; Jetinga Valley, 32/6; Jokai, 18¾+⅛; Singlo Ord., 41/6.

DEALINGS IN LONDON MARKET.

The following were the "markings" in active stocks and shares in London yesterday:—

3½ p.c. War Loan—89¼, 8¾, ⅞, 9, ⅛. **4½ p.c. War Loan**—99¼, 100, *99¼, ⅛. **5 p.c. War Loan**—94⅛, 1/16, ⅛, ⅛, 3/16, ¼, 4, ⅛, ¼, ⅛, 3/16. **4 p.c. War Loan**—102¼, 3/16, ¼, 3¼, 3, 2¼, ¼, 3/16, ¼, 3/16, 2¼, 3/16. **Aerated Bread**—59/-, 8/5¼, 8/-, 6d., 7/6, *6/3, 8/1¼, 7/9, 8/3. **Armstrong**—44/9, 10½d. **Assoc. Cement**—92/6, 1/10½, 3d., 3/9, 4/4½, 2/6, 5/-, 4/4½, 3/9. **Do. Pref.**—⅜, ⅜, ⅜, ⅜, ⅜, ⅜, ⅜. **Bovril Def.**—13/7½, *4½d., *1½d. **British Westinghouse**—55/-, 7½d., 6/6, 10½d., 3d. **Brunner Mond**—39/1½, 8/4½, 9/6, 9/-, 8/10½, 9/3. **Burmah Oil**—8¾, ⅞, ⅞, ⅞, ⅞, ⅞, 49-64, ⅞. **Brit. Amer. Tobacco**—109/4½, 7½d., 10/-. **Brit. Argentine Meat**—26/-, 5/10½, 6/1½, 3d. **Brit. Oil and Cake**—35/6, 9d., 8½d., 10½d., 6/-, 5/-, 4½d., 6d., 6/-. **Burmah Corp.**—87/9, 6d., 8/1½d., 7/6. **Broken Hill Prop.**—67/-, 6/10½, 7/6, 7/-, 6d. **Bisichi Tin**—14/9. **Bwana M'Kubwa**—5/10½, 9½d., 6/-, 1½d., ½d., 5/10½, *1½d., *5/-, 9d. **Camp Bird**—13/1½, 12/6, 11½d., 9d., 13/0½, 1½d., 13/-, 3d. **Chartered**—15/7½, 10½d., 16/-, 2½d., 3d., 1½d., ½d., 15/7½, 17/1½, *16/4½, *6d., 17/1½, 16/9, 10½d., 17/6, 3d., 4½d., 6¼d. **City Deep**—60/-, 58/9, 60/3, 59/4½, 6/3, 60/3, *6d. **Coats**—7⅛, ⅛, ⅛, 7, ⅛. **Courtaulds**—7⅛, £7 6/6, 7½, ⅛, ⅛, ⅛. **Consol. Goldfields of S.A.**—36/1½, 5/11½, 3½. **County Bank**—15⅜, ½, ⅜. **Crown Mines**—41/3, 2/6, 1/3, *7½d. **Dick Kerr**—31/9, 6d., 3d. **Dunlop Ord.**—78/-, 80/-, 1/4½, 6d., 9d., 1/3, 2/-, 6d., 80/4½, 1/-, 7½d. **Eastpool and Agar**—28/1½, 8/-, 1½d., 7/10½, 8/-, 1½d. **Eastmans**—15/-, 1½d. **Ediswan**—*44/9, *6d., *5/-, *4/3, *9d., *5/-, 7½d., *3d. **Goertz (A)**—14/10½, 15/-, 14/8½. **Govt. Areas**—80/-, 1/3, 7½d., 1/-, 1/3, 7½d., 80/-, 3½d., 1/3, 79/9, 80/6, 7½d. **Great Boulder Prop.**—10/6, 9d., 7½d., 6½d. **Highlands Rubber**—52/9, 3/6, 3/-, 2/6, 9d., 10½d. **Ivanhoe Gold**—37/6. **Johannes Consol.**—*19/3, 20/1½, 19/9, 20/0½, 19/10½, *9d., 20/1½, 19/9, 10½d., 9d. **Kyshtim**—27/3, 6/3, 6d., 10½d., 6½d. **Linggi Rubber**—26/1½, 3d., 4½d., 6d., 1½d., 6/-, 2½d. **Lipton Ord.**—27/-, 3d., 6d., 7/-, 4½d. **Marconi Ord.**—78/-, 7/3, 8/1½, 6/10½, 7/6, 8/-, 7/-, 3d. **do. Pref.**—65/7½, 6d., 5/9; **do. Marine**—57/6, 6/-, 9d.; **do. America**—26/6, 7½d., 8½d., 6d., 7½d., 10½d., 1½d., 6d., 4½d., 9d.; **do. Canada**—11/11½. **Maypole Def.**—16/7½, 6d., 9d., 17/-, 6d., 9d., 7½d., 10½d., 17/-, 3d., 6/10½d. **Midland Bank**—7⅛, ⅛, ⅛, ⅛, ⅛, ⅛. **Mond Nickel**—67/6. **Niger Land**—51/6, 9d., 1/-, 50/9. **Nobel's**—75/-, 4/3, 5/6, 3/9, 5/7½, 9d., 6/-. **New South Wales 5½ p.c.**—100, ⅛, ⅛. **Rand Mines**—57/6, 3d., 6/3, 57/7½, 6/3. **Rubber Trust**—26/-, 7/-, 6/9, 7/3, 1½d., 6/9½, 6½d., 7/-, 3d., 6d. **Russo-Asiatic**—66/-, 3d., 7/6, 8/1½, 9d., 9/4½. **Shell**—143/1½, 9d., 5½d., *2/9, 3/9, 6d., 4/4½, 4/-, 3/9, 4/3, 4½d. **Smithfield and Argentine**—30/3, 7½d., *29/10½, 30/4½, 6d. **South Crofty**—48/9, 9/-. **Springs**—74/4½. **Tanganyika**—75/7½, 7½d., ½d., 8/1½, 7/3, 6/3, 7/6, 3d., *8/3½, *1½d. **Underground**—42/6. **Vickers**—47/3, 6/6, 7/-, 1½d., 6/10½, 7½d., 9d., 7/1½, *3d. **Zinc Corp.**—29/3, 6d., 4½d., 1½d., 3d., 7½d., 9/-, 4½d., 3d., 1½d., 9/-.

(*Exceptional bargain at special price.)

DIVIDENDS AND REPORTS.

FURNESS RAILWAY.—Interim at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum for past half-year.

LINOLEUM MANUFACTURING.—2½ per cent. (2/6 per share), less tax, on Ordinary.

SINGLO TEA.—Dividend for the year on the Ordinary capital of 20 per cent.

VICTORIA JUTE.—20 per cent. (40/- per share), less tax, on Ordinary for half-year (interim). Last year, 10 per cent., paid free of tax.

TITAGHUR JUTE FACTORY.—20 per cent. (40/- per share), less tax, on Ordinary. Last year, 10 per cent., paid free of tax.

SAMNUGGER JUTE.—20 per cent. (40/- per share), less tax, on Ordinary for half-year (interim). Last year, 10 per cent., paid free of tax.

WELDONS.—10 per cent. per annum (1/- per share) on Ordinary for half-year, making 10 per cent. for year.

MANCHESTER SHIP CANAL.—Net revenue for half-year ended June 30th substantially the same as for the corresponding period in 1917.

UNION BANK OF AUSTRALIA.—Dividend at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum and a bonus of 2 per cent., the dividend and bonus together being at the rate of 14 per cent. per annum, free of tax.

WOOLCOMBERS.—At a Board meeting held yesterday the directors of Woolcombers, Ltd., declared a dividend on the Preference Shares for the half-year ended June 30th last at the rate of 7 per cent. per annum. Dividend warrants to be posted on 23rd August next.

TRAVANCORE RUBBER.—The directors report concurrence in the scheme for the restriction of output to 432,000 lbs. An interim dividend of 5 p.c. has already been paid, and in the circumstances the Board reluctantly have come to the conclusion that they are not justified in recommending payment of a further dividend at this time, although the results of the year were, notwithstanding the difficulties encountered, eminently satisfactory.

BRITISH S.A. CO.—The report of the British South Africa Company for the year ended March, 1917, shows Southern Rhodesian administrative surplus £953, against a deficit of £12,062; Northern Rhodesia deficit £40,839, compared with £39,167 for the previous year. In commercial accounts revenue exceeded expenditure by £174,731, compared with £123,366 for the previous year. Commercial revenue from African sources, except land, £405,257, against £338,687. All headings improved except mines. The company's liquid resources at March, 1916, £1,678,000, compared with £1,450,000. Operations for current year estimated to reduce cash resources by £140,000 capital expenditure absorbing £107,000. The effects of the war upon the general prosperity of Rhodesia have been, the report states, in some respects favourable and in others adverse. On the one hand, in this era of high prices the farmers are undoubtedly prosperous; on the other, the gold mining industry has been hit by the increased cost of stores and management, gold being the one commodity the price of which cannot be increased. The causes which have depressed gold mining have reacted favourably upon the base metal industry, and have stimulated enterprise and production. In particular, the prevailing high prices for copper have encouraged the production of this metal within Rhodesia, and have also led to a greatly increased output from the mines in the Congo State. This expansion has resulted in substantial benefit to some of the most important interests of the company. The Congo mines are dependent upon the Rhodesian railway system for their transport, and upon the Wankie Colliery for their supplies of coal and coke, in both of which undertakings the company is so largely interested. The colliery, in spite of large additions to its plant, is working at the utmost limit of its capacity in order to cope with the increasing demands made upon it. The high prices now ruling for chrome ore, asbestos, lead, tungsten, and other minerals and metals have similarly caused great activity in the search for and production of these commodities. A number of new and promising discoveries have been made, and it is now practically certain that in the future the base mineral deposits of Rhodesia will rival its gold deposits in importance from the point of view both of value and their beneficial effect upon the economic progress of the country.

PROVINCIAL EXCHANGES.

BELFAST.—BUSINESS DONE—5 p.c. War Loan, 94⅛, *⅛; Northern Banking "A," 5; London City and Midland, 7⅛; London County and Westminster, 15⅛; Coats Ord., 7; Linen Thread Pref. Ord., 20⅛; Richardson and Owden Pref., 4; Old Bushmills Pref., 12/3; Imperial Tobacco of Canada, 19/-; Lever Bros. "C" Pref., 20/3; White, Tomkins Ord., 28/-; Dunlop "B" Pref., 21/9; Mexican Eagle, 64/3; Imperial Tobacco, 63/10½; United Steel, 25/3. *Exceptional amount at special price.

BIRMINGHAM.—Market active. Rovers are steady, while Darracqs are easier.—Belsize Motor, 35/3; Bluemels, 37/9; Brett's, 62/-; Calthorpe, 66/6; Charron, 20/-; Components, 25/-; Darracqs, 36/3; Dennis, 38/3; Hughes Johnson, 53/6; Humber, 24/3; Rolls Royce, 48/7½; Rudges, 46/-; Singers, 60/9; Standard, 46/-; Sunbeam, 77/6; Swift, 37/6; Triumph, 45/9; Dunlop, 4½; Parent, 24/4½; Small Arms, 73/3.

MANCHESTER.—Textiles were quiet, with only small offerings. Coats advanced 1/32, and Sewing Cottons 6d. Closing prices:—Bleachers, 19/6 to 19/9; do. Pref., 19/6 to 19/9; Bradford Dyers, 39/3 to 39/9; do. Pref., 18/3 to 18/6; "Slubbers," 6/6 to 6/9; Calico Printers, 15/6 to 16/9; do. Pref., 15/6 to 15/9; Coats, 7 to 7⅛; Sewing Cottons, 63/6 to 64/-; do. Pref., 18/6 to 19/-; Fine Spinners, 35/9 to 36/-; do. Pref., 18/6 to 18/9; Velvets, 32/6 to 32/9; do. Pref., 17/6 to 18/-.

INSURANCE SHARES.

SALES IN LONDON.—Atlas, 11, 10⅞; Commercial Union, 43½, ⅜; Guardian, 5¼, ⅛; do. Pref., 71/-; Phœnix, 8¾, ⅞, ¾; Sun, 13⅜.

SALES IN LIVERPOOL.—Atlas, 11; Commercial Union, 43¼, ⅜, ⅛; Liverpool and London and Globe, 25¼; do. 4 p.c. Thames and Mersey Deb., *75; Northern Participating Pref., 9; do. 5 p.c. Deb., 91½; Royal, *34½, ⅛; State, 5; Yorks. Insurance, 8⅝.

HIBERNIAN BANK.

A PROSPEROUS HALF-YEAR.

The half-yearly general meeting of the proprietors of the Hibernian Bank was held yesterday at the company's head office, 27 College Green, Dublin, Mr. John Murphy, Chairman, presiding. The following directors were present:—Messrs. J. I. Scallan, T. L. Moore, M. J. Minch, Martin F. Mahony, and Alfred T. Collins, General Manager. There was a small but representative attendance of shareholders.

The report of the directors was submitted by Mr. Collins. It stated that the net profits from the six months' trading amounted to £30,072, out of which the directors recommended payment of a dividend at the rate of 7 per cent. per annum for the half-year.

The Chairman, in moving the adoption of the report, said he felt confident that the position of the bank and the progress which it had made must be regarded with special satisfaction. The substantial increase in the deposit and current accounts, to which attention was drawn at their last half-yearly meeting, had been not only fully maintained, but also considerably improved upon in the course of the past six months—the present figures showing an increase of £550,000 on those of 31st December last, and of no less than £2,223,000 as compared with those of the corresponding date last year. Their gross profits—£74,750—after making full provision for all bad and doubtful debts, were better by £10,272, while their expenses of management under all heads, amounting in the aggregate to £44,678, were £6,879 higher, the result in net profits being £30,072, an increase of £3,393. The amount to credit of profit and loss account—£40,158—enabled the directors to add £5,000 to the reserve fund, to apply £12,800 towards completing the adjustment of their investments account, as indicated in the report, to pay a dividend for the half-year at the increased rate of 7 per cent. per annum, and to carry forward £5,158 to next account. Looking to the bank's general condition, they would, no doubt, have observed that the liquid assets bore a high proportion—about 68 per cent.—to their obligations to the public. They had kept their resources well in hand, employing their surplus funds as advantageously as possible consistently with readiness to meet promptly any contingencies that might arise. On the one hand, high prices for agricultural and other produce, and, on the other, restricted enterprise in various branches of industry which in normal times had been financed each season by the banks, had been the chief factors in bringing about the position now in evidence. They were always ready to entertain any applications for advances required for legitimate purposes on reasonable banking lines, and this branch of their business had, as shown by the figures in the balance sheet, been well maintained in face of the exceptional trade conditions. He moved the adoption of the report.

Mr. J. I. Scallan seconded the motion.

Mr. Tench criticised the balance sheet and moved as an amendment, "That the accounts submitted be not received, that this meeting stands adjourned to this day month, that a committee of investigation be appointed, with power to appoint independent auditors to submit accounts made out upon the present value of securities."

The amendment was not seconded.

A shareholder asked how many shares were held by Mr. Tench.

The Chairman said ten.

The report was then adopted without further discussion.

On the motion of the Chairman, seconded by Mr. Moore, the dividend, 7 per cent., as recommended by the directors, was ordered to be paid for the half-year.

A vote of thanks to the Chairman and directors was unanimously adopted, on the motion of Dr. Delahoid.

This concluded the business of the meeting.

SERVICES AND ANTHEMS.

Magdalen Asylum.—Intercession for our men at the front, for national repentance, and for victory, this evening from 8.15 to 9 o'clock.

At the annual meeting yesterday of the Union Bank of Australia, it was reported that negotiations were completed for the sale to the British Government of the Australian wool clips during the war and for a full year thereafter, dating from the 1st July. The contract was stated to be the largest wool transaction in the world.

PROSPECTUS.

THE GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY

LIMITED

SHARE CAPITAL - £3,000,000

DIVIDED INTO	Authorised.	Previously Issued.
180,000 6½ per Cent. Cumulative Preference Shares of £10 each	£1,800,000	£700,000
120,000 Ordinary Shares of £10 each	£1,200,000	£900,000
	£3,000,000	£1,600,000

First Mortgage 4 per Cent. Debenture Stock (Authorised and Issued), £200,000.

ISSUE IS NOW BEING MADE OF

80,000 6½ p.c. Cumulative Preference Shares of £10 each at par,

AND

16,000 Ordinary Shares of £10 each at £13 per Share.

The Prospectus contains a certificate of the Company's Auditors, from which the following is an extract:—

	Year ended 31st March.			
	1914. £	1915. £	1916. £	1917. £
Profit on Trading and Income from Investments after charging Debenture Stock Interest	139,737	139,462	162,612	227,275
Written off for Depreciation	24,328	18,855	19,260	30,541
Net Profit	115,409	120,607	143,352	196,734
Transferred to Reserve Account	30,000	20,000	40,000	40,000
Rate of Dividend on Ordinary Shares	10%	10%	10%	10% free of Inc Tax.
Carried forward to next Account	36,740	36,701	48,053	89,786

The Prospectus also states that: "The amount required to pay the dividend on the Preference Shares, including those now offered for subscription, is £97,500 per annum, and it will be seen that such dividend is covered more than two and one-half times over by the profits of last year, without allowing for the additional profits to be derived from the proceeds of the present issue. The trading in the present year indicates that profits will be maintained."

The Subscription Lists are OPENED TO-DAY, and will be CLOSED on or before THURSDAY, the 1st Day of AUGUST, 1918.

THE LONDON CITY AND MIDLAND BANK, LIMITED.

Are authorised as Bankers of the Company to receive Applications.

Applications for Shares must be made on the form accompanying the Prospectus, and forwarded, with the amount payable on application, to the London City and Midland Bank, Ltd.

Prospectuses and Forms of Application for Shares may be obtained from the London City and Midland Bank, Limited, 5 Threadneedle street, London, E.C. 2, or any of its Branches; from Messrs. Haes and Sons, 24 Throgmorton street, London, E.C. 2; from Messrs. W. A. Arnold and Sons, Haworth's Buildings, Cross street, Manchester; from Messrs. Cutler and Lacy, 41 Waterloo street, Birmingham, or at any of the Offices of the Company.

MARKET REPORTS.

GRAIN.—MARK LANE, Monday.—ENGLISH WHEAT in good demand; whites, delivered up, 77/9; reds, 77/9 per qr., 504lbs. Foreign grades sparingly offered: No. 1 Northern Manitoba 82/6, No. 2 do. 80/9, No. 2 Club Calcutta 87/3, Australian spot 83/- to 85/-, No. 2 hard winter 80/- to 81/-, La Plata 82/9, No. 1 Bombay 88/-, all landed, 496lbs. FLOUR dull of sale; Canadian exports patents 50/3 to 51/9 ex warehouse; Minneapolis first patents 50/3 to 51/9 ex warehouse, town and country G.R. 44/3 ex mills, Japanese 50/- to 50/6 ex quay. GRINDING BARLEY scarce; native 62/9 to 63/9 per 448lbs., Californian 93/- to 95/- 448lbs. landed, Canadian 82/- to 83/- 400lbs. landed. OATS firm; native 48/6 336lbs., Canadian 63/6 to 64/6 320lbs. landed, Plate 63/- ex quay 320lbs., American white clipped 61/9 to 62/6 ex quay 320lbs. MAIZE firm but quiet; mixed American 95/6 to 93/9 ex ship, 95/- to 96/- landed, African 94/- to 97/- ex quay, Plate 95/- to 96/- ex quay.

FLOATING GRAIN CARGOES.—BALTIC, Monday.—WHEAT—Offers are still sparingly made, which tends to restrict trade, while prices ruled steady. MAIZE firmly held, but quiet; S. African ranges from 88/6 to 95/- as to quality; American mixed 90/- to 91/-, do. white 92/- to 93/-, and yellow La Plata 90/- per 480lbs. BARLEY reservedly offered; Californian and Oregon quoted 90/- per 448lbs.; American malting, also No. 3 Canada Western, 81/- per 400lbs. OATS steady; American white clipped 59/- to 59/6 per 320lbs.

LIVERPOOL, Monday.—C.i.f. parcels of wheat and maize were again unoffered, but prices remained nominally unchanged. WHEAT on the spot was in only moderate request, but prices showed no alteration. MAIZE—Spot parcels nominal in the absence of sellers. FLOUR was moderately active at unchanged prices.

CATTLE.—LONDON METROPOLITAN, Monday.—Total supplies—187 beasts, 1,919 sheep and lambs, and 26 calves. There was a smaller entry of fat cattle at to-day's market, and again principally consisting of Irish, together with a few Norfolks, while the quality continues to show improvement. Allotments were made at regulation live weight prices. Sheep supplies also lighter, including about 40 Scottish and a few halfbred lambs, principally Irish, in good condition. All disposed of at 9/6 per stone, plus skin value.

PROVISIONS.—DUBLIN POTATO, Monday.—Potatoes this morning nominally repeated Saturday's prices, namely, 5/6 to 6/- per cwt.

LONDON, Monday.—BUTTER—The second allotment for July is now being distributed; Australian, finest, good to fine, unsalted; Irish creameries, factories; Canadian, finest, secondary; New Zealand, finest, secondary; and Argentine, finest, secondary, Government prices. CHEESE—An allotment of 50 per cent. control and 50 per cent. British made is now in the course of distribution; Canadian, new, old, finest, coloured, secondary; New Zealand, white, coloured, secondary; and English, home made, finest Cheshire, do. Cheddar, do. Cheddar loaf, Stiltons, load, wholesale price 1/5½ lb., retail price 1/8 lb. United States, wholesale price 1/5½ lb., retail price 1/8 lb. BACON—Sides in small supply, but cuts plentiful, with trade more active on the abolition of the coupon system; Irish, lean sizeable, lean stout, stout sizeable, fat stout, good and seconds, 188/- ex factory; Canadian, No. 1 44lbs. to 62lbs. and Canadian cured American, 176/6; American, Cumberland cut, 174/-, bellies, box, 200/-; Wilts. cut 176/6, rib in back 200/-, short clear back 189/-, all importers' prices to appointed wholesalers, delivered. HAMS—Long cuts in request, while the demand is more active for other selections; Canadian, long cut green 170/-, short cut green 170/-; American, long cut green 170/-, short cut green 170/-, shoulders, square, 143/6; New York 140/-, picnics 117/-. LARD—Supplies sufficient for rationing purposes; Irish bladders, seconds kegs, 162/-, all packages, boxes, 28lbs., 56lbs., 158/-; American pails, 158/-. EGGS—Weaker supplies being adequate for the demand, which is checked by high rates; English, new laid, 48/- to 49/-; Irish, 45/6 to 46/6 per 120.

LIVERPOOL, Monday.—BACON—There was little new development in the situation for American hog products here, wholesalers and retailers operating cautiously pending the effect that free sale to consumers is likely to bring about. Stocks on hand at present are liberal, and although retailers will be required to supply registered customers on demand with not less than 8 ozs. of bacon or 12 ozs. of ham per head per week, or more if required, the market generally ruled quiet for bacon and shoulders, the latter especially attracting very little attention. The fine weather helped the sale of hams, which moved fairly, short cut American again being mostly in demand. Canadian sides were still in free supply, but Irish scarce and Danish nominal. LARD on the spot met a good demand, but supplies were again plentiful of both prime steam and American refined. CHEESE in good request at 1/5½ per lb. for both British made and imported, delivered to retailers. BUTTER met a fair inquiry, but quantity available was sufficient for all needs. EGGS firm on scarcity, Irish hen being still 44/- to 46/- per 120.

JAMES J. HALPIN, Wholesale Bacon Merchant, 18-19 Thomas St., Dublin. Telegrams—"Middles." 'Phone 1716. Specialising in O'Mara's, Ltd., products —(Advt.)

DUBLIN VEGETABLE, Monday.—Very moderate supplies of vegetables to hand, and sales averaged the following prices:—York cabbage, 15/- to 35/- per load; scallions, 1/9 to 2/- per bunch; lettuce, 4d. to 8d. and 10d. per dozen; peas, 2/- to 2/6 per float; mushrooms, 7/- to 9/6 per tray. Everything offering sold easily.

BILLINGSGATE FISH, Monday.—Supply light; demand good. English, Irish, and Scottish salmon, grilse, and trout, all 2/8; soles and slips, 2/8¼; turbot and brill, 1/11; eels, 1/6 to 1/8; lobsters, 2/6 to 2/9; crabs, 1/-; cured haddocks, 1/5 per lb.; halibut, 27/-; lemon soles, 22/-; witches, 21/-; plaice, 19/-; hake, skate wing, live cod, and haddock, all 12/-; whiting, 9/-; conger eels, 9/-; mackerel, 7/6; English fresh and salted herrings, 6/-; monkfish, 10/- per stone; whitebait, 1/- per quart.

BUTTER.—CORK, Monday.—Firsts, 226/-; seconds, 213/-; fresh butter, 223/- per cwt.

PRODUCE.—LONDON, Monday.—COFFEE—A moderate inquiry on spot, and a steady trade at recent prices; futures inactive and nominal. SPICE—Pepper steady, with a moderate demand. Cloves steady. Ginger quiet, and rates tend easier. TAPIOCA sells in moderate quantities at steady rates. RICE steady; trade at fixed rates. BEANS and PEAS in fair support. SHELLAC—Spot business proceeding on recent prices. RUBBER—Market dull, and tendency of prices weak; plantation standard crepe on spot sold 2/1½ to 2/1½; standard ribbed smoked sheet spot sold 2/0½; fine hard Para spot value 3/-. TURPENTINE steady, unaltered. PETROLEUM firm, unchanged. As regards feeding cakes, there is nothing fresh to report.

LIVERPOOL, Monday.—SAGO FLOUR—Buyers are in evidence at 50/- cwt. for shipment, but little business is passing. JAPANESE FARINA firm, and quoted 71/- to 74/- per cwt. PALM KERNELS—Fair distribution has taken place. HARICOT BEANS are held at the quotation of £36 10/- c.i.f. and £37 5/- per ton ex store for Brazilian. LINSEED OIL—For raw naked 75/- per cwt. is asked. COTTONSEED OIL—Refined naked is held for 75/- per cwt. NITRATE OF SODA—Quietness features the market at the quotation of £26 10/- per ton. TURPENTINE quiet; the price remains at 118/- per cwt. for American. LARD firm at 158/- for refined and 155/6 for unrefined.

CLYDE CRUSHED SUGAR, Monday.—The market opened at previous values.

LIVERPOOL COTTON (Closing), Monday.—American quiet; quotations reduced 29 to 30 points. Brazilian reduced 6 points. East Indian quotations of Broach Jinny reduced 25 points. Egyptian is dull; quotations unaltered. July, 20.70d., August 19.69d., September 19.12d., October 18.80d., November 18.53d. Imports 2,451 bales. Sales 1,000 bales.

LONDON METALS MARKET.—COPPER steady; standard cash and 3 months quoted £122 to £122 10/-; electros £137 to £133. LEAD—Soft foreign £29 10/- to £28 10/- net. SPELTER—G.O.B. £54 to £50 c.i.f. as to position. TIN stronger; 30 tons standard cash and afloat sold at £385, both spot and forward being fixed at £384 to £385; settlement price £385. Eastern quotation nominal at £383 c.i.f.

GOLF.—**Kingstown (Ladies).**—Thursday, Aug. 1st—Monthly medal (bogey); Weir's Prize—Won by Mrs. Andrews.

Greystones.—Aug. 3rd—Prize presented by the captain and club, 18 holes, strokes. First eight to qualify, and play off by match play. Final on Saturday, 31st August. (**Ladies**)—Competition to be played on Tuesday, 6th August, under the same conditions as the men's.

Milltown.—The tie for the challenge cup presented by the President, Mr. W. M. Murphy, was decided on Saturday, when F. E. Davies won, with 78, 76, plus 4—158 net. The Milltown Challenge Cup, presented by Mr. F. E. Davies, resulted in a win for H. Phillipson, who beat J. C. Walsh in the final. Details:—Semi-finals—H. Phillipson (4) beat T. G. Hudson (16)—3 and 1; J. C. Walsh (12) beat R. J. White (4)—1 up. Final—Phillipson beat Walsh—2 and 1. Saturday—Medal, strokes.

SWIMMING.—**Pembroke.**—This evening—440 yards handicap (ladies), 6 o'clock; 220 yards championship. Result 50 yards handicap (James Cup) (Open)—P. G. Foley, 1; E. G. Glanville, 2; J. D. Clinch, 3. 100 yards handicap, back stroke—J. C. Wallace, 1; R. W. Varian, 2; F. G. Gillespie, 3.

BOXING.—**Alf. Craig beats Fred. Rhye.**—Air-mechanic Alf Craig (R.A.F.) gave away height, weight, and reach to the middle-weight, Fred. Rhye (Somerstown) at the Ring, London, yesterday, and won very cleverly in 9 rounds. Craig was much too smart for Rhye at all points. The latter was an easy target for Craig's left, and, after being severely punished about the face, the bout was stopped in the 9th round.

SPORTING NEWS.

ROSCOMMON RED CROSS MEETING—THIS DAY.

Although fields may not be unduly large, there is promise of a nice afternoon's sport at the Lenabane course, and, as the proceeds are to be devoted to the Red Cross, it is to be hoped substantial patronage will be forthcoming. Selections:—

Whelan Plate—**Carra Lass.**
Lenabane Plate—**Master Tommy.**
Stand Plate—**Edd or Sponge Cake.**
Byrne Plate—**Manister Bridge.**
Harrison Plate—**Knight of Manister.**
Hayden Plate—**Roy Hamilton or Barmecide.**

PROGRAMME.

2.0—WHELAN PLATE of 30 sovs. A flat race. 2 m.

Isis, 6, 12-0; Dingle Bay, 6, 12-0; The Swine, a, 12-0; Ace of Spades, 6, 12-0; More Bluff, a, 12-0; Little Dote gelding, 5, 11-7; Bay, 5, 11-7; Neavnach gelding, 5, 11-7; Happy Hours, 4, 11-7; Lady Teazie gelding, 4, 11-0; Stern Sheet, 4, 11-0; Fair Girl gelding, 4, 11-0; Carra Lass, 4, 11-0.

2.30—THE LENABANE PLATE of 30 sovs. A handicap steeplechase. 2½ m.

Hotcap, a, 12-12; Bell Toll, a, 12-3; Golcar, 5, 11-12; Perimac, a, 11-10; The Last, a, 11-7; White Trout, 6, 11-5; Dooley Ooley, 6, 11-4; Cooldreen, a, 11-4; Frejus, a, 11-0; Roy Hamilton, a, 11-0; Eclaireur, a, 10-7; King's Carol, 6, 10-5; Collodion, a, 10-5; Pride of Manister, 5, 10-2; Vobis, a, 10-0; Prince Clifton, 5, 10-0; Barmecide, 5, 10-0; Yours Only, 6, 9-12; Arbor Hill, a, 9-12; Maskita, a, 9-7; Fond Lucy, a, 9-7; Master Tommy, 6, 9-7; Tirhugh, a, 9-7; Sultan, a, 9-7.

3.30—STAND PLATE of 30 sovs. A flat race. 2 m.

Mozzel, 6, 12-5; Isis, 6, 11-5; Marlian, 5, 11-5; Jamestown II., a, 11-5; Edd, 6, 11-5; Jeroboam, a, 11-5; Citizen, 6, 11-5; Prince Clifton, 5, 11-5; Macadam, 5, 11-5; Silent Boy, 5, 11-5; Fern Hall, 5, 11-5; Sponge Cake, 5, 11-5; Sir Mark, 4, 11-0; Lord Ednam, 4, 11-0; Roscrea, 4, 11-0; Southsea, 4, 11-0; Channel Tunnel, 4, 11-0; Mary Edgar, 4, 11-0; King's Ransom, 4, 11-0; A Double Escape, 4, 11-0; St. Bernard, 4, 11-0; Secretive, 4, 11-0; Hoop-oe, 4, 11-0; Crosstoi, 4, 11-0; Gleneffy, 4, 11-0; Fort Elizabeth, 4, 11-0; Clare Hoop, 4, 11-0; Wait a While, 4, 11-0; Homocea, 4, 11-0; Chrysostom, 4, 11-0; Red Shield, 4, 11-0; Santina gelding, 3, 10-2; Galley Law, 3, 10-2; Prunello, 3, 10-2; Le Type, 3, 10-2; Stolen Oats, 3, 10-2; Tuscan Blue, 3, 10-2.

4.0—BYRNE PLATE of 30 sovs. A steeplechase. 2 m.

Nelson's Pillar, a, 11-5; Dancing Wave, 5, 11-5; Edd, 6, 11-5; Peg, a, 11-5; Wise Wedding, 6, 11-5; Last Resort, 6, 11-5; Dingle Bay, 6, 11-5; The Swine, a, 11-5; Johnny Vince, a, 11-5; Prince Clifton, 5, 11-5; Millie's Daughter, 5, 11-5; Knockea, 5, 11-3; Kroonhilde, 5, 11-3; Macadam, 5, 11-3; G.R., 4, 10-5; Red Shield, 4, 10-5; Southsea, 4, 10-5; Distinguished, 4, 10-5; Manister Bridge, 4, 10-5; Joe Mahony, 4, 10-5; Silver Saint, 4, 10-5; Hoop-oe, 4, 10-5.

4.30—HARRISON PLATE of 70 sovs. A handicap flat race. 1½ m.

The Settler, 4, 12-7; Denis d'Or, 4, 11-10; Bee East, 6, 11-7; Crom Aboo, 4, 11-6; Cheisho, a, 11-3; Gemsbok, 4, 11-0; Guenoc, 6, 10-12; Curraghgour, a, 10-11; Marlian, 5, 10-7; Lady George, 5, 10-7; Partition, 4, 10-7; Mary Edgar, 4, 10-6; Jenny Jones, a, 10-6; Prunello, 3, 10-4; Knight of Manister, 5, 10-1; Adequate, 4, 10-0; Citizen, 6, 10-0; A Double Escape, 4, 9-12; Maroc, 6, 9-12; Light Division, 6, 9-12; Moorefield, 5, 9-9; Submission, 3, 9-7; Channel Tunnel, 4, 9-7; Mount Edgar, 5, 9-2; Plessica, 4, 9-9; Stolen Oats, 3, 9-0; Happy Annie, 5, 9-0; Crosstoi, 4, 9-0; Skookum Joe, 6, 9-0; King's Ransom, 4, 9-0.

5.0—HAYDEN PLATE of 30 sovs. A steeplechase. 3 m.

Frank Ash, a, 13-2; Fond Lucy, a, 13-2; Bell Toll, a, 12-6; Cooldreen, a, 12-4; Signum, 6, 11-12; Mozzel, 6, 11-12; Royal Visit, a, 11-6; Roy Hamilton, a, 11-0; Arbor Hill, a, 11-0; Raeburn's Glass, a, 11-0; Rallynonty, a, 11-0; Speranza, a, 11-0; Millie's Daughter, 5, 10-7; Prince Clifton, 5, 10-7; Ocean Wave, 5, 10-7; Kroonhilde, 5, 10-7; Barmecide, 5, 10-7; Gerald L., 4, 10-5; Swordknot, 4, 10-5.

ARRIVALS.—The following, amongst others, are expected:—Frejus, Vobis, Barmecide, Yours Only, Maskita, Tirhugh, Mozzel, Marlian, Citizen, Sir Mark, The Swine, Millie's Daughter, Joe Mahony, Maroc, Frank Ash, Signum, Gerald L., Roy Hamilton, Ocean Wave, Stolen Oats, Silent Boy, Master Tommy, Channel Tunnel, Edd, Manister Bridge, Pride of Manister, Knight of Manister, Isis, Dingle Bay, Ace of Spades, More Bluff, Little Dot g., Bay, Neavnach g., Happy Hours, Lady Teazie g., Stern Sheet, Fair Girl g., Carra Lass, Hoop-oe, Double Escape, Fern Hall, Crosstoi, Dooley Ooley, Prince Clifton, Le Type, Red Shield, Macadam, G.R., Johnny Vince, The Settler, Gemsbok, Jenny Jones, Submission, Happy Annie.

NEWMARKET MEETING—THIS DAY.

PROGRAMME.

1.30—THE TUESDAY SELLING HANDICAP of £200. 1¼ m.

Elkington, 6, 9-0; Yankee Pro, 6, 8-12; Ronaldo, a, 8-8; Corydon, 4, 8-7; Ned Crag, 4, 8-6; Oghion, 5, 8-2; Zulanda, 4, 8-1; Son o' Melton, a, 7-9; Glatz, 6, 7-8; Nant Coch, 5, 7-7; Harry Crag, 6, 7-5; Duncan, 5, 7-5; Lianthony, 6, 7-2; Blanco, 3, 7-2; Proximus, 6, 7-1; Second Fiddle, a, 7-1; Aton, 3, 6-13; La Coquille, 4, 6-13; Lyric, 3, 6-12; John Gay, 3, 6-11; Polismen, 3, 6-10; Jocasta, 3, 6-9; King's Pleasure, 3, 6-9; St. Mary, 3, 6-7; Sea Voyage, 6, 6-7; Beethoven, a, 6-7.

2.0—THE LIDGATE SELLING PLATE of £200. 6 f.

Matruh, 4, 9-7; Alexander, 4, 9-7; Minstrel, 4, 9-7; Ronaldo, a, 9-7; Troutsdale, 5, 9-7; Poleaxe, 4, 8-11; Goldgainer, 3, 8-5; Diaz, 3, 8-5; Abiad, 3, 8-5; Crown Again, 3, 8-5; Bridge of Weir, 3, 8-5; Sherston, 3, 8-5; Speen, 3, 8-5; Tamworth, 3, 8-5; Echlin, 3, 8-2; Gotha, 3, 8-2; Florence, 3, 8-2; Minticaf, 3, 8-2; Epigram, 3, 8-2; Sans Atout, 3, 8-2; Sole Bay, 3, 8-2.

2.30—THE PAMPISFORD WELTER HANDICAP of £300. 1 m.

Anagram, 3, 9-2; Not Much, 3, 9-2; Pretty Bess, 3, 9-0; Sonning, 3, 8-11; Galician, 3, 8-10; Dionysos, 3, 8-10; Rhona, 4, 8-8; Wall Rock, 3, 8-8; Jute, 4, 8-7; Crosstree, 5, 8-6; Morning Star, 3, 8-4; Schamyl, 6, 8-4; Rich Gift, 4, 8-3; Douai, 3, 8-3; Sherston, 3, 8-2; Pick'ay, 4, 8-2; Old Gold, 3, 8-1; Plaxtol, 3, 8-1; Cocksure, 3, 8-1; Prince Nat, 3, 8-0; Jessin, 3, 8-0; Etoile, 3, 7-12; Zulanda, 4, 7-12; Nubian, 3, 7-10; Kaffir King, 4, 7-10; Silver Wolf, 4, 7-6; The Wisp, 3, 7-6; Double Deck, 4, 7-5; Beauty of Kildare, 3, 7-3; Strange Tale, 3, 7-0; Harleston, 5, 7-0.

3.0—THE WICKEN T.Y.O. SELLING PLATE (I.) of £200. 5 f. 140 yds.

Conamur c., 9-0; Doctors Common, 9-0; Lesson, 9-0; Madame Gull c., 9-0; Varna c., 9-0; Focus c., 9-0; Gigue, 9-0; Gunwood f., 8-11; Belle Voyageuse f., 8-11; Eau De Javel, 8-11; Ulster Queen f., 8-11; Somehow, 8-11; Sunglint, 8-11; Bargain, 8-11; Sundial, 8-11; Sunline, 8-11; Tamil, 8-11; Brigade Pet, 8-11; Zea, 8-11; La Belle France g., 8-11; Sister Mac f., 8-11; Perish f., 8-11; Sweet Nymph, 8-11.

3.30—THE WICKEN T.Y.O. SELLING PLATE (II.) of £200. 5 f. 140 yds.

Royal Raider, 9-0; Fraise c., 9-0; Sweet Marjorie c., 9-0; Bo'sun, 9-0; Rococo, 9-0; Buckram c., 9-0; Fairy Thorn, 9-0; Malvis c., 9-0; Green Fruit, 8-11; Queen Teo, 8-11; Fionbar, 8-11; Lady Brendan f., 8-11; La Joyeuse, 8-11; Braemar Lass, 8-11; Monaleen f., 8-11; Elysium, 8-11; Polichinelle, 8-11; Zeta, 8-11; Bright Shot, 8-11; Lady Lota, 8-11; Phyllistead, 8-11; Hoop, 8-11; Lady Brenda f., 8-11.

4.0—THE THURSTON MAIDEN T.Y.O. SWEEP of £10 each, £200 added. 5 f.

Warways, 9-9; The Midshipmite, 9-0; Charioteer, 9-0; Avatar, 9-0; Sabian, 9-0; Hellene c., 9-0; African Star, 9-0; Vivat Rex, 9-0; King's Idler, 9-0; San Poi, 9-0; Uala c., 9-0; Polenta, 8-11; Sylvan Dale, 8-11; Portia f., 8-11; Ciceronnetta, 8-11; Lovenote, 8-11; Ollahoot, 8-11; Javelina, 8-11; Frontier, 8-11; Queen of Clippers, 8-11; Mellow, 8-11; Polly Hopkins, 8-11; Mirabelle, 8-11; Old Woman, 8-11; Elsie, 8-11; Montem f., 8-11; Kaboodles, 8-11; Linnet, 8-11; Vice Versa, 8-11; Offer f., 8-11; Bay Gal, 8-11; Mirida f., 8-11; Dinah Desmond, 8-11; A Sitter, 8-11; Marcotint g., 8-11.

4.30—THE CAVENHAM PLATE of £300. Three-year-olds. 1¼ m.

Flying Wing, 9-7; Arrowsmith, 9-7; Lyric, 8-6; Thomond, 8-6; Monazite, 8-6; Silvanite, 8-6; Decameron, 8-6; Sir Lovelace, 8-6; Catford, 8-6; Corso, 8-6; Dereen, 8-3; Nubian, 8-3; Queen's Square, 8-3; Cyllen, 8-3; Lady Bayardo, 8-3; Trafford, 8-3; Silver Bridge, 8-3; Golden Quiver, 8-3.

ARRIVALS.—The great majority of the horses engaged are trained locally. The following have also arrived:—Austral, Andreas, Anagram, Alexander, Bapaume, Bright Shot, Beethoven, Birdsnest, Blakeney, Buana, Blaire, Bayuda, Beckhampton, Buckram, Bargain, Bay Gal, Cocksure, Charioteer, Cattewater, Canute, Corydon, C.P., Cyllen, Cylgar, Conamur colt, Desmond O'Connor, Double Deck, East Cheshire, Elsinore, Engel Foss, Epigram, Faustina, Furia, Fion Bar, Focus colt, Golden Stream, Gotha, Glatz, Hattie, Home Fire, Holborn, Ivanhoe, In a Twinkle, Johna, Joyless, King's Idler, Linggi's Boy, Longerline, Liner, Leonora, Listening Ears, La Joyeuse, Lianthony, Lyric, La Belle France colt, Lady Bayardo, Lady Lota, Miss Eva, Matruh, Malvis colt, Miss Macan, Maid of Honour, Malley O'Guile, Mirida, Minstrel, Mots d'Or colt, Ned Crag, Ocean Greyhound colt, Offer filly, Potherb, Polisman, Pretty Bess, Proximus, Prince Chimay, Pimento, Plaxtol, Queen's Square, Rich Gift, Rusher, Ronaldo, Rum 'Un, Roseway, Sweet Nymph, Sabian, Sans Atout, Sippet, Sherston, Speen, Silver, Silvanite, Sonning, Skyways, Silver Bridle, Sir Lovelace, Sister Mac filly, Son o' Melton, Tamil, Tagrag, Troutsdale, Turnbury, Trafford, Thomond, Uala colt, Varna colt, Vice Versa, Yankee Pro, Zulanda, Belle Voyageuse filly, Sea Voyage, A Sitter, and Hoggs', Scott's, and Butcher's horses.

CHANTICLEER'S NOTES.

(SPECIAL TELEGRAM.)
NEWMARKET, MONDAY NIGHT.

The programme for the Summer fixture is certainly unique in one respect. Of the twenty-seven races to be decided, fourteen are governed by a selling clause. That the fields will be large seems certain, and the sport is likely to be carried on under favourable weather conditions. My selections for the opening day are: Cavenham Plate—**Queen's Square.** Thurston Sweepstakes—**African Star.** Wicken Plate (I.)—**Perish filly.** Wicken Plate (II.)—**Green Fruit.** Tuesday Handicap—**Elkington** or **Glatz.** Pampisford Handicap—**Plaxtol** or **Rich Gift.** Lidgate Plate—**Troutsdale** (in the absence of **Crown Again**).

CURRAGH MEETINGS, 1920 & 1921.

The following Races CLOSE on TO-MORROW (WEDNESDAY), July 31st, 1918, with Mr. Brindley, Merrion street, Dublin, and with Messrs. Weatherby, London:—

THE IRISH DERBY of 4,000 sovs., being 3,400 sovs. to the owner of the winner, 200 sovs. to the breeder of the winner, 100 sovs. to the breeder of the second, 200 sovs. to the owner of the second, and 100 sovs. to the owner of the third. JUNE MEETING, 1920—SECOND DAY. By subscription of 50 sovs. each, 30 sovs. for those struck out on January 7th, 1920, but 10 sovs. only for those struck out on June 4th, 1919. For three-years old. Colts and geldings, 9st. 12lb., fillies, 9st. 8lb. If then entitled and claimed at time of entry, produce of untried mares allowed 5lb. The winner of a race value 1,000 sovs., or of two races each value 500 sovs., 7lb. extra. One mile and a half. (For now yearlings.)

THE IRISH OAKS of 2,000 sovs. JULY MEETING, 1920—SECOND DAY. By subscription of 40 sovs. each, half forfeit for those struck out on or before January 7th, 1920, but 10 sovs. only for those struck out on June 4th, 1919. For three years old fillies. 9st. each. Allowance (if claimed at entry)—Produce of untried mares at time of entry (and then claimed), allowed 5lb.; those not entitled to this allowance the produce of a sire whose registered service fee, 1916, did not exceed 20 sovs., allowed 4lb. Maidens allowed 7lb. Penalty—Winner of a weight for age race value 300 sovs., to carry 5lb. extra; of one value 500 sovs., 5lb. extra, of two such, each value 500 sovs., or of one value 1,000 sovs., 10lb. extra. The second will receive 100 sovs. and the third 50 sovs. out of the stake. The breeder of the winner to receive 100 sovs. and of the second 50 sovs. out of the stake. One mile and a half. (For now yearling fillies.)

THE IRISH ST. LEGER of 2,500 sovs. SEPTEMBER MEETING, 1920—SECOND DAY. By subscription of 40 sovs. each, half forfeit for those struck out on or before January 7th, 1920, but 10 sovs. only for those struck out on June 4th, 1919. For three years old. Colts and geldings, 9st., fillies, 8st. 11lb. If then entitled and claimed at time of entry the produce of untried mares allowed 5lb. Winner of the Irish or English Derby, or of two races each value 800 sovs., to carry 7lb. extra. The second will receive 100 sovs. and the third 50 sovs. out of the stake. The breeder of the winner to receive 100 sovs. and of the second 50 sovs. out of the stake. One mile six furlongs. (For now yearlings.)

THE SEVENTH CURRAGH BIENNIAL STAKES of 800 sovs., each year—Namely, 550 sovs. for the owner and 100 sovs. for the breeder of the winner, 50 sovs. for the owner and 50 sovs. for the breeder of the second, and 25 sovs. for the owner and 25 sovs. for the breeder of the third. Firstly—To be run on the third day of JULY MEETING, 1920. For two years old. Colts, 8st. 12lb., fillies and geldings, 8st. 9lb. Winner of a race value 200 sovs. to carry 5lb. extra, of a race value 400 sovs., or races collectively value 800 sovs., 10lb. extra; of a race value 800 sovs., or races collectively value 1,200 sovs., 14lb. extra. Six furlongs. Secondly—To be run on the third day of SEPTEMBER MEETING, 1921. For three years old. Colts, 8st. 12lb., fillies and geldings, 8st. 9lb. Winner of a race value 200 sovs. to carry 5lb. extra, of a race value 400 sovs., or races collectively value 800 sovs., 10lb. extra; of a race value 800 sovs., or races collectively value 1,200 sovs., 14lb. extra. Maidens allowed 5lb. Straight mile.

Entrance (for both stakes) 1 sov. Those left in on March 26th, 1919, pay 2 sovs. extra; those left in October 1st, 1919, pay 5 sovs. extra; those left in March 31st, 1920, pay 5 sovs. extra; those left in January 5th, 1921, pay 10 sovs. extra. Starters for each of the stakes pay 5 sovs. additional. (For now foals.)

One hundred and fifty entries for each of the above stakes, or the race to be at the option of the Stewards.

NOTE—Particular attention is drawn to the very large bonus to breeders in each of the above valuable races. —(Advt.)

CURRAGH SEPTEMBER MEETING, 1918.

SEPTEMBER 17th, 18th, and 19th.

The following Races CLOSE on TO-MORROW (WEDNESDAY), July 31st, with Mr. Brindley, Merrion street, Dublin:—

FIRST DAY.

LOUGHBROWN PLATE of 300 sovs. A nursery handicap. Entrance 3 sovs. Five furlongs.

KILDARE PLATE of 300 sovs. A handicap for three years old and upwards. Entrance 3 sovs. One mile.

CURRAGH PLATE of 300 sovs. Two years old, 8st. 7lb.; three, 8st. 7lb.; four and upwards, 9st., with penalties and allowances. Entrance 3 sovs. One mile.

SECOND DAY.

MADDENSTOWN PLATE of 300 sovs. A welter handicap for three years old and upwards that have never won a race value 105 sovs. Entrance 3 sovs. One mile and a half.

EASTERN PLATE of 300 sovs. A handicap for three years old and upwards. Winner to be sold for 50 sovs. Entrance 3 sovs. One mile and a half.

THIRD DAY.

FLYING PLATE of 300 sovs. A handicap for two years old that have never won a race value 105 sovs. Winner to be sold for 50 sovs. Entrance 3 sovs. Five furlongs.

SEPTEMBER PLATE of 300 sovs. A handicap for all ages that have never won a race value 110 sovs. (selling races excepted). Entrance 3 sovs. Six furlongs.

For full Articles see Irish *Racing Calendar*. —(Advt.)

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PREPAID ADVERTISEMENTS

MACHINERY CONTINUED (FROM PAGE 1).

CORN Milling Machinery, Etc.—One Carter's Horizontal Mill, French Burr 30 inch stones, under driven gear; one Vertical Emery Mill, ring oiled, stones 24 inch dia.; one Robinson's Double Roller, 24 x 9 smooth rollers; one Robinson's Centrifugal Dressing Machine, 9 x 3½ feet; one Cockle Cylinder, 6½ feet by Machine, 9 x 3½ feet; one Cockle Cylinder, 6½ feet by 20 inches; one Kruka Smutter, 125 bushels per hour; three Cased Worms, a quantity of Steel and Iron Shaft. inc. Pulleys, Elevators, Belting with Buckets, Elevator Shoes, with pulleys, two Power (440 and 660) Alpha Separators, two Brine Pumps, 2 inch connections; one 500th Milk Weighing Machine, two Cream Vats, 500gl., several Bevel and Plain Gear Wheels, etc., etc. Full particulars and prices from C. E. Costello, Cavan Central Creameries, Ballinabee.

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DEERING and Hornsby Binders in stock. Immediate delivery.—Dawson's, Implements Agents, Maynooth. D

DRUM or Thresher, also Shaker Elevator, and Barley Dresser, latest design, new, cheap; inspection invited.—R. Pepper, Caldy, Cootehill.

FOR Sale, Clayton 4ft. heavy Mill, 2 years in use, perfect running order; living van. Price, etc., from Z 823, Mill, this office. 13 18

FOR Sale, two "Woods" Binders, new, 6 ft. cut, left hand. For further particulars apply to Z 1146, Binders, this office. 8 25

FOR prompt delivery at lowest prices of Shafting, Pulleys, Belting, and General Engineers' Stores, Madison Kip and Manuel Oil Pumps, Oils, Greases, Tools, Files, etc., write to Rimington Bros., Carlisle, or to Sole Irish Representative, P. M. Toolin, Airen st., Ballina.

(CONTINUED ON PAGE 6.)

SPORTING PARAGRAPHS.

Royal Robe has joined Collings' team at Newmarket, and Pimento has arrived at R. Jarvis' establishment.

On his private cricket ground at Sedbury Park, Chepstow, Colonel Morling, V.C., on Saturday captained a team of men entitled to wear the Mons Star against a side of men who had served in the South African war. The Mons men won by five runs.

TROTTING. **Shelbourne Park.**—There was a good attendance last evening at Shelbourne Park. Results:—1st Dash Handicap, six furlongs—Mr. P. Murphy's Roy B. (scr.) (Keogh), 1; Mr. Kearns' Lady Burden (8s) (J. Murphy), 2; Mr. Hyland's Silver King (27s) (Hutton), 3. Six competed. Won by two lengths, four lengths between second and third. Time, 1 min. 53 4-5 secs. £25 Open Handicap, one mile. Final: Mr. P. Murphy's Roy B. (owner 135) (Keogh), 1; Mr. J. Collie's Lord Drogheda (scratch) (W. Collie), 2; Mr. E. Lyons' Little Charlie (owner 140) (P. Lyons), 3. Twelve competed in five heats. Won by a length, a head between second and third. Time—2 mins. 50 1-5 secs.

SPORTSMEN should have their boots soled with "CALLOX" Chrome Sole Leather, specially recommended for Waterproof Hardwear. See Registered Brand—CALLOX—on every sole. Manufactured by O'CALLAGHAN and SON, LTD., Limerick, Cork, and Belfast.—(Advt.)

(ADVERTISEMENT.)
DIAMOND.—Change—49, *15, *70.

BILLIARDS. **Stevenson v. Falkiner.**—Closing scores:—Stevenson, 8,350; Falkiner, 8,035.

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HB VENUS

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AUCTION IN CONTINUATION,

ON VIEW THIS DAY, TUESDAY, 10 TO 4 O'CLOCK.

AUCTION To-Morrow (WEDNESDAY), JULY, 31ST, AT 11.30 o'c.

AND FOLLOWING DAY,

Comprising another large quantity of Good Sound Mahogany Furniture, also Furniture of several Sittingrooms not included in the previous Auction, viz.:—French Cabinets, with Sevres Panels, Boule, Marquetry and Pietra Dura Cabinets, Empire Clocks and Convex Mirrors, with and without lustres; Pair of Massive Ormolu and Bronze Ewers, Piano, Burmese Gong, Carved Consol Table, etc., etc; also Kitchen Furniture and Utensils, Coppers, a quantity of Miscellaneous Furniture and Effects, and contents of Laundry.

BATTERSBY & CO., AUCTIONEERS.

THURSDAY NEXT, AUGUST 1ST (AS ALREADY ADVERTISED).

CASTILLA, VERNON AVENUE, CLONTARF,

WITH 6 ACRES 1 ROOD 1 PERCH,

AT OUR SALEROOMS, No. 39 WESTMORELAND ST., AT 1.30 O'C.

GEORGE BIRNEY, Solicitor, 179 Great Brunswick street.

29 MARGUERITE ROAD, GLASNEVIN,

WITH POSSESSION.

55 AND 56 REUBEN STREET, S.C.R.

SUITABLE FOR SMALL INVESTORS. Subject to £3 10s. 0d. each. Lease 999 years. Let at £26 each

Messrs. MOLLOY, FAYLE, and CO., Solicitors, 18 Eustace street.

5 AND 6 REUBEN STREET, S.C.R.

TWO MODERN COMPACT HOUSES. Held for 999 years, subject to £3 10s. 0d. each. Underlet at £26 per annum each, landlord paying taxes. Messrs. DISNEY and RYAN, Solicitors, 83 Lower Gardiner street.

41 KENILWORTH SQUARE, RATHGAR.

FREE OF RENT, WITH POSSESSION.

G. M. MEARES, Solicitor, 16 Molesworth street.

70 BOTANIC ROAD, GLASNEVIN.

Will be sold subject to £4 per annum. Lease 999 years.

JOHN J. McDONALD, Solicitor, 116 Grafton street.

2 FAIRFIELD PARK, HIGHFIELD ROAD, RATHGAR.

SAMUEL KERR, Solicitor, 43 Dame street.

1 HERBERT STREET.

POSSESSION TO PURCHASER.

Messrs. DAUNCEY and SONS, Solicitors, Albert Chambers, Newport, Mon.
C. CORCORAN, 42 Fleet Street.

BATTERSBY & CO., AUCTIONEERS

MEADOW, OATS, MANGOLDS, FARM IMPLEMENTS, &c.

SALE FRIDAY, 9TH AUGUST,

AT

NEWPARK NEWTOWNPARK AVENUE, BLACKROCK.

JAMES H. NORTH & CO., having Sold the Residence and Lands of NEWPARK, are instructed by Cecil Law, Esq., TO SELL BY AUCTION, on the above date, THE FOLLOWING CROPS, MACHINERY, &c.:—

9 ACRES OF YIELDER OATS.	WOODS' REAPER AND BINDER, hardly used.
99 COCKS UPLAND MEADOW HAY.	WOODS' MOWER AND REAPER, hardly used.
1 ACRE MANGOLDS (Yellow Globes and Long Reds).	WOODS' HAY RAKE.
HALF ACRE OF SWEDES TURNIPS.	CALDWELL HAY COLLECTOR.
HALF ACRE OF POTATOES (Shamrocks and Arran Chiefs).	BLACKSTONE HAY TETHER.
	HAY BOGIE, &c.

ON VIEW THURSDAY, 8th AUGUST. Sale 12 o'clock.
Terms—Cash, and 5 per cent. Auction Fees.

JAMES H. NORTH & CO., AUCTIONEERS, 110 GRAFTON ST

AVENUE AUCTION ROOMS, BELFAST.

TUESDAY & WEDNESDAY, 6TH & 7TH AUGUST, AT 11.30 A.M.

INTERESTING AND IMPORTANT SALE BY AUCTION.

Rare and Costly Diamonds, and other Precious Stones, Fine Gold Jewellery, Solid Silver, Old Sheffield and Electro Plate, Waterford, Bohemian, and Old English Glass, Valuable Clocks, Bronzes, and Ornaments, Marble Statuary, Parian Groups and Figures, Chelsea, Worcester, Sevres, and other Rare China; Dinner and Dessert Services, Choice Morning and Evening China, Gallery of Paintings, Prints and Engravings, Compound Microscope, Collection of Rare Shells, Specimen Cabinet, Nests Drawers, Ivory Handled Cutlery, Canteen Cutlery, Swiss Carvings, Curios, Miniature and Ornamental and Decorative Effects.

Catalogues (and view) from Thursday, 1st prox., price 1s., by post 1s. 2d. Proceeds for the Comforts and Care of our Soldiers and Sailors.

R. M. GRAY & SONS, LTD.,
AUCTIONEERS, 6 ROYAL AVENUE, BELFAST.
'PHONE—BELFAST, 693.

SALE THIS DAY, AT 2 O'CLOCK.

DUTY-PAID AND BONDED WINES AND BRANDIES, CHAMPAGNES, &c., &c.,

BY PUBLIC AUCTION,

AT 10 LOWER ORMOND QUAY, DUBLIN,

AS ALREADY ADVERTISED.

CATALOGUES ON APPLICATION.

ANDREW J. KEOGH, AUCTIONEER, 10 LR. ORMOND QUAY.

SALES BY AUCTION.

THIS DAY AT 1.30.

HAY, WHEAT, OATS,

AT WOODLAWN, SANTRY.

SATURDAY, 10th AUGUST.

HAY AND OATS,

AT CARDIFFSTOWN, KILMESSAN, For Jacob D. Beckett, Esq.

On an Early Date in August, CLEARANCE SALE OF PEDIGREE STOCK, CROPS, IMPLEMENTS, FURNITURE, etc.

AT WOODLANDS, SANTRY,

For E. J. O'Malley, Esq., J.P.

GAVIN LOW, LTD.,
50 PRUSSIA STREET, DUBLIN.

STORE CATTLE AUCTION

EVERY THURSDAY.

ENTRIES SOLICITED.

GAVIN LOW, LTD.,
50 PRUSSIA STREET, DUBLIN.

McKEOWN, MacKEOGH & CO.

TO-MORROW WEDNESDAY, JULY 31st, 1918, at 1 p.m. (new time), for Laurence Moonen, Esq., at Palmerstown, Clapelizod—150 Large Cocks Very Choice New Hay, beautifully saved.

BY PRIVATE TREATY—5 Acres Very Rich Meadow and Aftergrass, at Kilsallaghan, for J. Norton, Esq.

McKEOWN, MacKEOGH & CO.,
Auctioneers and Valuers, Live Stock Salesmen and Factors,
4 HAYMARKET, DUBLIN. Phone 3.

BY AUCTION ON THURSDAY, 8th AUGUST, At 2 o'clock.

PRIME FATTENING FARM, GOOD HOUSE, YARD, Etc.

TO BE SOLD, with immediate possession, of 20 IRISH ACRES UNDER OATS, an excellent crop, nearly ready to cut, and worth over £600 on foot; and possession of the remainder (all grass) on 2nd December next.

163a. 2r. 13p., S.M.

HELD FOR EVER

at the nominal fee-farm rent of £50 a year. The P.L.V. is £106, and the lands are situate at Pellatstown, Co. Meath, about 1½ miles from Batterstown, 1 mile from Dunshaughlin, and 14 from Dublin. They are all of extra prime quality, are well watered and fenced, and there is no waste. Purchaser to pay per cent. commission.

LEONARD, SON & CO., LTD.,
17 LOWER DOMINICK STREET, DUBLIN.

LARGEST TIMBER BUILDING IN ULSTER FOR SALE.

TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION,

ON THE PREMISES,

On FRIDAY, 2nd AUGUST, 1918,

At the Hour of 12 o'clock Noon,

ALL THAT PLOT OF GROUND IN WARRENPOINT, CO. DOWN,

Held for residue of 999 years at Annual Rent of £15, on which is erected

THE WARRENPOINT SKATING RINK.

The Building is 250 x 80 feet, with floor space of 20,000 square feet, and is constructed with heavy red pine beams.

T. and G. Maple Flooring, Sheeting, Rebated Weather Boarding, with upwards of 3,000 square feet of Glass Roof. All Timber is in first-class condition.

If so desired by him the purchaser will not be required to take over the Lease or incur any liability in regard to it. In other words, he can have the Structure by itself, and altogether independent of the Lease.

Immediately after Sale of foregoing, the following will be offered for Sale:—National Gas Engine, 14 B.H.P.; Dynamo, Switch Board, Arc Lamps and Bulbs (about 400), Electric Fittings, 400 Pairs Richardson Skates, Electric or Hand-driven Organ (original cost about £400), Turnstiles, etc., etc.

Photos. of Rink can be had on application to Solicitors having Carriage of Sale.

For Particulars apply to

W. V. HOGG,
Auctioneer,
NEWRY and WARRENPOINT.

FISHER and FISHER and HAMILTON, Solicitors, Newry.

THE BEST WEEK-END PAPER FOR DUBLIN People is the "WEEKLY IRISH TIMES." Last Edition on Sale every Saturday morning.

MACHINERY CONTINUED (FROM PAGE 5.)

FELLING AXES—Delivery from STOCK. Particulars from BOOTH BROS. (DUBLIN), LTD., Upper Stephen st.

HEAVY Pillar Drilling Machine for Sale, hand and power drive, double speed, self-feed, including parallel Vice and revolving chuck plate, with T-slots on base; price £35 f.o.t. Dublin.—J. Pillar Phibbs, M.I.E.E., North Strand Saw Mills, Dublin.

IMMEDIATE delivery from stock of Blackstone's No. 20 Swath Turners and Pollock's Hand Power Rick Lifters. Prices and particulars on application to A. and J. Main and Co., Ltd., 11 Leinster st., Dublin. 12 20

McLAREN'S COMPOUND TRACTION ENGINES.

RUSTON AND PROCTOR'S FINISHING THRESHING MACHINES.

PRICES AND PARTICULARS ON APPLICATION.

KENNAN AND SONS, LTD.,
FISHAMBLE STREET,
DUBLIN.

MOWERS by Pierce, Albion, Samuelson, Woods, Wheel Rakes, Bogies stocked.—Dawson's, Maynooth. D

MACHINERY Wanted, Band Saw (Hand).—Atkinson, Bullock Harbour, Dalkey.

MEADOW MOWERS.	SWATH TURNERS.
WHEEL RAKES.	KICKERS.
SELF-BINDERS AND REAPERS.	HAY BOGIES.
BINDER TWINE.	
THRESHING MACHINES AND ENGINES.	
POTATO DIGGERS.	SAW BENCHES.

THOS. McKENZIE AND SONS, LTD.,
DUBLIN.

MASSEY HARRIS BINDERS, 5 and 6 foot cuts.
SWATH TURNERS and HAY BOGIES.
Prompt Delivery. All Parts Stocked.
THE DAIRY ENGINEERING CO. OF IRELAND, LTD.,
21/22 BACHELOR'S WALK,
DUBLIN.

THRESHING MACHINES

We have in stock CLAYTON MILLS of the following sizes:—36in., 42in., 48in., 54in., but the machines are being delivered daily. As the supply for this year is strictly limited, ORDER NOW to avoid disappointment later.

MILKING PLANTS.

The Famous WORKINGTON GANE MILKING PLANT can be seen in operation at the Showrooms in Great Brunswick street at any time.

THOMPSON'S MOTOR CAR CO., LTD.,
DUBLIN, BELFAST, AND CORK. T

WOODS Binders—The Famous Climax arrived. Immediate delivery.—Dawson's, Implement Agents, Maynooth. D

WANTED to Purchase immediately for cash, Portable or Semi-Portable Engines, 8/20 h.p. Write, giving name of maker, date of manufacture, and full particulars as to condition, to Thompson's Motor Car Co., Ltd., Great Brunswick st., Dublin. F

TIMBER.

TIMBER—Wanted, Silver Fir, Scotch Fir, Spruce, 12" and up, 10 to 16 feet; delivered on rail and canal. W. and L. Crowe, Limited, 50/51 South Richmond st., Dublin. T

WANTED, Fire Logs, offal forest, any quantity; price ton.—Carroll, 32 Blackpitts. B

WANTED, good, clean Beech Butts, 12" diameter and upwards, in 16ft. lengths. Quote lowest price delivered North Wall, Dublin.—"Z 1210, Beech Butts," this office. B

PERPETUITY GROUND RENTS AND VALUABLE REVERSIONS,

Issuing out of Good Property in LEINSTER ROAD, RATHMINES,

Indemnified by other Property of Ample Value. FREE OF RENT FOR EVER. INCUMBERED ESTATES COURT TITLE.

Also Head Rent out of Premises in UPPER FITZWILLIAM STREET.

TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION, by JAMES ADAM and SONS, At their Property Salerooms, 17 MERRION ROW, On MONDAY, 12th AUGUST, 1918, At the hour of One o'clock, IN 12 LOTS.

Lot Nos. The Two Semi-Detached Dwellinghouses, NOS. 2 and 3 LEINSTER ROAD.

1—No. 2 LEINSTER ROAD—A COMMODIOUS HOUSE (next the Technical Schools), with a good garden, containing 3 Sittingrooms on ground floor, 4 Bedrooms, Maid's Room, Bathroom and Lavatory, Hot and Cold Water, W.C., Kitchen, etc. Let to a good tenant on a Tenancy Agreement for 5 years from 1st March, 1914 (expiring 1st March next), at a Rent of £65, landlord paying all rates and taxes.

To be Sold by way of Fee Farm Grant FOR EVER, subject to a FEE FARM RENT of £6 a year.

2—No. 3 LEINSTER ROAD—Another SEMI-DETACHED DWELLINGHOUSE, with garden plot, containing Drawingroom, Diningroom, 4 Bedrooms, Bathroom and Lavatory, hot and cold water, Kitchen, Pantry, etc.

To be Sold by way of Fee Farm Grant FOR EVER, subject to a FEE FARM RENT of £4 a year. Present tenant holds at a Rent of £55, landlord paying taxes.

GROUND RENTS.

Rents.

3—£11 0s. 0d.—ADJUSTED to £10 11s. 0d., issuing out of Nos. 4 and 5 LEINSTER ROAD. Reversion in 1965.

4—£51 6s. 0d.—ADJUSTED to £49 3s. 0d., issuing out of 14 Houses, Nos. 6 to 19 LEINSTER ROAD, inclusive. Reversion in 1965.

5—£9 12s. 0d.—BEING TWO RENTS of £8 0s. 0d. and £1 12s. 0d., adjusted to £7 13s. 6d. and £1 11s. 0d.—£9 4s. 6d., issuing out of the three Houses, Nos. 20, 21, and 22 LEINSTER ROAD. Reversion in 1960.

6—£20 0s. 0d.—ADJUSTED to £19 3s. 6d., issuing out of the three Houses, Nos. 23, 24, and 25 LEINSTER ROAD. Reversion in 1960.

7—£5 2s. 10d.—ADJUSTED to £4 18s. 4d., issuing out of the House, No. 40 LEINSTER ROAD. Reversion in 1964.

8—£5 2s. 7d.—ADJUSTED to £4 18s. 4d., issuing out of the House, No. 46 LEINSTER ROAD. Reversion in 1965.

9—£7 0s. 0d.—ADJUSTED to £6 14s. 0d., issuing out of the three Houses, 151, 152, and 153 LEINSTER ROAD. Reversion in 1962.

10—£6 0s. 0d.—TO BE RESERVED OUT OF No. 2 LEINSTER ROAD.

11—£4 0s. 0d.—TO BE RESERVED OUT OF No. 3 LEINSTER ROAD.

12—£60 0s. 0d.—HEAD RENT, reserved out of 33 UPPER FITZWILLIAM STREET, let to W. I. de Courcy Wheeler, F.R.C.S.I., for a term of 29 years from the 25rd February, 1912. Held, in conjunction with other premises, under lease dated 10th June, 1791, from Pembroke Estate for the term of 150 years from 25th March, 1791, subject to a rent of £25, and indemnified against the entire of the said rent by the said adjoining premises.

Particulars and Conditions of Sale on application to MILWARD JONES and CAMERON, 5 Dawson street, Solicitors for the Vendors; or from

JAMES ADAM & SONS,
Auctioneers, Appraisers, and House Property Estate Agents,
17 MERRION ROW and 19 STEPHEN'S GREEN, DUBLIN.

STORE CATTLE AUCTION

EVERY THURSDAY. ENTRIES INVITED.

R. & J. WILKINSON,
40-41 PRUSSIA STREET, DUBLIN.

SPORTS AND PASTIMES.

CRICKET Bats, Balls, Nets, all Fishing Sundries, Rods, Reels, Lines, Flies, etc.; Swimming Costumes, Footballs, Jerseys, Golf Clubs, Lawn Tennis, Boxing Gloves, Waterproof Coats, Leggings, Travelling Goods. Wm. A. Moore, Seven Arden's quay, Dublin. Established 75 years. E

FISHING Rods and Tackle of every description; Rods Repaired, Flies Tied; lists free.—Keegan, Inns quay, Dublin. T

RABBIT Nets, Rabbit Snares, Snaring Wire, Ferret Sundries; lists free.—Keegan, Gunmaker, Inns quay, Dublin. T

YACHTS, BOATS, ETC.

WANTED, Sailing Trawler, 25 to 40 tons; state price and where seen.—X 1183, this office. B

GARDEN, FARM, BEES, ETC.

ALL Owners of Gardens to secure best results should Sow Drummond's Vegetable and Flower Seeds: awarded 148 First Prizes, 1914 to 1917.—W. Drummond and Sons, 57 and 58 Dawson st. T

A1 BROCCOLI, 6 successional varieties, Brussels Sprouts, Cauliflowers, Leeks, all 2/- 100 free.—Pennick, Seedsmen, Delgany.

BROCCOLI, April Queen and Kelway's Mammoth; this variety can be grown up to 16lbs in weight, 2/6 per 100, 17/6 per 1,000, carriage paid; savoy, Cauliflower, and Brussels, all 2/6 per 100, post free.—Walsh, Nurseries, Enniskillen. C

BEDDING Plants, from superior strains of seed: Asters, Comets, Ostrich Plumes, Chrysanthemum flowered and others, 10 Week Stock, Lobelia, Golden Feather, Marigolds, Mimulus, Petunias, Phlox, Ageratum, etc., 8d. dozen, post free 1/-, 50 2/-, 50 3/-, 100 5/-, post free.—Ramsay, Ballsbridge. C

CHIP BASKETS AND PUNNETS.

MOST SUITABLE FOR FRUIT, MUSHROOMS, Etc.

BASKETS, 4lb., 5/6 doz.
BASKETS, 6lb., 4/- doz.
BASKETS, 12lb., 8/- doz.
PUNNETS, 1lb., 8d. doz., 7/7 gross.

BOTTLES.

For Preserving Fruit with and without Sugar. Kilner, 1lb., 6/6; 2lb., 7/6; 3lb., 10/-; 4lb., 11/6 doz. Patent Spring Clip, 20oz., 6/6; 40oz., 7/6 doz. 1/- extra for packing on country orders. Special Prices for Large Quantities.

THOS. McKENZIE AND SONS, LTD.,
GT. BRUNSWICK STREET, DUBLIN.

CABBAGE Plants, 10d. per 100, 7/6 per 1,000 (not delivered).—Gardener, Ardmeen, Newtownpark avenue, Blackrock.

DAHLIAS—Choicest Cactus, Paeony, Collerette, and Single varieties to name; strong plants from pots, to flower this year, 6/- and 9/- dozen, post free 8d.—Ramsay, Ballsbridge. C

GROW MORE FOOD.

REAMSBOTTOM'S DELICIOUS VEGETABLES.

Customer writes:—"Your Vegetable Plants are worth any money."

List free on application.

REAMSBOTTOM AND CO.,
GEASHILL, KING'S CO. B

FLAVOUR Superb—Finest selected Savoy, Winter Cabbage, 2/- 100, 500 7/6, 12/6 1,000; Onion, Ailsa Craig, 2/6 100; Broccoli, best sorts for succession, 2/- 100.—Reamsbottom's, Geashill. B

FLAVOUR the Best—Cauliflowers, 2/6 100; Borecole, 2/- 100; Thousand-headed Kale, Asparagus Kale, and Cottager's Kale, 1/6 100, 500 6/-; Giant Brussels Sprouts, 2/- 100; Leeks, 1/6 100.—Reamsbottom's, Geashill. B

FLAVOUR Unequalled—For abundant supply of Vegetables plant now Reamsbottom Company's selected strains of delicious flavour, strong, hardy plants; special quotations for large quantities.—Reamsbottom's, Geashill. B

FLOWERS and Vegetables—Orders 10/- and over delivered free; smaller orders up to 2/6, 5/-, 7/6, add postage 6d., 9d., 1/- respectively.—Reamsbottom's, Geashill. B

FLOWERS—Clearance Offer:—Splendid Antirrhinums, 24 1/6; Marigolds, 36 1/3; Glorious Indian Pinks, 24 1/6; Aster, New Wonder Plume, 24 1/9; Double Asters, 36 1/6.—Reamsbottom's, Geashill. B

HAWLMARK SEEDS FOR JULY AND AUGUST SOWING.

"THE BEST IN EXISTENCE."

		Per Oz. s. d.	Pkt. s. d.
CABBAGE.	Velocity, the Earliest of all	1 6	0 6
"	Excelsior	1 0	0 4
"	Mildcross Marrow	1 0	0 6
"	Early Offenham	1 0	0 4
"	Flower of Spring	1 2	0 4
"	Nonpareil	0 8	0 3
"	Champion Drumhead	0 8	0 3
"	Prizewinner Flat Dutch	0 8	0 3
ONION	Ailsa Craig	3 6	1 0
"	Tripoli Lemon Rocca	2 3	0 8
"	Tripoli Red Bassano	1 9	0 6
"	White Lisbon (Scallions)	1 0	0 4
CAULIFLOWER.	Early London	3 6	1 0
SPINACH BEET.	Excelsior	0 8	0 3
LETTUCE.	Winter Pearl	1 6	0 6
"	All Year Round	1 0	0 4

WALLFLOWERS.

DICKSON'S Pure Gold, DICKSON'S Superb Dark Red, DICKSON'S Eastern Queen, DICKSON'S Primrose Dame—3d., 6d., and 1/- per packet.

ALEX. DICKSON AND SONS, LTD.,
Hawlmark—61 DAWSON ST., DUBLIN.

HAY SLIDES,
WHOLESALE and RETAIL.
McGEE'S STORES,
ARDEE. 14 17

LAND Rollers for Sale, ex stock, Steel Double Cylinder, 6ft. wide x 27" diameter, at specially reduced prices; also a number of Hunter Drill Hoes.—A. and J. Main and Co., Ltd., 11 Leinster st., Dublin. 12 20

MACKEY'S Cabbage Seed for Autumn Sowing—Earliest of All, 1/6 per ounce; Early Champion, Improved Nonpareil, Selected Offenham, Flower of Spring, each per ounce, 1/2; Ellam's Early, Mein's No. 1, 1/-; Enfield Market, Champion Drumhead, 8d.; Christmas Drumhead, 1/-; post free.—Mackey's, Ltd., 23 Upper Sackville st., Dublin. 24 3

MACKEY'S Genuine Seeds of proved germination, for summer and autumn sowing. Write to-day for our special descriptive list of all the best sorts, with cultural hints, post free.—Mackey's, Ltd., Seedsmen, 23 Upper Sackville st., Dublin. 24 3

MACKEY'S Onions for Autumn Sowing—White Italian, per ounce, 2/2; Red Italian, Globe Tripoli, Giant Rocca, 2/-; Giant Lemon Rocca, 2/2; Giant Zittau, 1/8; White Lisbon, 1/-; Ailsa Craig and Excelsior, 1/-, 1/6, 2/6 per packet, post free.—Mackey's, Ltd., 23 Upper Sackville st., Dublin. 24 3

MACKEY'S Turnips for Autumn Sowing—Veitch's Red Globe, Orange Jelly, Chirk Castle, White Stone, each per ounce, 6d.; Selected Snowball, 9d.; Perpetual or Spinach and Seakale Beet, each per ounce, 8d.; Early London Cauliflower, 6d. and 1/- per packet; Improved All Year Round and Winter Pearl Lettuce, each per ounce, 1/6; Stanstead Park, 1/-, post free.—Mackey's, Ltd., 23 Upper Sackville st., Dublin. 24 3

ONE Acre of Oats, standing, for Sale, at Evora, Howth; close to railway station. B

POWER'S SEEDS FOR SUMMER AND AUTUMN SOWING.

Post free. Catalogues free.

POWER'S Cabbage Seed—Selected Offenham, 1/4; Improved Nonpareil, 1/2; Power's Irish Victor, 1/6; Mein's No. 1, 1/-; Ellam's Early, 1/-; Improved Early Rainham, 10d.; Enfield Market, 8d.; Flower of Spring, 1/2; Wheeler's Imperial, 1/-; Daniel's Defiance, 10d.; Early York, 8d.; Large York, 8d.; Thousand-headed, 4d.; Champion Drumhead, 8d.; Flat Dutch, 8d.; all per ounce. T

POWER'S Onion Seed—Giant Rocca, 2/-; Giant Lemon Rocca, 2/2; Red Tripoli, 1/10; White Tripoli, 2/-; Giant Zittau, 1/8; Trebons, 2/6; Ailsa Craig, 2/6; White Lisbon (per lb., 12/-), 1/-; all per ounce. T

POWER'S All Year Round Lettuce, 1/-; Stanstead Park Lettuce, 1/-; Hammersmith Lettuce, 1/-; Champion Parsley, 1/-; Victoria Spinach, 8d.; Prickly Spinach, 8d.; Perpetual Spinach, 8d.; Model White Turnip, 8d.; Orange Jelly Turnip, 6d.; Red Globe Turnip, 6d.; Early London Cauliflower, 2/6; all per ounce. T

WM. POWER AND CO.,
SEEDMERCHANTS AND NURSERYMEN,
WATERFORD.

POTTING Mould, finest quality, specially prepared, 1/6 bushel, two bushels 2/6, delivered.—Ramsay, Ballsbridge. C

DOCKRELL LIMITED,

HOUSE AGENTS AND VALUERS

Large Timber Yard equipped with saw mill, steam engine, saw bench, rack saw, offices, stores, etc.; about one acre in extent; adjacent to the quay in Wicklow; rent, £27; price, £850, includes all machinery.—Dockrell Limited, Agents, Dublin.

Wanted, Lucan or Delgany or anywhere near Dublin, to rent or purchase, a Moderate-sized House, with from 5 to 20 acres of land; good figure will be given for suitable place.—Dockrell, Limited, Agents, Dublin.

Herbert Park—Very attractive Modern SEMI-DETACHED RESIDENCE specially built for Owner's occupation, FOR SALE; price, £1,600. The Residence is in the most perfect order, beautifully decorated, containing hall with fireplace, charming study, with panelled mahogany shelves; drawingroom, diningroom, five bedrooms, two servants' rooms, all with fireplaces, modern grates; hot bath, tiled kitchen, pretty garden, with tea house; side entrance, etc. Seen only on orders from Dockrell Limited, Agents, South Great George's street.

Co. Wicklow—A GOOD MIXED FARM, containing 143 statute acres, good average land, within 2 miles of railway station, to be Sold for £1,600. Six-room house, good out-offices. Judicial rent £85; valuation £117; taxes about £25 this year. 16 acres oats, 2 acres flax, 3 acres potato, 2 acres roots, 5 acres 1st crop hay, can be had if required. Particulars and order to view from Dockrell Limited, Auctioneers, Dublin.

DOCKRELL LIMITED,
HOUSE AGENTS,
Sth. GT. GEORGE'S ST., DUBLIN.

GARDEN, ETC., CONTINUED.

POTATO DIGGERS, BAMFORD'S BEST.
THE DAIRY ENGINEERING CO. OF IRELAND, LTD.,
21 and 22 BACHELOR'S WALK, DUBLIN. 12 27

PLUMS, Peach Apples, Cooking Rhubarb, Marrows, Onions, Peas, Potatoes.—Kimmage Grove, Terenure. D

STRAWBERRY Plants, strong, year-old; fruit next summer—Royal Sovereign, Paxton, King George, and other leading varieties, 6/- per 100, post free 1/-; Rooted Runners, 3/6, post free 8d.; with illustrated cultural instructions.—Ramsay, Ballsbridge. C

SUGAR Beet Plants, 6d. per dozen; 100 post free.—Knott, Lisclogher, Athboy. D

SOME Oaten Straw for Sale, near Dundrum.—"Z 1343, Straw," this office.

TOMATOES, strong plants, best greenhouse and outdoor varieties, from single pots, 4/- dozen, post free 8d.; with cultural instructions.—Ramsay, Ballsbridge. C

VEGETABLE Plants, from superior strains of seed—Delicious Early White Cabbage, Ellam's Early and Late York, Curled Borecole, Savoy Drumhead, Flat Dutch, 1/-; Broccoli, best varieties for autumn, winter, and spring cutting, 2/-; Brussels Sprouts, 2/-; Cauliflower, Early London and Autumn Giant, 2/-; Lettuce, Cos and Cabbage, 1/6; Leeks, 2/-; Onions, 2/-; all per 100, post free 6d. per 100.—Ramsay, Ballsbridge. C

VEGETABLE Marrows, all varieties, and Ridge Cucumbers, strong, well hardened plants, from single pots, 6d. each, postage 6d., 5/- dozen, 3 for 2/-, free.—Ramsay, Ballsbridge. C

VEGETABLES, fresh from ground, Potatoes, Tomatoes, Cabbages, Lettuces, Fruit, Greengages, Flowers for Sale.—Gardener, Ardmeen, Newtownpark avenue, Blackrock.

WANTED, Strawberry Plants; please quote, stating varieties.—"Z 1308, Plants," this office. D

WANTED, from private garden, delivered South side, Dublin, all kinds of Vegetables and Fruit in season, one day weekly, current price.—X 1538, this office.

1,000 HEAD strong Cattle Cabbage Plants, 3/6 1,000, f.o.r.—Steward, Ballinapark, Rathnew. E

BIRDS, POULTRY, FISH, DAIRY, &c

A. A. Kilpatrick's Laying Meal for Poultry, guaranteed to contain 15 per cent. of pure fish meal, 27/- per cwt.; Oyster and Cockle Shell, mixed, 8/-; Flint Grit, 8/- per cwt., all carriage paid.—Kilpatrick, Church lane, Belfast.

AYLESBURY Ducks, 5 Ducks, 35/-; Embden Goose and Gander, 35/-.—Corner, Rathnew, Wicklow.

BLACK Leghorn Cockerels, Cattle direct, April hatched, 6/- each, or exchange Pullets.—Rathmore, Raheny.

CLUCKING Hen, 6/6; Leghorn Cockerels, 4/6.—39 Lower Beechwood avenue.

DAY old Chicks, table, 13/6 dozen, free.—Walshe, Ballinamona, Waterford.

EIGHT March Pullets, large, healthy birds, lot £2 8s.—"Z 1341, Pullets," this office.

FOUR White Wyandotte Cockerels, hatched April 3rd, 1918, price 20/- each; above are from Tom Barron's Pen 6, eggs which cost 63/- dozen. Address "Z 1261, Poultry," this office. B

FOR Sale, pure bred Brown Leghorn Cockerels.—Wade, Lake View, Castleblayney. B

FOR Sale, number of young Hens, hatched 1917, mixed, pure breeds, 5/- and 6/- each; also about 15 March hatched White Leghorn Cockerels. Apply Gardener, St. Aidan's, Merrion.

FOUR Runner Drakes, two Ducks, 6/6 each; sell separate.—R. O. 892, Irish Times Office, Rathmines.

FOR Sale, immediately, seven (7) early April R.I. Red Pullets, from Department's station, 9/- each.—"Z 1357, Pullets," this office.

FOR Sale, Pure Bred Black Leghorn Cockerels, hatched April.—St. John's, Oaklands Park, Ballsbridge.

FOR Sale, couple Budgerigars, or Love Birds, with or without Cage.—L. B., Irish Times Office, Kingstown.

FOR Sale, a few White Orpington Cockerels, direct from Cook, from trap nested 220-280 egg strain, hatched March 3rd, 1918, 10/6 each; also a few White Orpington Hens, hatched April 18th, 1917, a good laying strain, 10/6 each.—Mrs. E. T. Webb, 22 Shandon Park, Knock, Belfast.

GIVING up Poultry—Best offers accepted, singly or for all—20 young Hens, some pure bred, some started laying, and 14 young Cockerels, some pure Leghorn, Wyandotte, Buttercup; make fine stock birds.—Patricia Hanley, Ballymaloe. D

HENS—8 Leghorn Minorca 1917 Laying Hens for Sale, £3.—Chauffeur, 19 Longford terrace, Monkstown.

HEN and 7 Chicks, two weeks old, 21/-; without hen, 14/-.—Page, Glenazara, Greystones.

ISCO Fish Meal, cooked and dried by special process, invaluable for growing chickens, egg production, and improves plumage, 32/- cwt., 4/6 stone.—Thos. McKenzie and Sons, Great Brunswick st., Dublin. T

MARCH Pullets, fine big birds, 7/- each.—"Z 1342, Pullets," this office.

SALE, six White Leghorns, 30/-, two years old.—35 Corrig avenue, Kingstown.

TWO handsome March Cockerels, Plymouth Rock and White Leghorn, 7/6 each.—Home, South Hill, Killiney.

WANTED, three or four dozen Fresh Eggs weekly; price delivered Dublin.—X 1537, this office.

WANTED, Hen Run and Shelter.—Lloyd, 102 Lower Mount st. D

WHITE Wyandotte Cockerels, 1 January, 3 February (Latham's), 12/6 each; 6 Padman White Leghorn Cockerels, April, 5/- each; 6 three year old White Leghorns (Cox's), 7/6 each.—X 1594, this office.

5 R.I.R. de Graaf, 3 W. Leghorn Hens, all 1916, 45/-.—Briscoe, Castlerea.

8 YOUNG Hens and 4 Pullets, some laying, good cross breed, £3 10s.—10 Lansdowne road, Dublin.

10 TWO Month Old Chickens, with Hen, 35/-; 7 ditto, with Hen, 28/-; three month old Chickens, 50/- a dozen; Pure and Cross Bred Hens, 7/- each; a few March and April hatched Pullets, 12/6 and 10/6 each.—Corley, Rathnew, Wicklow.

23/6 CWT., Poultry Meal, carriage paid.—The Mill Stores, Donnybrook. A

48/- DOZEN given for Heavy Hens and Goslings, full grown; 36/- dozen for March and April Pullets.—X 1561, this office. D

676 RATHMINES—"Pioneer" Albumen Laying Meal, containing Meat and Fish Meal, 30/- cwt.; Dry Mash, for intensive birds, 32/- cwt.; Poultry Mixture, 32/- cwt.; Fattening Meal, 32/- cwt.; Ground Oats, 32/- cwt.; Grit and Shell, 10/- cwt.; also all Chick Foods in stock. As we are short of hands, customers will kindly note their orders will be sent on as soon as possible.—Ranelagh Mills, 3 Field's terrace, Ranelagh. T

FURNITURE, MUSIC, PIANOS, &C.

AT Highest Value—James Hill and Son, Bachelor's Walk, Purchase Furniture, Pianos, Antiques; prompt cash. T

ABOUT Furniture—Highest cash offer made by Keogh and Co., Auctioneers, Bachelor's Walk, for Furniture, Silver Plate, China, and Pianos. T

ANTIQUE Grandfather Clock, at 7 South Anne st.

A GOOD reliable Piano Wanted within fortnight.—X 1290, this office. D

ANTIQUE Oak and Brass Plate Bucket; what offers.—X 1456, this office.

BEST Cream and White Fancy Stripe Blinds, 4/11 each.—Dockrell, Limited, Dublin. T

COTTAGE Piano Wanted immediately; must be a good, sound instrument.—X 1058, this office. B

CAMP Bedstead, Washstand, and Bath, practically new, for Sale; proceeds to be devoted to Red Cross Funds. To be seen at 51 Dawson st., Dublin. B

FURNISHING—Wanted, Bedroom Suite, Bed, Blankets, China Cabinet, and Dining Table.—X 1540, this office. C

FOR Sale or Exchange, two B Flat Clarionets, in good order, in use about twelve months.—"Z 1347, Clarionets," this office.

GOOD Chippendale style Sideboard and Carving Tables Wanted.—X 1357, this office. B

GIVING up business entirely, must Sell this week—Four excellent Iron Frame Pianos by world known makers, Collard and Collard, Upright Iron Grand, do. Blüthner, do. Koerner, do. Rosenberg; few brilliant toned Pianos for beginners, by Allison and Cadby; public have rare opportunity to obtain good instruments at less than trade price.—68 Chaworth place, S. C. road. C

GENTLEMAN Wants Cottage Piano, private people; state price.—X 1480, this office. D

HANDSOME Antique Glass Chandelier, also Glass Candlesticks for Sale.—X 1397, this office. B

LAWLOR Briscoe will Buy or Sell your Surplus Furniture. Auction every Thursday.—Ormond quay. T

MESSRS. Anderson, Stanford and Ridgeway, Ltd., Buy Privately good Secondhand Furniture. T

ORGAN for home use Wanted; good price given; no dealers.—X 1471, this office. C

PIANO Wanted, by Steinway, Bluthner, Bechstein, or any other good maker; no dealers need answer.—X 1475, this office. C

SECONDHAND Gilt Oval Mirror, at 7 South Anne st.

SECONDHAND Office Stools, Upholstered, at 7 South Anne st.

WANTED, Brass Instruments, full Band if possible. Send particulars at once to X 1472, this office. C

WANTED, good Secondhand Cottage Piano; wanting repairs no objection; state lowest price.—X 1483, this office. D

WANTED, good secondhand B Flat Baritone, Euphonium and Valve Trombone; best references.—"Z 1346, Euphonium," this office.

WANTED, small double Bedstead, complete, hire or purchase.—Mount Shannon House, Inchicore.

WANTED, Drawingroom Carpet, 4' x 4' or 4' x 3½', 3½' x 3½'; good quality and condition. Particulars, 145, Irish Times Office, Ranelagh.

DRESS, BOOTS, ETC.

ANY amount of Ladies', Gentlemen's Left Off Clothing Wanted; highest cash prices given.—Mrs. Brodie, 21 Wellington quay. T

ABOUT Clothes—Mrs. Higgins, 1 Aston's quay, gives highest prices for Ladies', Gents', Children's Left Off Clothing, Jewellery, Artificial Teeth; country parcels promptly attended. T

ABOUT Clothes—Highest prices are given for Ladies', Gents', and Children's Left Off Clothing, Furniture; distance no objection.—Mrs. White, 15 Aungier street. T

ABOUT Clothes—Mrs. Cusack, 65 Aungier st., gives Highest Prices for Left Off Clothes, Furniture, etc.; distance no objection. T

ABOUT Clothes—Lloyd, 102 Lower Mount st., guarantees highest prices for every description Left Off Clothing, Household Goods, etc.; postcard brings buyer; dealer in Gold and Silver Plate. T

A LONG Black Silk Cloak; almost new.—X 1526, this office.

CLOTHES—Large or small parcels Ladies' and Gents' Left Off Clothing; highest cash prices given; country parcels prompt attention.—Mrs. Berry, 55 Great Victoria st., Belfast.

CARACUL Fur Coat, 1 length, for Sale, £2, nearest offer.—X 1525, this office.

FRENCH Dressmaking, Tailoring, Designs—Madame Clare, 25 Nassau st. (First Floor). Customers' Materials Made Up, Renovations, Re-modelling, latest styles. T

IRISH Lace—"Pioneer" Irish Lace Depot, 44 Mary st., Dublin—Crochet Collars, 2/6; Point, Carrickmacross, and Limerick. T

LAYETTE Wanted; purchasing for charity; description and price.—"Z 1299, Layette," this office.

LADY wants really good large Fur Tango; must be perfect condition; please state full particulars.—"Z 1368, Tango," this office.

SHOES, 6½; Silk Sports Coat, lime colour.—X 1558, this office.

TRENCH Coats, Ladies' and Gents'. Sell cheap.—Railway Lost Property, 9a Grafton st., Dublin. T

WANTED, Left Off Clothing of every description, Secondhand Furniture, etc.; good price given; postcards receive attention.—Connell, 19 Christchurch place. F

HORSES, HARNESS, VEHICLES, &c

AT T. J. Callaghan and Co., Ltd., 13 to 16 Dame st., Pony, Cob, and full size Harness; lowest prices and best quality. T

JAMES H. NORTH & CO.

110 GRAFTON STREET.

CHEAP HOUSES FOR SALE.

NORTH CITY—PRICE ONLY £225, with possession; letting value, £32 per annum. A Bargain.—James H. North and Co., 110 Grafton street.

NORTH SUBURBS—TO BE SOLD, modern House; no basement; with large garden, etc. Subject to £4 10/-. Let at £41.—James H. North and Co., 110 Grafton street.

RANELAGH—TO BE SOLD, in one of the best roads, a modern House; no basement. Subject to £4 16/-. Price £525.—James H. North and Co., 110 Grafton street.

SHANKILL,—£25 PER MONTH, for August and September—Well-Furnished, Detached House, containing 3 sittingrooms, 5 bedrooms, good bathroom, servant's room, with garden (vegetables), tennis court, etc. Replies to James H. North and Co., 110 Grafton street.

DUNDRUM, 8 ACRES—TO BE LET or SOLD, handsome Residence, with garden, pleasure grounds, offices, and useful fields—in all, about eight acres.—James H. North and Co., Grafton street.

JAMES H. NORTH & CO.,
110 GRAFTON STREET.

LAUNDRY FOR SALE.

SOUND, ATTRACTIVE INVESTMENT.

X 1548, this office.

HORSES, ETC., CONTINUED.

ALESBURY TRAPS.

NOTED GOLD MEDAL TUB, TONNEAU, ALL WEATHER, AND HOODED CARS. SEVERAL CHEAP SECONDHAND CARS. Catalogues from ALESBURY BROS., EDENDERRY, KING'S CO. Showrooms: 3 LINCOLN PLACE, Westland Row, Dublin.

ALL classes Rubber Tyres fitted at shortest notice; wheels re-rubbered and returned same day; best quality rubber.—Sanderson's, 20 Upper Dorset st., Dublin. T

A BEAUTIFUL Pony for Sale, by Feddington, splendid action, any trial, used all traffic; V.S. opinion; also Harness and Trap; will sell pony separately.—Sanderson, 34 Lr. Dominick st., Dublin.

A TUB Trap for Sale, fit 15 hands; Ralli, 15 hands; Inside Trap, 11 hands; good Market Cart, 15 hands.—Sanderson, 34 Lr. Dominick st., Dublin.

BAY Mare, 15.2, 6 years, quiet, good worker in tug or chain harness; make good vanner.—Doolin, Windsor Villas, Fairview.

COB Inside Square Car, iron tyres; Cars bought or sold.—Carriage Works, 53 Middle Abbey st.

FOR Sale, 6 good Waggon and Dray Horses, in hard fed condition. Apply to Stableman, 6 South Gloucester st. B

FANCY Brown Cob, 13½ hands; also lovely Pony, 11 hands, perfectly quiet.—56 Lower Beechwood avenue, Ranelagh.

FOR Sale, smart, reliable Turnout—Pony (gelding), deep black, 12.2 hands, coming 5, stylish stepper, fast, very strong, great goer in all harness and saddle, perfect beauty, used to traffic, naturally quiet; good rubber tyred Inside Trap, complete, and new Brown Harness.—68 Chaworth place, S. C. road. C

FOR Sale, splendid Cob Chestnut, about 15.1, 4 years, perfect in harness; would make grand lady's hack; also Pony, 12 hands; perfect in harness.—8 Chatham st. E

FOR Sale, Ralli Trap, lancewood shafts, rubber tyres; first class condition.—Lloyd, 102 Lower Mount st. D

GREY Mare for Sale; price £65. Apply 7 Glover's Alley, Stephen's Green, West, Dublin.

HARNESS of all kinds at T. Smith and Sons, 92/93 Marlborough st. T

LIGHT Grey Cob (mare), about 15 hands, excellent ride and drive, very strong, fast, quiet, nice movement; Harness to fit if wanted.—68 Chaworth place, S. C. road. C

LONDON Built Pony Governess Cart, from 17 guineas.—Sewell's, Dublin.

MARE for Sale, 4 years, 15.1, by Peace with Honour, splendid mover in harness and saddle; any trial given; price £50. Apply J. Synnott, Newtownmountkennedy, Co. Wicklow.

NICE young Chestnut Horse for Sale; splendid harness horse; trial.—Yard, 18 Richmond place, Portobello, Dublin. C

RUBBER Tyres, all sizes, fitted at short notice.—The City Wheel Works, Ltd., Great Brunswick st. T

RALLI Cart, 14 to 15 hands, London built.—109 Lr. Baggot st. D

TRAPS for Sale at Sanderson's, 20 Upper Dorset st. T

VICTORIA for Sale, rubber tyres, splendid order, seldom used; no outlay.—H. J. Wall, Pembroke House, South Lotts road, Dublin.

WHEELS Re-rubbered and despatched same day as received.—Sive's, Mabbot lane, Dublin. T

WANTED, good Secondhand Set of Trap Harness, for cob and pony.—X 828, this office.

WANTED, a couple of 2 or 3 ton four wheeled Lorries or Waggons, in good condition.—"Z 1284, Lorries," this office.

WANTED, good set of Donkey Harness, Secondhand, moderate price.—"Z 1363, Harness," this office.

WANTED, Donkey, with Round Trap, Harness, complete; donkey able to trot.—"Z 1371, Donkey," this office.

LIVE STOCK, DOGS, ETC.

A RARE Chance—Splendid Bull Bitch, unapproachable guard of person and property, 30/-; also Bull Airedale Puppies, from prize parents, 25/- each.—"Z 1293, Bull," this office. D

A FEW useful Dairy Cows, just calved; one nice small Cow, extra milker.—L. Hall, Kill o' Grange.

ALL classes of Mountain Sheep for Sale. Apply L. Wilson, Rostrevor.

AIREDALE Terriers, magnificent, highly pedigreed, trained young dogs.—25 Tram Cottages, Phibsborough.

ABERDEEN Bitch (maiden), 12 months, typical, splendid pedigree, £2.—39 Lower Beechwood avenue, Ranelagh.

BELGIAN Hare, one Buck, 8 months, price 15/-; also the ditto, 11 months, price 18/-; or would Exchange for Pure Flemish Buck or Doe.—"Z 1282, Hares," this office.

BEAUTIFULLY coated orange Female Pekingese, 35/-, perfect beauty.—177 North Circular road.

BELGIAN Hares and Flemish Giants, adults and youngsters, for Sale, reducing stock.—Stanton, St. Heliers, Stillorgan Park.

BELGIAN Hares, 6 weeks old, 3/- each; Buck, about 5 months old, 10/-.—Longford Lodge, Kingstown.

BEAUTIFUL Irish Terrier Male Pups, parents winners, pedigree, 30/- each; also young trained Collie, 40/-.—Ulsterville, Monck place, Phibsborough.

COWS—For Sale, a few handsome Dexter and Kerries, Springers, and newly calved, from good milking strains.—Glenageary Park, Kingstown; apply to Steward. B

COLLIES—Pair magnificent Puppies, male and female, champion pedigree.—Miss Ussher, Kilmore, Drumconnick, Cavan. C

DEXTER Kerry Bull, 18 months old, for Sale.—Ogilvie, Kilteragh, Foxrock.

FOR Sale, a nice young Cow, in full milk.—Devereux, The Bridge, Greystones, Co. Wicklow. B

FERRETS for Sale, three months old, fine, healthy, splendid working strain, 12/9 each.—X 1455, this office.

[illegible]

TUITIONS AND SCHOLASTIC.

BERLITZ SCHOOL OF LANGUAGES. Lessons in French, German, Russian, Italian, by Native Teachers. 59 [illegible]

[illegible]

GOVERNESSES AND TUTORS WANTED.

[illegible]

TUITIONS CONTINUED.

WANTED, R.C. Musical Governess, experienced, September (two girls); country.—"Z 1314, Governess," this office. C

WANTED immediately, Kingstown, Nursery Governess (Protestant Lady), two children; some light household duties.—10, Marsden's Library, Kingstown.

WANTED, experienced Governess for three children, 12, 10, 8; usual subjects, French, music; state salary, copies references.—Mrs. F. Pilkington, Cragleigh, Ennis, Co. Clare.

WANTED, for September 1st, Nursery Governess or Mother's Help; Protestant; must be thoroughly capable, able to look after young children, and help with light household duties; good salary for competent person. Address Box No. 608, Irish Times Branch Office, Belfast.

PREMISES, TRAPPINGS, GRAZING

LARGE Covered or Open Yard required immediately.—X 1504, this office. E

SHOOTING—Wanted, some Saturday Rough Shooting, rabbits, wildfowling, near Dublin.—X 1479, Irish Times Office, Rathmines.

STABLING and Coachhouse, near Sackville st., Let low rent to tenant who will repair premises.—MacArthur's, Talbot st. D

WANTED, Blackrock, Stillorgan, Foxrock districts, 20 to 40 Acres, to rent on lease or purchase.—X 1424, this office. B

WANTED, by October, South Dublin, three to five Acres, with or without cottage.—X 1499, this office. D

HOUSES AND LANDS FOR SALE.

AUCTION, Thursday, 1st August—"Castilla," Vernon avenue, Clontarf, substantially built detached Residence, in splendid order, conveniently situated on 6 acres; recently renovated; electric light, telephone; low rent; possession.—Battersby, Auctioneers, Dublin. D

AUCTION, Thursday, 1st August—29 Marguerite road, Glasnevin, modern, non basement, 6 apartments, bath; favourite road, high and healthy; lease ever; possession.—Battersby, Auctioneers, Dublin. D

BATTERSBY, Auctioneers, Dublin—Suit small capitalist—5 and 6, also 55, 56 Reuben st., South Circular road, modern compact Houses never idle; rent £3 10s. each. Sale Thursday, 1st August. D

BOTANIC road, Glasnevin (No. 70)—Attractive, well planned House, expansive views; 9 apartments, bath, garden; semi detached; rent £4; lease ever. Sale Thursday, 1st August.—Battersby, Auctioneers, Dublin. D

BRAY—4 Meath Villas, Meath road—Choice Residence, let at £46; ground rent £5; 300 years. Executor's Sale, Friday, 16th August, MacArthur's Auction Rooms, Talbot st., Dublin. D

DRUMCONDRA—Exceptionally attractive House, Villa style, bay windows both storeys, 7 rooms, hot bath; possession; £565.—MacArthur's, Talbot st. D

EXECUTRIX Sale—26, 28, 30, 32, 34 Botanic avenue (Florence Villas), near Drumcondra tram line; desirable well built Houses; 3 let at £34, 2 at £32; ground rent £2 15/6 each; 450 years. MacArthur's Auction, Friday, 16th August. Salerooms, Talbot st. D

FOR Sale, House, North Circular road, Dublin, thorough repair, good garden, outoffice; price £300. Apply Raineford, 3 Dawson st., Dublin. C

GREYSTONES—£280, three Cottages, producing £35 yearly; possession one; bargain; stamp.—Jones, Auctioneers, Greystones. B

GREYSTONES—To be Sold, very attractive modern Detached House; three reception, five bedrooms, balcony, verandahs, tennis, garden, garage; free rail ticket.—"Z 1250, House," this office. B

MONKSTOWN—£400 will purchase well built Residence, close to train and tram; long lease; nominal head rent; instanter possession. Apply Hanley and Co., Auctioneers, Blackrock. D

NORTH Circular (main) road, City end—Comfortable House newly done up, large garden; possession; £500.—MacArthur's, Talbot st. D

PRICE £225, subject to £1 15s. 10d. head rent. Desirable House, Killarney Parade, N.C. road. Apply North and Co., Grafton st. D

PROFIT Rent, £17, amply secured; £265.—Raineford, 3 Dawson st., Dublin. C

RATHGAR—41 Kenilworth square, compact, well built House, fine position; 9 rooms, bath; free of rent for ever; possession. Sale Thursday, 1st August.—Battersby, Auctioneers, Dublin. D

1 HERBERT street—Commodious town House, semi detached, most select street in city; 4 reception, 6 bedrooms, bath, electric light, stabling; immediate possession, low rent.—Battersby, Auctioneers, Dublin. D

£375—GREYSTONES, rent free, neat Cottage; another, four bedrooms, £525; possession; stamp.—Jones, Auctioneers, Greystones. B

HOUSES TO LET.

AUCTIONS, Valuations, Inventories, Houses, Furnished, Unfurnished, Let, Sold.—Prim, 21 Dawson street. T

ATTRACTIVE House, 10 Northumberland road; all improvements.—Goodbody, Wentworth place, Dublin. B

CLONTARF—11 Haddon road, 11 apartments; large garden, rear entrance; every convenience. Apply 5 Henry st. C

DUNDRUM, 8 acres—Delightful Residence to be Let at £200 (two hundred pounds) per annum, or Sold. The house is pleasantly situated, and contains 4 fine reception, 7 bedrooms, two servants' rooms, hot bath, stabling, men's rooms, well stocked garden, greenhouse, etc. Seen on order from Dockrell Ltd., Agents, South Great George's st. B

FURNISHED House to Let, August; two reception, three bedrooms, bath, gas stove.—55 Upper Beechwood avenue, Ranelagh.

HUGGARD and Co.—Houses, Sell, Let; Inventories, Valuations, Rents Collected.—19 Upper Merrion street. 12 20

NO. 3 Homeville, off Rathmines road; large open plot grass in front; caretaker.—Long, 1 Lower Ormond quay, Dublin.

PICKFORD'S, LTD.,
FURNITURE REMOVERS and STORERS,
HOUSE and ESTATE AGENTS.
Extensive Storage Accommodation.
109 STEPHEN'S GREEN, W., DUBLIN.
ESTIMATES and ADVICE FREE. Telephone 876

HOUSES WANTED.

HOUSE, with Field, Wanted, convenient to city, good House, containing about five bedrooms, usual outoffices and grass for cow, to rent or purchase; state terms, particulars.—X 1530, this office.

WANTED to Purchase, House; South side preferred; state full particulars.—X 1180, this office.

WANTED to Rent, House, 4 or 5 rooms, good sanitary condition, good locality, about 10 minutes O'Connell Bridge; or Upper part Business House might suit; superior tenant.—X 1449, this office. B

WANTED, Purchase Modern House, five or six apartments, 1d. tram from Pillar; clear possession.—X 1546, this office.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

DUBLIN AND DISTRICT.

APARTMENTS—Free Lists from Central Bureau Agency, 25 Nassau st. Enclose stamp. T

AT 17 Northumberland road—Rooms, with or without board; visitors or permanent. T

A—VISITORS to Dublin can have High Class Board Residence—19 Fitzwilliam place. 24 30

A HIGH class Board Residence, central, South side.—'Phone, 875. C

AT 2 St. Alphonsus road, Drumcondra—Rooms, board optional; visitors or permanent.

AT 32 Lower Baggot st.—Superior Apartments; central; moderate; visitors or permanent.

AT Merrion, facing sea—High class Board Residence, Sydney Lodge, large house, standing on 4 acres; perfect sanitation; excellent cuisine; moderate. 'Phone, Ballsbridge 618. E

APARTMENTS and Employment—City Bureau, 33 Westmoreland st., Dublin. [illegible]

COMBINED Front Room, permanent or visitors; no children.—151 Clonliffe road, Drumcondra.

FLAT, Unfurnished, Ballsbridge, three rooms, modern house; £3 month; two £2 10s.; gas cooker, separate meter, use bathroom.—X 1461, this office.

FURNISHED small Flat, kitchen, gas cooker, quiet house.—24 Leinster square, Rathmines.

FURNISHED Bed and Sittingroom, h. and c. bath, telephone.—134 Leinster road.

HALF of nicely Furnished House to Let, two bedrooms, sittingroom, kitchen, etc., good locality, South side, all modern conveniences, 30/- weekly.—X 1400, this office.

LOVELY Bed Sittingroom (villa), 10/- weekly. Terenure, private family, cooking or attendance; stamp. R.O. 889, Irish Times Office, Rathmines.

PEMBROKE—Well Furnished House, good cooking [illegible]

[illegible]

APARTMENTS WANTED.

[illegible]

SEASIDE AND COUNTRY.

[illegible]

SEASIDE AND COUNTRY CONTINUED.

[illegible] Furnished House to Let, August; five bedrooms; attendance.—[illegible] 9 rooms, [illegible] Open [illegible]

APARTMENTS TO LET AND WANTED.

[illegible]

FOR HOTELS AND BOARDING HOUSES SEE PAGE 3.

DENTISTRY.

[illegible]

WALPOLES' ROYAL IRISH LINEN.

6 Irish Huckaback TOWELS at a saving of 2/5

IF a bargain is gauged by reduction of price, by quality and by utility, then this is indeed a big bargain.

THE reduction is big, the present price for 6 of these towels being 8/11, and Walpoles' offer is 6/6.

THE quality is quite good. They are fully bleached Irish Huckaback Towels, perfect in quality and perfectly plain.

THEY are a lot Walpoles' have cut off the piece and machine-hemmed—the reason for the reduction.

THEY are very strong and absorbent, splendid for every-day use, and will wear and wash well.

Size - - 20 x 36 inches
To-day's price - 6 for 8/11

Special offer, 6 for 6/6

While the stock lasts.

WALPOLES' PAY CARRIAGE.

This being a Special Offer new Customers are asked to kindly send Cash with order.

Walpoles'
WALPOLE BROTHERS LTD.
Dublin.

Do You Employ a Disabled Man?

PURITY. ESTABLISHED OVER 150 YEARS. DURABILITY.

MOTOR MATTERS, BICYCLES, &c.

MOTOR CARS.

WALLEN, TRINITY ST. GARAGE, DUBLIN. DAIMLER LANDAULETTES, 25 h.p. T

AT Woods', Westland Row—Overtime Self-lift Plough, suit any tractor; only soiled. T

LIGHT CARS.
SPECIALISTS
KEATING AND LUNDY,
205 GREAT BRUNSWICK ST. T

MOTOR, Dodge Brothers, 1916, Five Seater, perfect order, private owner; trial, inspection, £350.—"Z 1243, Motor," this office. B

RELIABLE CARS FOR SALE BY
M. J. DOYLE and SONS,
Automobile Agents and Engineers,
BALTINGLASS.

ARROL-JOHNSTON, 1914 Touring Model, fitted with the famous 11.9 engine, C.A.V. electric light set, full set of detachable wheels and spare, one-man hood and side curtains; perfect condition, same as new; any reasonable trial. Price £275.

CALCOTT Two Seater, electric light set, detachable wheels, all fitted with new Dunlop covers; newly painted a nice grey, all overhauled; magnificent condition. Price £275.

FORD, 1914, five seater, only run 2,000 miles, wire detachable wheels, same as new, electric head lights. Price £150.

FORD, 1914, five seater, detachable wood wheels and spare, electric head lights, overhauled last week, new axles, crown wheel and bearings. Price £120.

[illegible] ometer, etc., 1915 model. Price £150.

MASS-PAIGE, 5 seater, in perfect condition, electric self starter, electric lights, detachable rims and spare, one man hood. Price £225.

MAXWELL Two seater, new one, electric self starter, electric lights, detachable rims, with spare cover and tube. Price £215.

WHITE 20/30 h.p. magnificent touring car, in excellent condition, cost £600, new covers and tubes fitted, little used. Price £250. T

BELSIZE 1914 Two Seater, dickey seat, five interchangeable wheels, lamps, horn, etc., condition like new.—Walply, Corbally, Limerick. D

FOR Sale, a Rover Motor Car, 8 h.p., 4 seater, newly painted, Bosch magneto, in good going order, tyres as new; price £50.—A. Bond, Mountmellick. C

FOR Sale, 1915 Ford Touring Car, in perfect condition, five detachable wheels and newly painted. Apply 5a Townsend st. C

FOR Sale, 1915 Maxwell Five Seater Motor Car, in perfect order, any trial, owner driven, only did 3,500 miles (almost new), painted French grey, complete with accessories, spare rim and tyre; can be seen any day. Apply Michael Small, Dunshaughlin, Co. Carlow.

RING UP 4441 FOR TAXI. Garage open 8 a.m. till Midnight.—LOUIS J. LEMASS and CO., Automobile Engineers, Smithfield. T

1 1915 FORD for Sale, 5 detachable wheels, recently overhauled in every detail, also newly painted dark grey, new hood, etc., electric light.—"Z 1255, Motor," this office. B

WANTED.

MOTOR Car Wanted; Landaulette, any make or condition; state price.—X 1507, this office.

WANTED, Ford Touring Car, also Landaulette; state cash price and particulars.—"Z 1325, Motor," this office. C

WANTED, Ford Touring Car, with English body.—"Z 1326, Motor," this office. C

MOTOR CYCLES.

"A1"—NEW Imperial Japs from 44 guineas, only a few left; Secondhand Sunbeams, Rudges, Indians, B.S.A., Triumph; all specially tuned and tested.—Wayte Bros., Ltd., Lemon st. (off Grafton st.). T

ROVER 1918 COUNTERSHAFT MODELS and COMBINATIONS from Stock.

WALLEN, TRINITY ST. GARAGE, DUBLIN. T

AT Woods', Westland Row.—Six 1918 B.S.A. and Sidecars; immediate delivery. T

ADVANCES on Motor Bikes, Cars, Jewellery.—Pawnbroker, Winetavern st. (opposite Four Courts), new entrance.

7/9 EXCELSIOR Motor Bicycle, with Sidecar, for Sale. Apply 42 Foley st.

LORRIES, VANS: MOTOR & STEAM HAULAGE.

FORD Vans Overhauled and Repaired.—X 1534, this office. E

MOTOR Lorries and Engines Overhauled and Repaired.—X 1565, this office. E

WANTED.

WANTED, Secondhand Motor Van, first class condition, for laundry. Apply X 1558, this office.

ACCESSORIES, TYRES, ETC.

GOODRICH Tyres, new, 815 x 105 mm., plain, 90/- each.—Sewell's, Dublin.

WANTED.

FORD Motor Hood Wanted; state price and condition to "Z 1272, Motor," this office.

BICYCLES.

"A1"—NO shortage of Pedal Cycles; hundreds to select from; Dunelts, Swifts, Vindec, Tradesmen's Carrier Tricycles, Lady's Rudge Tricycle, with free wheel.—Wayte Bros., Ltd., Lemon st. 'Phone 2010. T

ANY leading make of Secondhand Cycle manufactured I can supply from £5 to £9, cash only.—John Fitzgerald, 128 Stephen's Green. Factory—56 Rathmines road.

ALL 1918 Model Royal Frankfort Cycles can still be obtained from stock at reasonable prices; spares supplied.—John Fitzgerald, 128 Stephen's Green. Factory, 56 Rathmines road. T

BIKE, all new, except newly enamelled frame, £7 10s.—X 1301, this office. B

GREAT Cycle Sale in Dublin, for ten days only, at Stevens' Cycle Depot, 8 Aston's Quay, new Cycles, such as James, Rovers, Ariels, Swifts, Ajax, etc., at pre-war prices, 10 per cent under usual prices. It will pay you to call. I have also a few dozen good Secondhand Cycles, Freewheels, Chains, Tyres, Lamps, at factory prices. 15 27

GENT'S Bicycle for Sale, Royal Frankfort, good condition, price £7.—Pamby, Bungalow, Dalkey.

KELLY for Bikes, 27 Bachelor's Walk. Dublin. "That's All." 'Phone, 1580. T

CHAUFFEURS, MECHANICS.

DISENGAGED.

FOREMAN, thoroughly qualified to supervise repairs and men, seeks engagement, any locality.—"Z 1225, Foreman," this office. C

[illegible]

WANTED.

[illegible]

CHAUFFEURS CONTINUED.

DISENGAGED.

CHAUFFEUR Mechanic, excellent driver [illegible]

[illegible]

MONEY, PARTNERSHIPS, &C.

£12,500 [illegible]

MISCELLANEOUS.

MANUFACTURER'S Sample Collection Ladies' Collars clearing today at 3d. and 6d.—Kellett and Co., Ltd., 80 to 83 Grafton st.

PILLOW Shams, Hand-Hemstitched Irish Linen, with one row of stitching, size 24 x 34", slightly imperfect, only 150, to clear at 3/11 per pair.—The Belfast Linen Co., 19 and 21 Exchequer street, Dublin. Wires—"Damasklin." 'Phone—3274. 12 20

TEA is greatly improved by a little Sweet Cicely in the Teapot. Try it. Eminent analyst's report sent. Tins 9d. each, post free, or 4 for 2/9. Shops supplied. Sole Agent for this district, R. J. Tinder, Howard terrace, Ringsend road, Dublin.

50 DOZEN Fine Linen Face Towels, "Old Bleach," with Hemstitched Border, size 19 x 33", offered at 2/6½ each.—The Belfast Linen Co., 19 and 21 Exchequer street, Dublin. Wires—"Damasklin." 'Phone—3274. 12 20

"ZINGESSOL."

J. B. Orr's Washable Water Paint, applied on new or old Plaster, or on Wallpaper, is

DECORATIVE,
ECONOMICAL, &
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Manufactured in a large range of colours. Prevents the accumulation of Dust and Microbes.

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Printed and Published by the Irish Times, Ltd., [illegible] Westmoreland Street, in the City of Dublin. TUESDAY, JULY 30, 1918.

FEATHERS AND GLOVES

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AT

PRESCOTTS' DYE WORKS,

DUBLIN,

CORK, LIMERICK.

(6)

Births, Marriages, and Deaths (which in all cases must be authenticated), 3 lines, 20 words, 2/6; each additional line of 7 words, 8d.

The Government has decided that Obituary Notices of fallen soldiers sent to the Press by relatives or friends shall, under certain circumstances, give no particulars either of the theatre of war in which a casualty occurred or of the battalion to which the officer, non-commissioned officer, or private belonged.

ROLL OF HONOUR.

CULSHAW—July 14, 1918, killed in action, Ronald Henry Culshaw, Second Lieutenant, West Yorkshire Regiment, eldest son of Rev. George H. Culshaw, Rector of Iver Heath, Bucks, and grandson of the late Rev. Canon Carr, Vicar of Whitechurch, Co. Dublin, aged 19 years.

FAUSSET—July 13, 1918, killed accidentally in France, Robert Rowley Fausset, Surgeon H.M.T., eldest son of Rev. Charles Fausset, of 25 Herbert place, and husband of Mrs. Fausset (nee Conway), Grassington, Yorks. "Dulce et decorum est pro patria mori."

IN MEMORIAM.

LEGGETT—In sad and loving memory of our dear brother, Private Robert Leggett, Irish Guards, who died of wounds received in action on 31st July, 1917, eldest son of the late Robert and Elizabeth Leggett, Coolfaucy, Tinahely. Inserted by his loving brothers and sister.

LEGGETT—In loving memory of Private R. Leggett, Irish Guards, died of wounds July 31st, 1917.

The supreme sacrifice—his life,
Too far away thy grave to see,
But not too far to think of thee.

ROSA—In ever-loving memory of Lieutenant Herbert C. Rose, Royal Field Artillery, S.R., killed in action, at Ypres, July 31, 1917. R.I.P.

SMITH—In sad and loving memory of my beloved son, William Joseph (Willie), The Gables, Clonsilla, who was killed in action July 31st, 1917. R.I.P. "Greater fame can no man win than a life laid nobly down."

WILSON—In loving and ever-present memory of my dear son, Arthur Wesley Wilson, Second Lieutenant, Scots Guards, aged 20. He made the supreme sacrifice end of July, 1917, in France.

Life's dream is past,
All its sin—its sadness,
Though we may mourn
Those in life the dearest,
They shall return,
Christ, when Thou appearest.

BIRTHS.

BELLINGHAM—July 28, 1918, at Garston Towers, Boscombe, the wife of Major Alan Bellingham, the Royal Irish Rifles (attached M.G. Corps), of a daughter.

DUNLOP—July 26, 1918, at 3 Upper Prince Edward Terrace, Blackrock, the wife of Robert Alexander Dunlop, Barrister-at-Law, of a son.

LUTTRELL—June 22, 1918, at Alexandria, Egypt, the wife of Wm. Fisher Luttrell, of a son.

REES—July 30, 1918, at a Private Nursing Home, Dublin, the wife of Dr. J. V. Rees, of a son (who only survived his birth a few hours).

RUSSELL—July 28, 1918, at 18 St. Patrick's place, Cork, the wife of Michael M. Russell, Glanmore, Charleville, of a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

CARROLL and MINCH—July 27, 1918, at the Church of the Assumption, Booterstown, Co. Dublin, by the Right Rev. Monsignor O'Donnell, D.D., P.P., V.G., assisted by the Rev. Daniel Byrne, C.C., Captain Stanislaus J. M. Carroll, the Royal Dublin Fusiliers, fourth son of Redmond F. Carroll, Barrister-at-Law, 24 Lower Fitzwilliam st., Dublin, to Kathleen, third daughter of Matthew J. Minch, J.P., Cloufadda, Blackrock, Co. Dublin.

GOWTHORPE and LYNCH—On Tuesday, July 30, 1918, at the Church of the Sacred Heart, Donnybrook, by the Rev. Augustine Farrell, C.C., Captain Royle W. Gowthorpe, Royal Irish Regiment, son of the late Dr. J. W. Gowthorpe, of Newcastle, South Africa, Member of Legislative Assembly, to Sybil, eldest daughter of Sir John and Lady Lynch.

SHANNON and KERR—July 17, 1918, at St. Andrew's Church, Wells street, London, by the Rev. Walsingham Kerr, C.F., Captain F. Shannon, R.A.M.C., of Hornsey, London, N., youngest son of the late Thomas Shannon, of Chichester Park, Belfast, to Anne Muriel Shannon Kerr, youngest daughter of the late Rev. R. S. Kerr, Rector of Howth, Dublin, and grand-daughter of the late G. W. Shannon, of 12 Leeson Park, Dublin.

WHITE and EDMONDS—July 25, 1918, at St. Augustine's Church, Brighton, by the Vicar, Rev. J. E. Page, M.A., Henry Edwin White, R.I. Rifles, son of Mr. and Mrs. Henry White, of Lisbellaw, Co. Fermanagh, to Helen Dorothy, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Edmonds, of Springfield rd., Brighton.

DEATHS.

BLAKE—July 29, 1918, at his residence, Mullinacuff, Tinahely, Co. Wicklow, at an advanced age, William Blake, dearly-beloved husband of Mary Blake. R.I.P.

BROGAN—July 29, 1918, from influenza, James P. (Jimmie), K.R.S., aged 14 years, youngest and dearly-beloved son of Annie and the late Thomas C. Brogan. Deeply regretted. R.I.P. Funeral from his mother's residence, 77 Lower Mount st., to-morrow (Thursday) morning, at 10.30 o'clock, to Glasnevin Cemetery.

BROWNE—July 26, 1918, Nellie, dearly-loved wife of F. J. Browne, 6 Morley Villas, Merrion, Dublin. Funeral private. No flowers, by request.

HICKSON—July 29, 1918, at 48 South Parade, Belfast, Julia Murray, second daughter of the late Rev. George Hickson, Rector of Magheracloone, Co. Monaghan, aged 85 years. "In her life below, strong in the grace that is in Christ Jesus, she waits to be raised in glory, her body fashioned like unto His glorious body."

MARSHALL—July 29, 1918 (suddenly), at 6 Millmount place, Frances Jane (Fanny), dearly-beloved wife of Walter Marshall. Funeral arrangements later.

TAAFFE—July 27, 1918, at her residence, Mosstown, Mary Taaffe, the faithful servant, since childhood, of the Kingstone family, and latterly of James W. Murray, Mosstown, Co. Longford, aged 72.

WARREN—July 25, 1918, at Falmouth, Sarah Warren, for many years the faithful maid of the late Honble. Mrs. Chute, Monkstown.

IN MEMORIAM

O'CONNOR—In loving memory of Isolde Joseph O'Connor, who departed this life from The Bungalow, Killiney, night of July 30-31st, 1908.

ANNOUNCEMENTS received late for insertion in this Column will be found on Page 3.

NICHOLS'

'Phone 276. 'Phone 276.

FUNERAL AND CARRIAGE ESTABLISHMENT, Lombard street (Westland Row). Coffins, Hearses, and Every Requisite. Economy and Punctuality.

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MONEY LENT BY POST.

From £50 to £5,000, on Note of Hand alone, to Ladies or Gentlemen, strictly private. No charges whatever are made if business is not completed. Full information supplied gratis and post free. Apply

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To Farmers, Shopkeepers, Doctors, Ladies, Gentlemen and all Respectable Applicants on Simple Promissory Note. Distance no objection. Repayments arranged to suit Borrowers. Reasonable interest. Special quotations for Short Loans. No fees or preliminary expenses unless business actually completed. Apply, personally, or by letter to

DAVID I. COHEN,
25 DRURY ST.,
DUBLIN.

MISCELLANEOUS.

WARNING.

GREEN Raleigh Bicycle, No. 376176, has been stolen. Police notified. Anyone finding, please report to them.

LOANS on Reversions, Life Interest, Jointures, Ground Rents. Advances also granted, repayable over a term of years, and secured by sureties with Life Assurance.—DAVID DRIMMIE & SONS, Secs., English and Scottish Law Life Offices, 27 Nassau street, Dublin, and 5 Lombard street, Belfast. 'Phones—Dublin, 461; Belfast, 4257.

"BEST BECAUSE PUREST." When you want PURE Cocoa Shells demand "KOKOTEE."

FURNITURE AUCTIONS CONDUCTED—James H. North and Co., Auctioneers, Grafton st. Established 1829.

CHARMING New Studies in Art Needlework now displaying at Monypeny's, 39 Grafton st.

IMPORTANT AUCTION THIS DAY, Maple's Hotel, commencing at 11.30 a.m., Valuable Antique Furniture and Effects and the remainder of the Contents of the Hotel. See full advertisement in this day's Auction Columns.—BATTERSBY and CO., Auctioneers.

WHY PAY MORE? The Cheapest and Best Luncheon in Dublin, 1/2. Choice Selection. Red Bank Restaurant Co., D'Olier street.

AN innovation at the Cafe Cairo. The orchestra now plays during luncheon, from 12.30 each day. Come to-day. You will be delighted.—Cafe Cairo, Grafton street.

A SPECIAL SERVICE WATCH. Luminous Dial and Hands. Moderate Price. CHANCELLOR and SON, 7 Grafton street, Dublin.

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VALUATIONS OF FURNITURE, HOUSE Property, etc., made for Probate and all purposes. James H. North and Co., Valuers, Grafton street.

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FRY'S,
44 GRAFTON STREET.
Orchestra from 12.30 to 11.30 p.m.
HOT SUPPERS from 9.0 p.m.
POPULAR PRICES.

ETHEL—Dividends down again, but saved a new dress. Dartry Dye Works, Dublin, dye them beautifully.

Agents for DICK'S BALATA BELTING.
ELVERY AND CO., LTD.,
ELEPHANT HOUSE, DUBLIN, CORK, & LONDON.

JAMES J. FOX AND CO.,
CIGAR MERCHANTS,
119 GRAFTON ST. (opposite Trinity College),
Beg to notify that from the 1st to 31st August (inclusive) their Closing Time will be 8.30 p.m.

BROOKS, THOMAS, AND CO., LTD., DUBLIN.

SAVE ARTIFICIAL LIGHT BY USING MAXIMUM DAYLIGHT INCREASING GLASS.

WE SELL RICK COVERS.—P. J. SMYTH and CO., 14 Hawkins st. Tel. No. 300. Telegrams—"Sacks," Dublin.

RENT COLLECTIONS and Management of Property undertaken.—James H. North and Co., 110 Grafton street. Established 1829.

BATTLE HEROES—Photographs and Personal Notes appear in "The WEEKLY IRISH TIMES" To-day.

MONEY—The Highest Advances to be obtained in Dublin on Jewellery, Silver Plate, Furniture, and Valuable Chattel Property of every description at the First Class Money Office, 85 MARLBOROUGH STREET, 85.

AXMINSTER CARPET SQUARES.

Black, Rose, and Fawn Grounds. In Various Sizes. Lowest Prices.

DOCKRELL LIMITED,
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FOUR-COURSE LUNCH, 2/-. Best Value in Dublin. MOIRA RESTAURANT, TRINITY STREET (College Green).

LAWN ROLLERS. GARDEN BARROWS.
E. HENSHAW AND CO., LTD.,
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INCOME TAX Recovered; No Failures; Returns Filled; Accounts Prepared.—J. T. WALLACE, Expert, 65 Dame street, Dublin. 'Phone 383.

CARSON'S PAINTS for Greenhouses, Garden Seats, etc.—28 Bachelor's Walk, Dublin.

EMPIRE TYPEWRITERS. AGENTS—POLLOCK and CO., LTD., 30 Grafton street, Dublin.

INCOME TAX—Claims, Super-Tax, Accounts.—Bourke, late Surveyor of Taxes, 14 Grafton street, Dublin.

GOAT KEEPING IN IRELAND. The Secretary of the Irish Goat Society answers through the columns of the "WEEKLY IRISH TIMES" any inquiries regarding goats and their treatment.

CARSON'S Paints for Garden Benches.—28 Bachelor's Walk, Dublin.

WE BUY

OLD GOLD and SILVER and all kinds of BROKEN JEWELLERY, also DIAMONDS, PEARLS, and Precious Stones. We pay highest prices in Ireland. Send goods by registered post, and you will receive cash or offer per return. Reference—Provincial Bank of Ireland, Ltd. (Capel street Branch). Send or call to
BENSONS, JEWELLERS,
153 WEXFORD ST. (CAMDEN ST.), DUBLIN.

£5 TO £5,000 ADVANCES made without delay, any distance, on special easy payments. Prospectus, free of charge, with information.—J. GOODMAN, THE BRUNSWICK LOAN COMPANY, 51 GT. BRUNSWICK ST., DUBLIN.

£10 TO £1,000 MONEY TO LEND.

Without Security, Bill or Bond, to all Classes—Professional Gentlemen, Farmers, Government Officials, etc., etc.—approved at an extreme low rate of interest. Loans to be repaid by small instalments to suit. All applications are treated strictly confidential, and completed without delay. Apply, personally, or by letter, to S. FREEMAN and Co., 1 GARFIELD STREET, BELFAST.

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Discount for Series. A discount of 10 per cent. will be allowed when a series of three or more insertions is prepaid. The insertion of Four Insertions for the Price of Three [illegible] no longer be allowed. Office Address counts as three words [illegible]

N.B.—[illegible]

IRISH TIMES, LTD.,
WESTMORELAND ST., DUBLIN. [illegible]

LOST AND FOUND.

FOUND, [illegible] Black [illegible] Bank House, [illegible]

LOST, Diamond Ring [illegible] between Dalkey and [illegible] on Inchicore tram. Reward [illegible] 48 Nassau st.

LADY'S Umbrella [illegible] reward [illegible] Anne st., Dublin.

LOST—Will the person [illegible] the rocks at Sandycove [illegible] communicate with Mr. Saunderson, [illegible] Kingstown.

LOST between Anne st. and Merrion [illegible] Purse, containing 10/- [illegible] finder rewarded.—X 1621, this office.

LOST, Vest Pocket Kodak [illegible] in some shop on Monday [illegible] rewarded.—Mrs. W. E. P. Cairnes [illegible]

STRAYED on 30th inst. [illegible] owned.—Robert Craigie, 37 [illegible]

WILL Person who took by mistake Gentleman's [illegible] from Roberts' Cafe [illegible] about 1.30, kindly return same to [illegible] Crescent, 9 Leinster st.; reward.

SITUATIONS VACANT & AGENCIES

ARMY SERVICE CORPS.

FORAGE DEPARTMENT.

Applications are invited for positions as DRIVERS of War Department Electrical Hydraulic Hay Pressing Machinery at Belfast and Dublin.

Applicants must have had experience of controlling direct and alternating current motors and hydraulic pumps.

Apply, stating age, experience, and copies of testimonials, to

INSPECTOR OF MACHINERY,
A.A.O. Ireland,
Royal Hospital, Dublin.

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Applications are invited for positions as FITTERS for carrying out repairs and superintending the running of War Department Electrical Hydraulic Hay Pressing Machinery at Belfast and Dublin.

Applicants must have a thorough knowledge of direct and alternating current motors and hydraulics.

Apply, stating age, experience, and copies of testimonials, to

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WHOLESALE CLOTHING FACTORY.

An experienced [illegible] MANAGER, fully qualified [illegible] required [illegible] X 1254, this office. G

ABSOLUTE Security Granted to Trustees in Positions of Trust by The [illegible] Assurance Corporation, Ltd. [illegible] T. N. and N. S. Smith, 45 Dame st., Dublin. T

AGENTS Wanted to Sell [illegible] Catalogues free.—[illegible] T